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Conn., make no extra charge
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Hotels, St. Louis, Mo.
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OUR NEW
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St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXIII. ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25, 1885. NO. 237.

THURSDAY

—AND—

FRIDAY!

THIS WEEK.

HERZOG BROS.

OFFER

THURSDAY

—AND—

FRIDAY,

THIS WEEK,

The Following Attractive and Stylish

NEW GOODS!

DRESS GOODS!

Novelties in Beiges	$ 15
New Cashmeres	37½c and 48
New Canvas Dress Goods	65c, $1, 1 50
Checked Tailoring Suiting	75c, 1 00
Tricotines	62½c and 65

High Novelties open now.

SILKS

Striped Silks and Satins	$ 35
Beautiful Brocaded Satins	75
Best Louisine Silks	1 00
Changeable Silks	68
All-Silk Merveilleux	1 25
All-Silk Merveilleux	85
All-Silk Merveilleux...98c and	1 20

KID GLOVES.

4-button Jouvin	65c; worth $1 00
4-button Real Kid	$1 00; worth 1 50
6-button Real Kid	1 25; worth 1 75
4-button Alexander	1 25; worth 1 50
6-button Alexander	1 50; worth 1 75
4-button Juliet	1 50; worth 1 75
6-button Juliet	1 75; worth 2 00
4-button Best Suede	1 25; worth 1 75
6-button Best Suede	1 75; worth 2 25

These Gloves gives grand satisfaction and fit most exquisitely.

FOSTER'S CELEBRATED
7-hook Gloves, guaranteed...$2 25
FOSTER'S CELEBRATED
7-hook Fowler Gloves 1 75
TREFOUSSE BEST.
4-buttons 2 25
6-buttons 2 75

Of these goods all in the new shades of Tan, Beige, Mandarin, and all the Staple Colors,

GREAT BARGAINS!

DRESSMAKING.

Perfect Fit Guaranteed! Beautiful Style!

Tailor-Made Spring Suits	$35
Triconette Suits	30
Combination Costumes	$35 and 40
Lace Costumes, very elegant!	

Silk Costumes, very elegant!

The best New York Styles on hand now.

HERZOG BROS.

411 NORTH FOURTH.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney

DRY GOODS COMPANY.

FIRST GRAND EXHIBITION

THIS SEASON

Which, for VARIETY, BEAUTY, TASTE, STYLE and EXTREME LOW PRICES, having proven, as was asserted in advance it would do, an event of

UNIVERSAL INTEREST,

We shall, by way of Enabling Every One to See the

Handsomest Display of Dry Goods

Ever Made in St. Louis, Continue the Same To-Morrow and

THROUGHOUT THE WEEK!

Everybody CORDIALLY INVITED to Visit us on This Occasion, the

THIRTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY

—OF THE—

FOUNDING OF OUR BUSINESS!

M. THRET JR. & CO. 9th & Olive Sts. St. Louis, Mo.

ACME ROOF PAINT

FOR

Tin & Iron Roofs, Iron Columns, Fences, Etc.

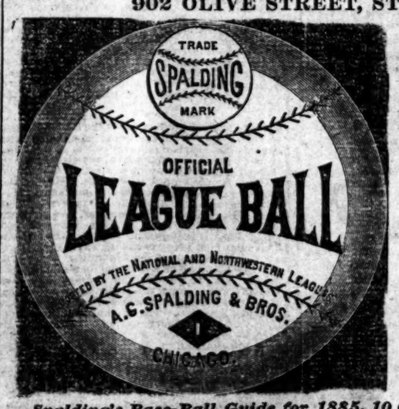
Fully warranted. Sold by the gallon or applied by the square. Estimates furnished.

Crossman's Specific Mixture.

With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price $1 a bottle.

JOHN MAGUIRE,
REAL ESTATE AGENT
No. 319 WALNUT ST., BET. 4TH AND 5TH.

C. J. CHAPIN ARMS CO.,
902 OLIVE STREET, ST. LOUIS.



Spalding's Base-Ball Guide for 1885, 10 Cents.

A FULL LINE
—OF—
Spalding's
—AND—
Reach's
Base-Ball
Goods!

400,000 CIGARS

AT AUCTION, THE BANKRUPT STOCK OF

J. I. MAYER & CO.,

Inclusive of Store Fixtures, will be sold at their old stand, corner Ninth and Olive streets, MONDAY, MARCH 30, 10 o'clock a. m., and continued until sold, in lots to suit purchasers. During this week the goods will be offered at private sale. Dealers are invited to call.

LATEST EDITION.

AFGHANISTAN.

The Gigantic Scheme Projected by the Wily Muscovite.

An Interesting Interview With Lieut.-Col. G. T. Pretyman of the British Artillery, Late Secretary to Gen. Roberts, and Now in America on Leave of Absence—Constantinople Russia's Objective Point, and India to be the Loot of the Afghans.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 25.—Lieut.-Col. G. T. Pretyman, of the British Royal Artillery, who took part in several engagements during the Afghanistan campaign of 1878-80, went with Gen. Roberts to Cabul, after the murder of Sir Louis Cavignari, and was military secretary to the General from 1881 until November, 1884, is visiting friends here, being absent on sick leave. In an interview he gave an interesting view of the present situation in Afghanistan and the changes of an outbreak of hostilities between England and Russia.

"Our Government," said he, "has been warned frequently by experts of the condition of things in Afghanistan for years. Our policy has been to induce Russia on toward the disputed territory. We have pursued a weak and vacillating course. We should have said to her, 'so far and no further,' and established a firm but courteous policy. Russia has been creeping on and on, year by year, towards its objective point, Herat. We must not let Russia put her foot into Afghanistan. It is of the most vital importance to us to keep her out. Should she get possession of Herat she has

THE KEY OF AFGHANISTAN.

The road from Herat to Cabul, the capital, is the best passable for wheeled artillery in Afghanistan. If she gets Herat, she will ultimately attempt to press on the capital, and while they are thus occupying the attention of our forces, a desperate attempt will be made by Russia to take Constantinople, which, in my opinion, is their objective point. If Russia could hold Afghanistan as a depot, she would incite the greedy Afghan tribes to invade India and plunder. The power that holds Herat has great political influence over both Afghanistan and India. You are aware that the present dispute is relative to the boundary between Afghanistan and Russia. Now, our government sent Sir Peter Lumsden, who knows all about the territory of the disputed boundary, to draw a line with the Russians, who purposely neglected to send their envoy to meet him. In the interval, Russia has been pushing on troops on the roads converging at Herat, from their depots at Merv and Saraaths, which places they took possession of in 1880, they have sent out posts to Panjdeh, on the Murghab River, and to the Zulfikar pass, on the main road from Saraaths to Herat, which runs along the Harie-Rud Valley. Our troops are at Quetta, which is fully 500 miles from Herat. Herat is only 302 miles from the Russian depot at Saraaths. I've no doubt that Sir Peter can make Herat impregnable until assistance arrives from Quetta, even if the worst comes to the worst. It would be a severe blow to our prestige in India should Russia get possession of Herat. On the other hand," he continued, "if Russia is beaten I think the Turcomans, whom she conquered by massacreing their women and children in 1881 by the thousands, will turn on Russia for revenge. Russia is merely holding the Turcomans down

BY FORCE OF ARMS.

We have allowed Russia to gain control of Persia, and they will undoubtedly assist her with supplies and transportation. We should have kept the Persians firm allies to help us in an emergency. In 1880 we had a large force at Candahar, which is 309 miles from Herat. The railroad was being constructed from that point in the direction of Candahar. We ought to have remained and made ourselves strong there, completing the railroad to that point, but the policy of the Liberal house government decided to withdraw the troops to Quetta, and even went so far as to tear up the railroad which had been built. The Indian Government commenced to relay the road in double quick time about eighteen months ago. When the railroad was taken up a great many virtually gave up Herat to Russia. Our policy almost invited her to come on. I do not think Russia is quite ready to take decided action, but when England and Russia do meet and the inevitable crisis does come it will be the greatest war that England has known since the days of Waterloo. One or the other must go; England or Russia must fall. If Russia should get possession of Afghanistan, she will persuade the Afghans the loot of India and they will fight for her. Nevertheless, I think it will be many years before Russia will be ready to invade India."

Colonel Pretyman talks entertainingly of the topography of the country and the characteristics of the inhabitants. The means of communication are, as a rule, very primitive, roads often following the more or less dry beds of mountain torrents, overhanging precipices, climbing up rugged passes often as much as 13,000 feet above the sea, or wading through seas of sand and dust. In the winter the climate about Cabul and Shuinee is tolerably severe and the passes are frequently blocked with snow.

"The people," he said, "are, as a rule, and especially about Cabul and Shuinee, Mohammedans. They are

A HIGH SPIRITED, WARLIKE RACE.

Every man is armed to the teeth. They are constantly fighting among themselves, the usual causes for quarrel being water (for irrigating purposes) and women. There are a great number of different tribes, the most peaceful of which is that known as the Shiizai tribe, and this is again divided into sections. Afghans generally are greedy of money and treacherous by nature. At the same time they have certain generous traits, especially as regards hospitality. Instances have been known where an Afghan has entertained right royally his bitterest foe, if the latter has sued for his protection and hospitality. So long as he remained as a guest he was safe, but after proceeding some distance on his journey his host would follow after him and try to kill him. They cherish blood feuds and take a life for a life without hesitation. All their villages are really small forts, more or less strong, according to size and importance. These are built as a rule of mud, which in that country hardens like concrete. The walls are in the very thick, impervious often to field artillery, and have commanding flanking towers at the angles—the form of the forts being more or less rectangular. Fruit trees and cultivation surround these villages, and immense wealth is shown by the inhabitants in leading water along great distances for the purpose of irrigating the crops."

LOADED DOWN WITH GIFTS.

The Farewell Performance of Herr Sonnenthal, the Austrian Actor.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, March 25.—The farewell performance of Herr Sonnenthal last night thronged the Thalia Theater. The testimonials of regard tendered to Herr Sonnenthal were remarkable. First the stage was fairly flooded with floral tributes of the most extensive as well as expensive sort, but Sonnenthal took in his hands only the simple laurel wreath. Then came a succession of gifts—first, a beautiful gold watch made expressly for him, the present of Heinrich Conried, with chain and locket attached. It is of the most modern American pattern with all the latest improvements. On one side is an inscription and monogram, and on the other a light-house in relief, with a large diamond as a light. Another watch, a lady's, the gift of Heinrich Conried to Sonnenthal's daughter, with the great actor's portrait inside; a large silver cup, twelve inches high, the token of Manager Amberg's respect, made by Tiffany; a large album set with sapphires, rubies, pearls and diamonds, the gift of the American Consul and others; another magnificent album from the Franz Dear Lodge, and a certificate of honorary membership. One of the prettiest trophies was a huge boat of flowers in the shape of the Brooklyn bridge. Another, a model boat with the names of the Ems and the Elbe, the two steamers he crossed by and returns. There were many minor gifts and numerous for description.

MANAGER AMBERG'S ADDRESS.

In the presence of the entire assembled stock company of the theater on the stage, Director Amberg said: "I was proud to be the first to welcome you on your appearance at this theater, and I regret to say that I am now compelled to bid you farewell. But I do not come to bid you a farewell, but rather to wish you a bon voyage home, and I know I but reecho the desire of the entire audience when I hope for your return among us at no distant day. The two weeks that you have been with us has been a lesson for me and my company."

To this brief speech Herr Sonnenthal replied as follows: "There is an old German proverb which says that when the heart is full the tongue is silent, and that proverb expresses the feeling of my heart at this moment. I thank you, I thank you all, cordially and sincerely. When I first came here I was filled with misgiving at having to appear before an audience accustomed to such great artists as you have among you, and who are known throughout the world, but on the first evening, before I was fifteen minutes on the stage, all my apprehensions had vanished, and I felt I had the fullest sympathy of my audience. I do not take the honor to myself you have extended to me as a personal compliment so much as a compliment to the Burg theater of Vienna, with which I have been so long associated. That theater is deserving of all honor and recognition, being the school of true art—true, because it is founded on nature. Once more I offer you my sincerest thanks, and hope, if God so wills, to return to you again a year hence."

THEN FOLLOWED TREMENDOUS CHEERS

from all parts of the house, and the curtain rose once more for Herr Sonnenthal to bow his last farewell. He will sail for home in the Ems at noon to-day. This short engagement of two weeks only has been a profitable one both to the actor and the theater. Sonnenthal's receipts were guaranteed in advance by a deposit at Vienna of 30,000 florins, about $15,000, and he was further assured of a share of the total receipts from the two extra performances above the twelve subscription nights, and from the matinees. The management also paid his passage and expenses out and back, and his entire hotel and other expenses during his stay in this city. The receipts on single nights have risen to over $2,500, and on no night have they been less than $2,000. The total receipts of the theater for the short season were $40,176.

KATE GIRARD.

The Career and Death of a Well-Known New York Actress.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, May 25.—The remains of Mrs. Kate Schuit, the actress, better known as Miss Kate Girard, during three days past have lain at the room of an undertaker at No. 335 Fourth avenue. They were taken to the "Little Church Around the Corner" yesterday, where Dr. Houghton conducted the funeral ceremonies. The remains were placed in the family vault at the Second Street Cemetery. Miss Girard had quiet

AN EVENTFUL HISTORY.

She did not appear on any metropolitan theater for some time past, having lived in retirement. When she made her first appearance Miss Girard attracted a great deal of attention on account of her extraordinary beauty, and when Messrs. Jarrett & Palmer leased Booth's Theater, and put a stock company into it, Miss Girard was one of the leading ladies, playing many parts in which she was pronounced unrivaled. George Fawcett Rowe also somed out a dramatist shortly afterward, and in 1877 he and Miss Girard were married. In pays written by Mr. Rowe, and afterwards produced in this city and elsewhere, Miss Girard did such good work that their success was in many instances due to her ability. The union between Mr. Rowe and Miss Girard was not lasting, and the result was a suit for divorce, instituted by the lady. After a ventilation of the domestic skeleton she was, in 1879, granted a divorce. Miss Girard's father was a Mr. Perrin, famous as a Washington Market butcher in the old days, and greatly feared by the "b'hoys" of his day on account of his muscular and emphatic disapproval of wrong doings. After her divorce she went to live with her father at South Norwalk, Conn., where he owned a summer resort and had retired to enjoy his old days. But the scurrilous tongue of scandal and rumor followed her thither, and one New York paper went so far as to publish some

GROSSLY LIBELOUS STORIES ABOUT HER.

The result was a visit by Mr. Perrin to the editor, and the former's sudden elevation to fame for giving the newspaper man a thrashing. Before Miss Girard's marriage, and after she left the Booth's Theater stock company, she was with Kate Claxton. At the time of the memorable Brooklyn theater fire in 1876 she was cast for the part of Marianne, the outcast, in "The Two Orphans." In the terrible excitement and frenzy of the people to escape from the building Miss Girard became wedged in the center of a jam that squeezed the life out of so many people. The restless and frantic human tide swept through the vestibule of the theater out into Washington street, carrying Miss Girard along with it. As it reached the sidewalk she became unable to keep her feet any longer and was thrown to the sidewalk. The people were crazed with fear. There seemed to be only one thing for them to do, and that was to go ahead, no matter what the obstacles, and under the rush and trampling of hundreds of feet, Miss Girard lay on the sidewalk unable to move, slowly

HAVING HER LIFE STAMPED OUT.

Some one recognized and tried to raise her, but she was insensible. With the help of another friend, however, she was lifted up and carried to a place of safety, when it was found that all the ribs on one side of her body were fractured. For a long time her life was despaired of, and only through her strong constitution and will was her restoration to health accomplished.

A RURAL FERD. WARD.

The Swindling Operations of Charles H. Howard of Batavia, N. Y.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

BATAVIA DEPOT, N. Y., March 25.—Charles H. Howard, who had been largely engaged in real estate speculations here, made an assignment a week ago. Though only about 35 years of age, he enjoyed the confidence of the community to an unusual degree. He was a partner in the firm of Howard & Co., coal and lumber dealers; had held important positions in the Loan and Building Association, and was Secretary of the Post Sewing Machine Company. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church and at one time superintendent of the Sunday-school. In his assignment he gave preferences for more than $12,000, but this did not begin to cover his indebtedness, which has been growing daily for a week past, and the developments have been such as to cause

GREAT ASTONISHMENT AND INDIGNATION

in the village. He has been borrowing money for the past few months from whoever he could obtain anything, giving notes of the firm of Howard & Co. to secure the money, which he used in his individual business, pledging as collateral mortgages on property which was already encumbered for its full value, and using trust and company funds to meet obligations that he incurred on his own responsibility. Some of his victims are poor people who placed their all in his hands, believing it more securely invested there than in the bank. Stories of the plans he adopted to secure funds put in the shade some of the operations of Ferdinand Ward. Howard's assets were comparatively nothing, he having turned over most of his property to secure debts before the assignment. Immediately after the assignment Mr. Howard went to Buffalo, where, it is said, he developed symptoms of insanity so rapidly that it was deemed advisable to place him under restraint, and, on the certificate of physicians, Judge Hammond committed him to the Insane Asylum. This happened just before the Sheriff was appointed to serve papers upon Howard in an action brought by some of his creditors, and caused much adverse criticism in Batavia, it being the general sentiment that he was placed in the asylum to

PREVENT HIS GOING TO PRISON.

but it is learned from authority that he is at the present time suffering from a disordered brain. Yesterday the firm of Howard & Co., the moneyed man of which is Major H. J. Glowacki, was obliged to make an assignment and Mr. Glowacki, as an individual, also assigned, the employes and his wife being the only preferred creditors. The firm did an extensive business, but Howard, unknown to his partner, has floated so much paper in the firm's name and so misappropriated the proceeds that the assignment was made necessary. The astonishing developments has created a great deal of excitement in Batavia.

RED DEVILS AT WORK.

Indians Making a Raid on the Winnebago Reservation.

PIERRE, D. T., March 24.—The Indians were at work on the Winnebago reservation last night. Shocks and buildings are being burned all along Cheappe in Creek, and the lives of the settlers are threatened. Maj. Givan has telegraphed to Pierre for aid. A sheriff's posse, well armed, has gone to the scene of trouble. Carpenter Binkley defended his house at the peril of his life and succeeded in driving the savages off temporarily, but will immediately have to leave. Trouble is brewing all over the reservation, Buffalo Ghost, Spirit in the Middle, and "Lame Knee" are the ring-leaders in the insurrection.

THE LINVILLE TRAGEDY.

An Atrocious Crime in a Wild Region of Pennsylvania.

Welsh Mountain Bandits Kill an Honest Farmer for a Paltry Sum—Later Details of the Terrible Affair—A Brave Sister's Danger.

LANCASTER, PA., March 25.—Your correspondent yesterday visited the scene of the Linville tragedy, brief particulars of which were published in the POST-DISPATCH. A wilder country can scarcely be found than the scene of the murder in the picturesque Pequea Valley, which stretches northward from the Pennsylvania railroad at the gap to the Welsh Mountain, on the north. The house is an unpretentious farm house, set in from the public road, and as isolated as can well be imagined. Overlooking the dwelling, though nearly two miles distant, are the Welsh mountains, on whose sides are the huts of as desperate and cunning a set of thieves as ever plagued a community. Here dwells Abe Buzzard, but the outrage is not attributed to him by those best informed in the matter. It was the work of those who were more familiar with the Linvilles and their affairs than Abe Buzzard or any of his gang could have been, and in some respects is not unlike the famous Clugstone mystery. Miss Emma Linville is about 45 years old, intelligent and prepossessing, who, with her bachelor brother, Edward P., lived in this secluded place, which they jointly inherited from their father.

THE MURDEROUS THIEVES,

as was afterward ascertained, effected an entrance by cutting through the front door and slipping the bolt. It was between 12 and 1 o'clock Monday morning when Miss Linville, hearing steps at her door, thought it was her brother who had come to call her, believing it to be morning, and said, "Yes, Edward, I'm awake." The next instant the light of a dark lantern flashed in her face, and she saw three masked men, one carrying a gun the others carrying revolvers. She cried loudly for help, and as her brother hearing her screams, rushed unarmed to her assistance, when one of the wretches deliberately raised his weapon and fired just as the rescuer was entering the door. The bullet struck Linville in the breast, glanced off, passed through the door and buried itself in the wall of an opposite room. In an instant there was a second flash, a second report and the brother fell prostrate, exclaiming, "Great God, I'm killed!"

"You're not! Shut up, shut up, shut up!" yelled the burly brute as he jumped on the prostrate body of the wounded man and tried to stamp out the little spark of life that was left. The sister was now assailed most violently, accompanied by

THREATS THAT MADE HER SHUDDER.

She was then compelled to direct them to the money, a paltry $75, in the family secretary. They secured the funds and departed, warning the Linvilles, under penalty of death, to make no outcry inside of ten minutes. No sooner had the bandits left the premises than Miss Linville ran to the nearest neighbor's, 300 yards away, alarmed the family and then returned to the side of her bleeding, dying brother. Physicians were quickly summoned and probed for the ball, but unsuccessfully, and late in the afternoon the wounded man was not permitted to speak, and it was believed he was dying. The outrage caused the greatest indignation and threats of lynching were made. Numbers of farmers formed themselves into bands of vigilantes and started for the mountains in the hope of getting on the track of the murderers, and yesterday a delegation of the best citizens of the township came to this city, and, with Col. B. Frank Eshleman, a prominent attorney, to present their claims, held a lengthy conference with the County Commissioners. The result was the formation of a plan which will rid the community of the bands of outlaws who have carried terror to the homes of the inhabitants of this usually peaceful valley.

A NEW STYLE OF FLATS.

Italians Inhabiting Filthy Apartments Under the River Dumps of New York.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, March 25.—Sanitary Policeman Edward J. Kennedy has found a new style of flat, to which the children of sunny Italy are very partial. They save rent by living in snug rooms under the dumps along the river front. Officer Kennedy, in an interesting report presented to the Board of Health yesterday, says that these Italians live in contentment in two chambers under the Canal street dump. Benches raised about a foot from the floor are covered with emaciated mattresses, and serve as beds. The floor is carpeted with three inches of nastiness, and two stagnant puddles fill the place with smells to which the visitor must become accustomed before he can really enjoy them. An ancient milk can performs the office of a stove, and as there is no outlet for the smoke persons of feeble constitution

FIND THE AIR OPPRESSIVE.

One of these desirable apartments is graced with an interesting assortment of rags, bottles, bones, old iron, tomato cans, etc., carelessly packed in barrels. Even the lords of the manor have not the hardihood to stir up the collection. Back of the rooms are beams of rubbish which Officer Kennedy thinks would fill twenty-five carts. Edward Basek is the foreman of the dump. Under the dump at Old Slip two swarthy Neapolitans inhabit a room eighteen feet long and thirteen wide. They lay on a heap of damp, dirty straw, and, like their Canal street comrades, cook the food in a milk-can stove. Bones, bits of fat and other refuse are thrown upon the floor. Between this attractive home and the eastern end of the pier are rags, scraps of paper and skins. The rags were drying on the timbers and yielded a fine strong odor. Foreman McClaren presides at this dump. Under the Market Street Dump, where W. H. Innes is foreman, live five Italians in happiness and filth. They sleep in a bunk four inches above the floor, and enjoy the salubrious perfume of putrid fish and chickens. From the old rags and bottles arises a smell strong enough to

TURN THE STOMACH OF A RHINOCEROS.

There are sleeping accommodations in a room ten feet square under the Jackson Street Dump, but six Italians assemble there in the daytime, warm themselves around the glowing mill-can, and sniff the bliss as wafted from decayed apples and old bones. Foreman James O'Neill does not molest them. Patrick Farley, foreman of the E. Seventeenth Street Dump, permits five Italians to live in a room eight feet square. In point of filth and bad smells this place is quite on a par with the others. Nine persons find shelter under the manure dump at the foot of E. Forty-sixth street, in a den twenty feet by eighteen. A foul liquid from the manure trickles down constantly on the heads of the tenants. This place is emphatically worse than any of the rest. There is no ventilation and the smells are simply overpowering. Acting Inspector Thomas Darcy is in charge. A pail filled with scraps of moldy bread and decomposed meat was found in the hovel at the foot of W. Twelfth street. Five Italians live there in a room eight feet by ten. There, as elsewhere, were cart-loads of old boots, tomato cans, bones, bottles, etc. The foreman is Thos. F. Boock. Wm. McKenna is foreman of the W. Nineteenth Street Dump, where reside, in dirt indescribable, five families, who bear no evidences that soap and water ever came near them. Two men live under the W. Thirty-seventh Street Dump, of which Daniel Cashman is foreman, and three at W. Forty-seventh street, where Thomas Dowd is in charge. To describe these places would be merely to repeat what has been said of the others. The Board of Health will call the attention of the Street Cleaning Commissioner to this state of affairs.

Texas Notes.

PILOT POINT, TEXAS, March 23.—A brick norther struck this place last night, making every one feel this morning as though they had been transferred in the night to some Northern clime in midwinter. Overcoats and red hot fires were in demand all day, notwithstanding the full bloom of the peach tree and the various other flowers in bloom would indicate a very different degree of temperature. This county (Denton) has suffered considerable from the past week's from extreme cold in extra horses and cattle; one man alone near this town has fifteen head of cattle. The Prohibition movement is alive and at work here. It was voted upon last Saturday and the first precinct, including the town of Denton, carried in favor of, and the second precinct, including the place, voted against Prohibition by a small majority.

THE CITY CONVENTION.

Library Hall Packed to Suffocation With Toiling Democrats.

The Mayoralty Result in Doubt, but Noonan in the Lead.

J. G. Prather Made Temporary Chairman of the Gathering.

The Noonan Men Capture the Other Places in the Temporary Organization—Attempted Coalition Between Rainwater and Parks—The Hottest Fight Ever Seen Among the City Democracy—Convention Scenes, Incidents and Gossip.

The necessity for caucussing was so great that very few of the delegates to the Democratic City Convention had appeared in the vicinity of Mercantile Library Hall up to 10 o'clock this morning, although that was the hour fixed for the opening of the convention. The very close vote of Rainwater and Noonan had the effect of rendering both forces very apprehensive and wary, and they considered all the possibilities long and well before visiting the hall. The Rainwater delegates met at Hotel Barnum, and after canvassing the reports from the various wards long enough to ascertain that the estimates of the relative candidates as they appeared in the morning papers were inaccurate, they wasted no further time on that subject. A resolution was offered by one of the delegates to the effect that if the Rainwater men found they could not nominate their candidate after several ballots, they be at liberty to change as they might see fit. This provoked a stormy protest, and by an almost unanimous vote it was resolved that the Rainwater men should stand as a solid phalanx, till at some subsequent meeting they might agree on a different course. A committee was appointed to wait upon the Parks men and endeavor to perfect some arrangement for an offensive and defensive alliance might not be made, and the committee was authorized to offer the Parks men the privilege of naming the temporary organization, if they saw fit to exercise it, providing the Rainwater men be accorded the permanent officers. The chief anxiety manifested was as to the probable course of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Ward delegations after they determined to change from Parks. The report was circulated that the Eighteenth Ward Parks delegation had been arranged at the Jefferson City conference between Governor Marmaduke and Commissioner Blair and that each delegate was pledged to hold out against Rainwater till the crack of doom if necessary, but nothing developed to prove that this report had any real foundation in fact. During the discussion it developed, too, that, although John H. Maxon had given it to be understood that he was a Rainwater man, his street car employes in the Fifteenth and Eighteenth Wards had been voted solidly for Noonan, as had the employes of the railway that Charles Green controls.

A delegate from the Eighth Ward reported that the delegation from that ward, which had been generally set down as a Noonan delegation, was for Rainwater, first, last and all the time, which announcement was warmly welcomed.

Information reached the caucus that it was the intention of the Noonan men to contest the First, Twelfth and possibly some other wards, with the purpose of crippling the Rainwater vote in the convention, it being a rule of procedure that the contested delegation shall be allowed to vote till the contest is disposed of. It was agreed that

IF THIS PLAN WERE RESORTED TO

by the enemy it would have to be met with the same tactics, and that the contests could not be all on one side. Inasmuch as the Noonan men, controlled more wards than the Rainwater men however, they would necessarily preponderate in the Committee on Credentials, and when this plan of battle was considered with some alarm.

After agreeing upon members for the committee, on credentials and permanent organization the caucus adjourned and the delegates walked over to Mercantile Library Hall.

Meanwhile the Noonan men had also been in caucus. In fact, some of the leaders of the movement were in caucus most of the night. They agreed upon a very similar plan of action, one feature of which was, to make a test of the First and Twenty-second Ward delegations. In their estimate of strength they gave Noonan somewhere between sixty-five and seventy votes on the first ballot. Terms of compromise to be offered the Parks men were also agreed on, and about 11 o'clock they, too, adjourned, and proceeded to the convention hall, headed by Mr. R. S. McDonald, who has been treasurer and general director of the Rainwater movement.

The Parks men had a caucus in which they heard propositions from both of the opposing forces. The proposition of the Rainwater men to make Col. J. G. Prather permanent chairman found no favor with them, and a proposition by the Noonan men to make John H. Overall, one of the Parks delegation from the Eighteenth Ward, permanent chairman was accepted, which was first knock-down for the Noonan men, inasmuch as it to that extent effected a combination with the Parks forces.

The sidewalks in the vicinity of Mercantile Library Hall were densely crowded with delegates by 11 o'clock—in fact, the entire block on the west side of Broadway, between Olive and Locust was impassable, and although there was a constant throng moving up into the hall, it did not seem to reduce the crowd below in the slightest, until about a quarter past eleven, when there was a great surge up the stairs and the hall was soon a solid mass of humanity.

Everybody wore an anxious look and everybody was disposed to whisper softly whatever remarks he might have to say. It was an intensely mysterious multitude and the managers of the various booms constituted about fifty of the busiest men in the world. The Noonan contingent appeared altogether the most confident, the Parks men the most placid and the Rainwater men the most anxious. The prospective deadlock as to the

HEAD OF THE TICKET

made this a splendid occasion for trading on minor offices, and managers were kept very busy listening to propositions of so many minority votes for so many marshalship votes, or collectorship votes, or something of that sort.

The impression was to be frequently heard from both Parks and Rainwater men in the crowd that it would "never do to nominate Noonan," and it was nearly always followed by a dark-horse suggestion. Through discussions of this sort a very decided boom was worked up in behalf of D. R. Francis, whom some of his friends urged for permanent chairman as a first step to the nomination.

Freeman Barnum, Grit Prather, Seth Cobb, Frank Ryan, Joe Temple, James Bannerman and several other prominent adherents of Rainwater, put their silk hats together at brief intervals, at one corner of the platform, and discussed earnestly some quest on of generalship, which was always followed by a dispersal and a lot of active hustling.

Bob MacDonald, Bob Goode, Wm. C. Jones, and three or four other warriors of the Noonan army indulged in sudden caucuses

OF A LIKE CHARACTER

at the middle of the stage at intervals and generally wound them up, with a chuckle or joke, indicative of a sanguine state of mind.

Given Campbell occupied a commanding position at the back of the stage, wearing a look that was grand, gloomy and peculiar, and suggesting that he was seeking the men that put up that bogus delegation in the Fifteen Ward.

John Carroll of the Twelfth was present, wearing a patch beside his eye which testified to his fidelity to his cause amid all the Twelfth Ward troubles of yesterday.

All the Democratic veterans of twenty-five years ago who were still able to walk were present, and the aspect of the crowd suggested that there had been a roll-call of all the Democratic hosts who have done ward work here in the last quarter of a century, and that there was a general response of "here."

By 11:30 the crowd began to grow restless, and by stamping and shouting indicated its disposition to proceed to business, but Mr. Keevil, Chairman of the Central Committee, whose duty it was to call the convention to order and name temporary officers, was still absent, and it was announced that the Central Committee was still over at its headquarters, wrestling with the credentials of the various delegations, all of which must pass through the committee's hands.

It was about this time that the additional item of interesting news transpired, and was passed quickly through the hall, that the Parks and Noonan men had agreed upon A. A. Paxson for permanent secretary, thus giving the Noonan men a strong pull on the convention.

At last Mr. Harry Keevil pushed through the crowd and took his place at the chairman's desk, his appearance was received with cheers. He called the convention to order, and after reading the list of nominations to be made, called upon

J. G. PRATHER

to act as temporary chairman. Col. Prather was soon found and led to the front. He thanked the convention for the honor conferred, pledged himself to an impartial discharge of the duties, in so far as his experience might allow him to perform them, congratulated the Democracy upon the splendid national victory which was recently achieved, declared that it augured victory in the city provided a good ticket were put up, and asked the indulgence and assistance of the Delegates. [Cheers.] Nominations for Temporary Secretary were called for, and Mr. James Murrin was selected without opposition. Mr. Murrin is a Parks man. For Sergeant at Arms Thos. Waud, the father of the Noonan movement, was selected, which was quite a triumph for the Noonan men, as the sergeant-at-arms has a deal to do with controlling the lobby and the claquers, as well as in restricting somewhat the work of log rolling on the part of the opposition. Mr. Waud was authorized to name four assistants, and he chose: Fred. Young of the Twenty-third Ward, John McCarthy of the Twenty-eighth, Philip Brown of the Eighteenth, and John Lourant of the Eleventh.

The work of seating the delegates in order, and of clearing the aisles and lobby was now entered upon, and as the crowd has grown very dense up around the platform, and were indisposed to move, the task was one of large proportions.

When this work was accomplished Mr. R. W. Goode moved that the wards be called, and that each delegation name its member for the Committee on Permanent Organization and the Committee on Credentials.

The motion carried, and as the secretary read the list of delegates found to be elected from each ward, the chairman of the delegation so named announced the committeemen of the ward as follows:

THE COMMITTEES.	
Ward. Credentials.	Permanent Organization.
1—E. E. Davenport	W. H. Martin
2—W. C. Jones	J. E. Haggerty.
3—E. E. Guion	Ed. Devine
4—C. W. Oam	Jos. Furtig
5—Wm. Schrader	John Heidecker
6—E. S. McDonald	Dan Myers
7—Herman Smeder	J. P. Hellebeier
8—C. J. P Cash	F. X. Zimmermann
9—C. R. Walsh	T. P. Culkin
10—P. O'Donnell	C. J. Maffitt
11—R. W. Goo de	J. L. Rhinehart
12—Thos. J. Finnegan	Thos. Hennessy
13—J. F. McHose	Peter Stenz
14—Chas. Donono	Thos Ward
15—J. G. Frat her	Wm. Decker
16—John Nyhoff	Jas. Sweeney
17—D. Linanan	P. J. Curran
18—Thos. A. Russell	Hy. Ameling
19—Paul H. Sherman	John A. Lynch
20—John Engan	Ed. White
21—Chas. H. Agnew	J. J. Ganan
22—Thomas J. Walsh	Joan McAuley
23—Fred Young	W. Hafner
24—Louis Lallemand	Dan Clock
25—Patrick Kearney	Theo. Schoenen
26—T. B. Bea	Jas. Wagstaff
27—Jas. L. Carlisle	E. C. Buchanan
28—Henry Flood	Jas. S. Downing

After the committees were appointed Mr. John O'Meara moved that those bodies be ordered to retire immediately and get to business. Seconded.

Some discussion followed as to the duties of the two committees, in which Mr. O'Meara and Mr. R. W. Goode participated. The committees withdrew and on motion the convention adjourned until 2 o'clock.

The Contests.

The Credentials Committee met immediately after the convention took a recess, and closed its doors against everybody. It organized by electing Wm. L. Jones chairman, which was claimed as a big point gained by the Noonan men, and Thos. P. Culkin secretary. Mr. Culkin is a Rainwater man.

The Noonan men protested against admitting the First Ward, Twenty-second Ward and Twenty-sixth Ward delegations. The Parks-Brown men responded with a notice of contest against the Noonan delegation from the Fourth Ward, and the Rainwater men gave notice of contest against the Third Ward Noonan Delegation.

The Committee proceeded to a hearing of these contests, testimony being submitted orally and by affidavit.

The First Ward contest was based on the fact that the judges of election refused to count the ballots cast for the Noonan-Brown-Parks delegation, for the reason that the delegation failed to pay its assessment, which the Central Committee named as a condition precedent to a count.

The Third Ward contest was based on the fact that one of the polls was established at a place different from that which was advertised, and that a large number of East St. Louisans were imported and voted by the Noonan men.

In reference to the Fourth Ward contest an affidavit by one James Kelly was handed the Committee on Credentials, which states in substance that he was the only representative of the Brown-Parks combination, while there were four representatives of the Noonan men. He also stated that after the first few ballots were cast the judges stopped enumerating them, and that after the polls were closed and the doors locked one of the Noonan judges broke open the ballot-box with a hatchet and another threw in a handful of votes. Finding upon count, however, that Noonan was short about one hundred votes, another of the judges added a handful to the pile, and thus the ward was carried for Noonan. The parties named as perpetrating this fraud are Hugh Gorham, Charles Curry and W. H. Boyse. It was stated as a significant fact that over five hundred votes were reported as cast, although the polls were open but three hundred and sixty minutes. Arrests were threatened in the convention growing out of this matter. The Twenty-second Ward contest was based on the allegation that a large number of Noonan ballots were rejected because the voters referred to swear that they had previously voted the Democratic ticket and did not continue to do so in the future. It is claimed that the ballots thus thrown out would have been enough to overcome the majority by which the Rainwater delegation trumpeted.

The Twenty-sixth Ward contest was based on other irregularities at the pools, by which, it is claimed, the Noonan cause unjustly suffered.

A SENSATION OPENS THE AFTERNOON SESSION.

It was a little after 2 o'clock, and the hall had again filled up, when news came from the Credentials Committee that it had decided to throw out the Noonan de egation from the Fourth Ward, on the ground of the fraud alleged in the Kelly affidavit, and to admit the Parks-Brown delegation. This announcement was received with cheers by the contesting crowd and hisses by the others, who refused to accept the report as true. A great mob blocked up the way to the committee room and the one or two members who made their way out through it, declined to state whether the report was true or not. It gained very general credence, however.

It leaked out within a short time that the Rainwater and Parks members of the Credentials Committee had tacitly combined on all matters pertaining to credentials, and if this combination can be carried out on the floor of the convention, it will have the effect of ruining Noonan's chances, whether it nominates either of the other two or not.

At twenty minutes past two the convention was again called to order, and Judge William C. Jones, from the Committee on Credentials, came in and asked for time until half-past three, owing to a contest which had not yet been settled.

"What ward?" was called out by a number of voices.

"That makes no difference," said Judge Jones.

"It does make a difference," cried out several delegates. "We only want an hour."

"I move the committee be given an hour," cried a delegate. This was seconded and put, and a storm of noes followed that side of the question. A vote of the wards was taken, and the result showed 134 for granting the hour and thirty-eight against. A recess was then taken until 3:30 o'clock.

Permanent Organization.

The Committee on Permanent Organization has decided to report as follows: For Permanent Chairman, John H. Overall; Permanent Secretary, A. A. Paxson; Assistant Secretaries, T. A. Rice, James Murrin and Morrison Renshaw; Reading Clerk, Thomas P. Culkin. Overall gets the place by virtue of the agreement between the Noonan and Parks men this morning.

Convention Chat.

Dick Dowling, the oldest Democrat in Missouri, occupied a seat on the platform.

Wm. C. Jones, one of the most active supporters of Judge Noonan, having been shut out in the Fifteenth Ward, appeared in the Second Ward delegation as a proxy.

There being no rule against smoking, nearly half the delegates indulged in that luxury, and when the Convention had been sitting half an hour the cloud of tobacco smoke was so dense as to render it impossible to identify a person half-way across the hall. This condition of affairs provoked a perfect storm of coughing, which considerably interfered with business.

The personal animosity manifested by the supporters of the several Mayoralty candidates toward each other has seldom had a precedent in a local convention. The convention was constantly in danger of an explosion, which would certainly be attended by ugly consequences.

Ed Butler, from a prominent position on the platform, called out to Sergeant-at-Arms Waud, just after the latter's election: "Why don't you appoint me one of your assistants, Tom?" Waud glanced up at him and said: "You and I can't be on the same floor to-day. Your place will be out there in the lobby."

A whole stable full of dark horses were stamping about the rear portion of the Convention Hall.

Mr. R. W. Goode's silk hat was exploded by a brother delegate, who didn't know the seat was loaded.

Mr. John H. Maxon and Mr. Ed Butler excited a great deal of uneasiness by spending over a quarter of an hour passing the most occult whispers to each other. Mr. Maxson seemed to plead, Mr. Butler to refuse. Then Mr. Maxon became even more earnest, and Mr. Butler's face relaxed. Some kind of an agreement was reached, and the two parted smiling.

A Lewis caucus was held this morning at which, it is said, thirty delegates were in attendance.

The fine tenor voice of Mr. William C. Jones seemed to have tears in it, when he spoke to-day.

Ed Butler said it would not surprise him to see a dark horse nominated. Following this statement Mr. D. R. Francis and Mr. John H. Maxon were seen in the most earnest converse.

"I don't think that there is any chance for a dark horse," said Mr. Maxon, "because it is going to be either Noonan or Rainwater, but if there is a dark horse I believe it will be D. R. Francis."

It is generally believed that for straight out, high art, sleight of hand work, the election judges in the Fourth Ward could give Hermann, the prestidigitateur, some valuable points.

Mr. John H. Pohlman was an interested spectator of the proceedings to-day. Mr. P. says that he is going to have a contention of his own in a day or two, and he wants to learn how to do it.

John E. Hagerty was one of the most conspicuous men in the convention, and was the recipient of numerous congratulations from the Noonan men on his surprising work in carrying the Second Ward by such a decided majority. "Yes, and we didn't use a dollar of any money but our own to carry it," said John. "Why, when I wanted $18 to pay the assessments of our dee,ation, I came down town to Bob McDonad's office to get the money, and what did I find? Why, Bob told me that they were completely out of money, and that they lacked $75 of having enough to pay Noonan's assessment to the City Central Committee. He said that several parties who promised to put up for Noonan had gone back on him, and they did not know where any further funds were to come from. I asked him to hand me his checkbook. He did so, and after scratching off the name of his bank, and submitted the name of the one I do business with, I wrote my check for $100 and gave it to him. I told him I wouldn't see Noonan in need of money to pay his assessment. Then I went back to the ward and we raised among us what money we needed to pay the expenses of the fight. You bet, I'm a Noonan man, and any man that says that I tried to sell out the ward or the Parks men is a liar."

It was mentioned as a significant fact that nearly all the members named by the Noonan wards for the Credentials Committees were gentlemen who had not been elected to seats in the delegations, but came in on privileges.

The following was the revised estimate of the certain Rainwater vote as agreed upon in the caucus at Hotel Barnum this morning: First Ward, 7 votes; Eighth Ward, 4 votes; Ninth Ward, 5 votes; Eleventh Ward, 8 votes; Twelfth Ward, 12 votes; Fifteenth Ward, 7 votes; Twenty-eth Ward, 7 votes; Twenty-first Ward, 3 votes; Twenty-second Ward, 3 votes; Twenty-fourth Ward, 4 votes; Twenty-fifth Ward, 1 vote; Twenty-sixth Ward, 2 votes; Twenty-eighth Ward, 6 votes. Total, 66.

Contrary to general expectation, there was but two fights during the noon recess. The first of these was between a Brown man and a Noonan man, in which the Brown man was whipped in about half a round; the second was between the houses of Parks and Rainwater, in which nothing but worse than very bad language was exchanged. A proposition to get up a match between the two victors fell through.

During the noon recess a crowd never numbering less than three or four hundred clustered about the Library door, and the adjacent saloons, where a rousing business was done. The representatives of the different candidates were hard at work and the campaign funds suffered about as severely as during any hour the past six weeks.

H. Clay Sexton ended his campaign at ten minutes to two, and left the field, thoroughly convinced that he was to be the nominee for Collector.

Mr. Curry, one of the gentlemen in the Fourth Ward polling-room when the ballot-box was upset by the Noonan judge, remarked in conclave at noon to-day with a critic; no damage was done.

The crowd on the streets seems to believe that Noonan has captured both committees.

"Way don't you folks nominate Rainwater at once? that's what you are doing," exclaimed a pavement orator to a Noonan audience.

The convention hall was packed full by a quarter to two, and it was evident that some of the delegates had taken advantage of the noon recess to make them quarrelsome and argumentative. There were two or three rather riotous demonstrations about 2 o'clock in different parts of the hall.

The Rainwater men had but eleven representatives on the sub-committee on credentials, which number in a body of twenty-eight, placed them at a disadvantage.

While the Credentials Committee was in session, the Fourth Ward crowd gathered out outside the door, and fought last night's battles over again with as much venom and profanity as though they were on the public street. Both factions seemed to be bent on mischief and trouble was promised, but, ever way, the committee migt report. One of the judges of election whose integrity was called into question by Kelly's affidavit was Charles Carry, the young man who killed Prettyman, the father of his sweetheart, on Pine street, a few years ago. On the way to the hall this morning he met Murphy, one of the Parks Delegates, and on Murpay calling him a thief, he knocked the allegator down. To watch and listen to the surgeon, for five minutes as they discussed their differences, was calculated to fill a peaceable citizen with abhorrence of Fourth Ward primaries and primary workers.

ON THE RAGGED EDGE.

The Republicans in the Illinois Legislature Fail to Force a Vote.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., March 25.—All of the morning session of the Senate was used up in a petty fight over a committee report. The Judiciary Committee reported unfavorably on Ray's Criminal Code bills, and Ray introduced a minority report favoring the passage of the bills, which was signed by a large majority of the committee, including nearly all of the Republicans and Democrats except Duncan and Merritt, who conducted the fight. It kept out all other business and was ended by making the report a special order for Thursday. The House passed the time in advancing bills. A few unimportant ones were passed.

THE JOINT SESSION.

When the joint session convened, the Democrats cleared out and only a few remained in their seats. The story went around that the Republicans were about to force the fight and claim Logan elected, and Streater was kept out of the hall for fear he would make a quorum by keeping his agreement to vote every day. Cantwell was also an object of solicitude because of the vote he cast yesterday. Fowler was absent, and the Republicans had only 101 votes. Sittig read an explanatory speech, saying that he has been annoyed by misrepresentations which have been spread about, giving the impression that he could have elected Logan by voting for him. "For a limited time," he said, "I will vote alternately for Washburne and Logan."

He cast his vote for Logan on the first ballot. MacGillan was in his seat and did not vote. The remainder of the hundred Republicans voted for Logan. Carthy voted for Logan on the second ballot. The result was 101 for Logan. The balloting was then discontinued.

The Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were issued today: Joseph Jackson, Cheltenham, to Mrs. Annie Martin, Cheltenham; James Sheridan, St. Louis, to Ellen Enright, St. Louis; Charles H. Grube, Robinson, Ill., to Mrs. Kate Whitaker, 1402 N. Grand avenue; Edward A. Warner, 1120 N. Eighteenth street, to Jennie Grant, 3146 Brantner place; Henry Ropadt, 4132 S. Broadway, to Mrs. Annie Baker, 4132 S. Broadway; William Krugesmann, 1351 S. Broadway, to Louise Stroh meyer, 1230 Merchant street; Jacob Tuscher, Macoupin County, Ill., to Agnes Meinecke, Gillespie; William A. Bonsack, 1821 Hickory street, to Louise C. Ringen, 1908 Rutger street; William J. Brown, Venice, Ill., to Alice A. Moore, Madison County, Ill.; Lucas avenue; Charles E. L. Fermer, Shelby County, Mo., to Matilda Rabey, Shelby County; Samuel Hutchinson, 1216½ Morgan, to Jane Price, 97 N. Eleventh; William Poulnan, Tower Grove, to Lizzie Dauhleim, 2826 Wash street; Wm. K. Kealy, 1402 Poplar street, to Annie Siebrecht, 1402 Poplar street.

ENGLAND'S ULTIMATUM.

The Russo-Afghan Question Reaches a Crisis.

Gladstone Demands the Immediate Delimitation of the Afghan Frontier.

Indian Army Officers Ordered to Return to Their Regiments.

Report in London of a Proposed Turkish-Russian Alliance—Twenty-Five Thousand Militia Called Out in London—Russia Said to Have Refused the English Proposals—Excitement on the London Stock Exchange—Movements of the British in the Soudan—Foreign News.

BOSTON, March 25.—The Herald prints the following cable dispatch received in Boston from a reliable source, which says: "There is great excitement in London. It is reported that 25,000 militia have been called out. Rumors are thick that Russia has rejected the English proposals."

A TURCO-RUSSIAN ALLIANCE.

LONDON, March 25.—There is excitement here over reports from Constantinople to the effect that the Porte has asked the advice of Bismarck in regard to a Turco-Russian alliance against England.

AN IMPORTANT CONFERENCE.

Earl Granville to-day sent for the Turkish Ambassador and Hassan Fehmi Pasha, the special Envoy of the Sultan, and had an interview with them. It is rumored that the interview was owing to a report from Constantinople of a Russo-Turkish alliance against England.

THE TENSION BETWEEN ENGLAND AND RUSSIA.

The tension between Russia and England over the Afghan frontier question has increased. The stock market is excited. British consols are ⅛ and Russian securities 1 per cent lower than at the close last evening.

THE CABINET'S DECISION.

The Cabinet held a special session this afternoon on the Afghan difficulty and resolved to firmly demand of Russia that she commence forthwith the work of delimitating the Afghan frontier, in accordance with the understanding under which Sir Peter Lumsden and the British surveying party passed so many months in the Ameer's dominions. All the officers belonging to the British Indian army, and now in Europe on furlough, have been ordered to immediately rejoin their respective regiments.

DISCUSSED IN THE COMMONS.

The Earl of Kimberly, the British Secretary of State for India, in the House of Commons this evening, in answer to a question, stated that he had, on behalf of the Government, informed a deputation that the Government decided not to annex Upper Burmah to the Queen's Indian Empire. He added that her Majesty's Indian affairs at present rendered it necessary for the Government to exercise great prudence in engaging in any enterprises beyond the frontier of India. Earl Dufferin, the present Indian Viceroy, had been instructed to endeavor to improve the British relations with the Burmese. Sir Charles Dilke, president of the local government board, answered for the Government a question by Sir Stafford Northcote, and said that the Government had not to-day received any news from Russia concerning the pending negotiations in regard to the Afghan boundary dispute.

England.

BENDIGO WINS THE HANDICAP.

LONDON, March 25.—This was the third and last day of the Lincoln spring meeting. The Lincolnshire handicap race, for 1,000 sovereigns for three-year-olds and upwards, was won by H. S. Barclay's Bendigo.

MINISTER LOWELL ON HIS SUCCESSOR.

The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon publishes an interesting interview with Minister Lowell in regard to the appointment of Mr. Phelps as his successor. Mr. Lowell said that President Cleveland was the last man who would make an inconsiderate appointment, especially to such a high office as that of Minister to the Court of St. James. Continuing, Mr. Lowell said, "Mr. Phelps is a gentleman of high character, marked independence, most agreeable in his manners, and has fine social qualities. A change was unavoidable owing to the ascendency of a new party to power. Both countries are to be congratulated on Mr. Cleveland's wisdom as shown in the selection of Mr. Phelps as my successor."

The Soudan.

WORK OF THE BALLOON CORPS.

SUAKIM, March 25.—General Graham has moved his headquarters to a camp two miles nearer Tamai. A convoy of Indian troops went this morning to McNeill's zareba on the Tamai road. This convoy acted as an escort for the balloon corps. Arrived at the zereba the baloon corps immediately set to work taking observations. A captain balloon sent up from the zereba remained up several hours. The observers descended with information concerning the positions and movements of Osman Digna's men. The morning work shows the balloon corps to be invaluable in the work of assisting Graham to make his forward movements. The Grenadier Guards have gone to eHasheen to escort the Surry regiment back to Suakim.

STOOD THE FIRE WELL.

LONDON, March 25.—Graham has telegraphed to the Government that the guards and marines showed great steadiness under fire during the harassing engagements of yesterday. The cavalry also behaved well.

THE GENERAL ADVANCE.

The British camps were not disturbed last night. Skirmishers have been sent out on the way to Tamai. The general advance which was to have been made on Sunday last will, it is thought, take place to-morrow.

ENTERED THE SULTAN'S SERVICE.

CAIRO, March 25.—Two Soudan sheiks have gone to Constantinople to enter the service of the Sultan.

REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES.

The Grand Republicans Selecting Delegates to To-Morrow's Convention.

The Republican primaries called by the Grund Committee were begun in all the wards in the city at 2 o'clock this afternoon, and the polls will close at 8 p. m. The excitement is not near so great as that caused by yesterday's battle, as the Republican ticket is largely a cut and dried one. It is settled that Ewing is the only candidate for Mayor, and he will be nominated with a hurrah. The hardest fight is between Hudson and Ziegenheim for the collectorship, the results up to going to press seeming to favor the former. In this convention Mr. Hudson's friends emphatically deny that he favored any combination with Jake Merrett, Nick Berg or anybody else, as was hinted yesterday.

The prognostications about the ticket given in yesterdays POST-DISPATCH, hold good to-day. The convention to nominate the Republican city ticket will meet at Central Turner Hall at 10 a. m. to-morrow.

Port Huron's Blaze.

DETROIT, MICH., March 25.—The Journal's Port Huron, Mich., special says: "At 1 o'clock the building occupied by the Sunday Commercial, the Princess Rink and a restaurant was destroyed by fire. The fire originated in the rink. The firemen were delayed by frozen hydrants, and the building will be a total loss. The loss on the building is $10,000; no insurance. The printing office's loss is $6,000; partly insured.

PLAIN GENTLEMEN.

The Aversion of Secretary Lamar and Mr. Garland to Society.

How the Attorney-General's Mother Received the Fashionable Ladies of Washington—Rich Men Aching for Diplomatic Appointments—Governor Curtin and ex-Congressman Hopkins.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23.—Messrs. Garland and Lamar are the two quiet members of the new Cabinet. Neither of them will do anything in the way of entertaining. Garland has a positive dislike to going out in society, and refuses nearly every invitation sent him. He is occasionally coaxed out to a gentleman's dinner, but beyond that he is never seen any where. He will not consent to change his quiet method of life since he has become Attorney-General. His mother, Mrs. Hubbard, is as plain and old-fashioned as her son. Last Wednesday (which is the day when the families of the Cabinet officials receive) a number of fashionable ladies called at Mr. Garland's plain house upon Massachusetts avenue. Instead of being received by a servant at the door, Mrs. Hubbard came herself. She was very dignified and self-possessed. She showed the ladies into the parlor and sat down and talked with them in the most matter of fact way. She seemed to have a good knowledge of the politics of Washington, and was more familiar with the public men than with mere social affairs. Every time there was a ring at the bell she would excuse herself and go to the door to admit new callers. After a time a bright-faced old colored woman came up from down stairs and said, "Mrs. Hubbard, I will attend door now for a while." All of the ladies who called were very much pleased. They found as much pleasure in their call at this house, and perhaps more, than they did in the houses where they were received with more ceremony.

* * *

Mr. Lamar is perhaps fonder of general society than Mr. Garland, but he is equally quiet and simple in his tastes. He takes no pleasure in a public reception. He likes little dinner parties and a limited circle of congenial friends. He has great dignity and self-possession, but has no small change in the way of light conversation. He therefore finds the society of strangers rather irksome. I do not believe that he will attempt to set up any establishment here, at least for a year or so. His daughter, who is here is a young Miss just out of school and her father does not desire to pinupon her the burden of taking charge of a social establishment.

* * *

A number of the candidates for foreign missions here dwell on the importance of their having large fortunes for the purpose of enabling them to maintain the legations socially. These gentlemen insist upon the declaration that lavish entertaining is absolutely required with our representatives abroad if we desire to maintain any kind of social footing. There does not seem to be much ground for this. None of the diplomatic people here in Washington entertain to any great extent. It is the rare exception where the foreigners here give a dinner or reception. The only two members of the foreign body here who entertain regularly are the French and Russian Ministers. The English Minister has a regular fund for entertaining. His income is as large as that of the President of the United States. The Russian Minister has also had a sum given him for entertaining. He has given a few dinners. With the exception of a few dinners none of the other European Ministers have done anything in the way of entertaining this winter. The Japanese Minister gave one reception during the winter.

* * *

A gentleman who has been connected with the French Legation for a number of years said that our Ministers abroad could entertain on a simple scale and satisfy everybody. He held that it was not necessary to spend great sums upon elaborate receptions. He said if a Minister has a good house and throws it open once a week, he need give nothing at these evening receptions beyond a cup of tea or an ice, or some simple thing. In other words there was no need in expending extravagant sums upon evening receptions, as is desired by many one. He said that the American people who go abroad are principally anxious to meet distinguished foreigners. The minister who affords them this opportunity through his weekly receptions, will very be popular. It is said here that William Waldorf Astor has made himself very unpopular with the Americans in Rome. He gave two receptions last winter, one to the Diplomatic and prominent officials of Rome, and the next one was to Americans only to Americans in Rome. The Americans cared nothing about meeting each other and were very anxious to meet the diplomates. It is also said that the foreigners were not averse to meeting the leading Americans who were there. They call the two receptions the separation of the sheep from the goats.

* * *

The two leading candidates for the Italian Mission are William Henry Hurlburt and ex-Congressman Hopkins of Pennsylvania. Hopkins is a tall, thin, narrow-chested individual who always wears a pair of eye glasses closely set up against his black nearsighted eyes. His nose is straight. Underneath this nose is a small greyish black mustache. The lower part of his sharp hatchet face is smooth shaven. He is a fairly good speaker, and has some property. He is gone at the work of producing an impression upon the State department in a very peculiar way. One of the most eccentric forms of demonstrating his merits was the sending up of a workingmen's delegation from Pittsburg to ask for his appointment. Just where the workingmen will receive any advantage, for Mr. Hopkins appointment as Minister to Rome is not just apparent. The appointment of Malcolm Hay of Pittsburg is against Mr. Hopkins chances for success. The probability of his appointment is farther lessened by the fact that ex-Governor Curtin of his State is now very prominently considered in connection with one of the leading missions.

* * *

The Corcoran gallery has held regular evening receptions during the winter. At one of the last evening receptions a professional spectacled person turned on the saga "Old Curiosity Shop" under his coat and left it hanging in a prominent position in the Taylor collection, which has been recently thrown open to inspection to a wondering public. The absurdity of this collection being in an art gallery is only matched by the perfect foolishness and ignorance that is displayed in the general management of the Corcoran Art Museum. Some of the New York papers speak of this gallery as if it were controlled by Mr. Corcoran. It is not under his control, although the board of trustees would doubtless be very willing to follow any suggestion of his. The board is made up of men who know nothing about art. The so-called art committee which passes upon the requirements of artists who work in the gallery know no more about art than if they were so many horse jockies. They have succeeded by their ignorance and their foolish requirements in driving out of the gallery every artist in the town. There is a young lady who made a study of one of Schreyer's pictures of horses at a watering trough. She made a very spirited study of the picture it was copied with great freedom and dash.

It was submitted to this idiotic art committee. They decided that the study was not finished enough. They established a rule that no artist should be permitted to make a study from any of the pictures, but must finish them up to the last rag of mincing precision to satisfy this committee. It has been suggested to Mr. Corcoran that if he would take the curator of this gallery and one or two members of the board of trustees and have them transferred to the Louise Home he would do a good thing for the gallery by making room for younger and more active men, while at the same time he would be able to protect the old people now in charge of the gallery from want. T. C. CRAWFORD.

Telegraphic Notes.

The recall of Gen. Graham is not at all improbable.

Edwin W. Keightley, Third Auditor of the Treasury, resigned Tuesday at the request of Secretary Manning.

S. J. BRITTAIN & CO.

The Practical Question of the Hour Being

ECONOMY,

S. J. BRITTAIN & CO.

Give the best solution, and an examination of our NEW SPRING MILLINERY will convince ALL of the saving to be enjoyed by a visit to OUR HOUSE.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT

Is equipped with a complete line of all the latest styles in every shape, quality and color.

MILAN BRAIDS, MIXED BRAIDS,
NEEDLE BRAIDS, TINSEL BRAIDS,
CHIP BRAIDS, TUSCAN BRAIDS,
WEBSTER BRAIDS, PEARL BRAIDS,

Etc., etc., and in a wonderful assortment of colors. White, Beige, Tan, Absinthe, Chartreuse, Brown, Fawn, Myrtle, Navy, Sea Foam, Black Dusty Miller and Marine.

Fancy Bonnets in combinations of Chenille, Beaded Lace, Gilt and Silver Braid, Fancy and Tinsel Cords, Lace Straws, etc., etc.

THE PRICES

Ranging at fully one-quarter to one-half charged and usually obtained elsewhere. New Novelties in Laces for Hats and Bonnets in all the new combinations. The display in our

Trimmed Millinery

This season so far numbers fully FIVE HUNDRED, and each are differently trimmed, making them a DELIGHT to sightseers. The material used this season excels all novelties for many seasons and gives an elegance to HEADWEAR which challenges description.

Children's Trimmed Millinery in great variety and choice designs.

S. J. BRITTAIN & CO.,

Famous Millinery and Fancy Goods Department,

Broadway and Morgan Street.

DUFFY'S PURE Malt Whiskey.

Absolutely Pure and Unadulterated. Entirely Free from FUSIL OIL.

FUSIL OIL or Druggist and he will tell you that IT IS A DEADLY POISON. Positive Sure Cure for Malaria, Pulmonary Complaints, Indigestion, Nervous Prostration, Bronchial Troubles, General Debility, Loss of Mental Power and all Wasting Diseases. Endorsed by over 3,500 Physicians and Chemists. Invaluable as a STIMULANT AND TONIC in Typhoid Fever, Dysentery Diarrhœa, and all low forms of Disease. THE RECOGNIZED

ANTIDOTE FOR CHOLERA.

We are the only concern in the United States who are bottling and selling to the Medical Profession and Drug Trade an absolutely Pure Malt Whiskey, one that is free from FUSIL OIL and that is not only found on the sideboards of the best families in the country, but also in the physician's dispensing room.

DR. ARENDT, *the great German Chemist, says:—"I have made an analysis of your PURE MALT WHISKEY, which gave a very gratifying result. Your Malt Whiskey, obtained mostly by extract of malt convulsion and a very careful fermentation and distillation, is entirely free from fusil oil and any of those similarly obnoxious alcohols which are so often found in whiskey. I therefore, RECOMMEND IT TO THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.*

Prof. VON CONNER, writes—"Purity itself—Duffy's Malt Whiskey is the purest liquor that I have ever analyzed. I must therefore unqualifiedly recommend it to the medical profession."

FRED. H. SAWERS, M.D., of Rochester, N. Y., a graduate of the leading German colleges, says: "I prescribe your Malt Whiskey in my practice here. Consider it a very superior reliable article and can heartily recommend it in low states of fever, acute inflammations, and depressing maladies generally. I find oil and other objectionable materials so often found in the whiskies of the present day.

JAMES J. O'DEA, M.D., of Staten Island, the author of several works on Consumption, writes: "When I prescribe an alcoholic stimulant,

A FUNNY MAN'S LUCK.

"Sunset" Cox Appointed to the Turkish Mission.

A Big Batch of New Postmasters—Ex-Lieutenant-Governor Colman and the Agricultural Department—Senator Vest Refuses to Call at the White House Relative to Appoint ents—An Important Opinion by Attorney-General Garland.

Missouri's Pilgrims Disgusted.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 25.—Representative O'Neil saw the President this morning in the interest of ex-Lieutenant-Governor Colman for Commissioner of Agriculture. Mr. O'Neil thinks Missouri will have a good chance for this office, and he thinks it would have been assured to her if there had not been such universal indorsements by the delegation. Mr. F. W. Mathias is still here, looking after his canvas for the Consulship at Berlin. Mr. C. H. Gibson is now urged for the Austrian mission, but with what success remains to be seen. The office-seekers are very outspoken in condemning the President's selections, but the more sensible only laugh at these gentry, whose bias is so obvious. There has been a falling off, however, in the abundance about the departments, and of the many Missourians who have put in an appearance recently, not more than six are now in town. Senator Vest has abandoned all hope of being recognized by the Administration, and refuses to go to the White House at all.

Nominations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 25.—The President made the following nom nations to-day:

Samuel S. Cox of New York, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Turkey.

POSTMASTERS:

Henry C. Shannon, Erie, Pa.; Wm. A. Wortham, Sulphur Springs, Texas; Rob rt O. Denton, Gainesville, Texas; Henry C. Cassidy, Youngstown, Ohio; Henry D. Black, Coshocton, Ohio; Willis G. Neff, Greencastle, Ind.; Sordon Lister, South Bend, Ind.; J. Knox Hall Toulon, Ill.; Thos. J. Bunn, Bloomington, Ill.; John Cunningham, Mattoon, Ill.; James F. Nect, Versailles, Ky.; Frederick G. Kendrick, Mount Clemens, Mich.; George W. Cate, Stevens Point, Wis.; David O. Irwin, Lake City, Minn.; J. Desmond, Davenport, Iowa; M. M. Ham, Dubuque, Iowa; Joseph Linder, State Center, Iowa, and William R. White, Prescott, Ark.

Garland's First Opinion.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 25.—Attorney-General Garland has furnished an opinion to the Secretary of the Treasury in which he held that salted meats which are exported with the benefit of a drawback of duties on foreign salt used in curing meats, are entitled to be reimported duty free on the refunding of the drawback. This opinion applies particularly to the case of the Anglo-American Pork Packing Company of Chicago, which recently exported a large quantity of pork cured with foreign salt, upon which they received a drawback. The meat not finding a ready market abroad was reimported, and, under a decision made by Secretary McCulloch, the company was required to pay duty on both the meat and the salt as foreign goods.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 25.—The oath of office was administered to Senator-elect Berry of Arkansas, and the Senate then went into executive session and continued the consideration of the Weil and La Abra treaty.

THE UNION PACIFIC.

Meeting of Stockholders and Election of Directors This Morning.

BOSTON, March 25.—The annual meeting of the Union Pacific stockholders was held to-day at Horticultural Hall. Charles Francis Adams, jr., the president, called the meeting to order and Henry McFarland was chosen secretary. Mr. Adams, in opening the meeting, stated that the voluminous character of the full annual report prevented it being put into print, and it would be ready in a fortnight.

The meeting then appointed an inspector, and the election for fifteen directors for the ensuing year opened. But one ticket was in the field: Charles Francis Adams, sr., Frederick L. Ames, Elisha Atkins, Sr., Sara H. Baldwin, F. Gordon Dexter and Mahlon D. Spaulding of Boston; Henry H. Cook, Sidney Dillon, David Dows and Andrew H. Green of New York; S. R. Calloway of Omaha; Greenville M. Dodge of Council Bluffs; Hugo Hildie of Chicago; James A. Rumrill of Springfield, Mass.; John Sharp of Salt Lake City. Messrs. Spalding, Cook and Calloway will be new members of the board, taking the places, respectively, of Russell Sage, Jay Gould and S. H. H. Clark.

BEEF FOR THE BRITISH ARMY.

Chicago Packers Receive Orders for 9,400,000 Pounds of Canned Meat.

CHICAGO, March 25.—The N. K. Fairbank Canning Company of this city has received during the last seven days, cable orders for canned beef for the use of the British army which, coupled with the additional order received this morning, makes the aggregate amount to be shipped 4,000,000 pounds. The orders came from the British War Department, the destination of meats being Woolwich. It will require two weeks to fill the orders now on hand. The Armour Packing Company is also in receipt of orders to supply 5,400,000 pounds. These are the largest orders ever received here, and, owing to their magnitude, the supposition is that they are to meet a war emergency. The canning houses are working day and night in order to meet these demands.

POOR AL CHAPMAN.

A Well-Known Sporting Man Commits Suicide at Hot Springs, Ark.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

HOT SPRINGS, ARK., March 25.—Al Chapman, a sporting man well known in the North and South, suicided here this morning by blowing his brains out. He was about 45 years of age, and has been for years an itinerant rambler, drifting from place to place. He was a confirmed opium eater, and was also out of funds, to which causes his rash act is attributed.

CAUSED BY JEALOUSY.

A Colored Man Cuts His Wife's Throat and Commits Suicide.

NEWARK, N. J., March 25.—Theron Brown, a colored man, cut his wife's throat this morning and then blew his brains out with a shot-gun. The wife will recover. Jealousy was the cause.

No Trouble in Dakota.

ST. PAUL, MINN., March 25.—The Dispatch's Pierre, Dak., late special says: "There is no trouble on the Winnebago Reservation. Twenty Indians passed through the reservation, which scared a few timid settlers, but there was no violence of any kind done."

Tired of Life.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

TROY, MO., March 25.—Squire Charles Lamb, a prominent and wealthy citizen of Lincoln County, committed suicide this morning by shooting himself through the head. The cause is unknown.

The Nail Trade.

PITTSBURG, March 25.—The Western Nail Association met here to-day and reaffirmed the card rate. The trade is reported fair and stocks small.

Re-Elected the Old Officers.

PHILADELPHIA, March 25.—The board of directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company re-elected the present officers this morning.

The Niagara Falls Reservation.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 25.—The bill providing for the reservation around Niagara Falls passed the assembly this morning.

A Brush Company Assigns.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, March 25.—The Buckeye Brush Company made an assignment this morning. The liabilities are about $34,000 and the assets $40,000. The capital stock of the concern was $75,000.

CITY WARD LIMITS.

An Effort to be Made to Have the Walton Bill Vetoed.

Several delegations of citizens called on Mayor Ewing this morning to suggest that action should be taken to present the objections to the Walton bill passed by the Legislature yesterday to Governor Marmaduke in order to obtain his veto. The bill provides that on the petition of ten citizens any Judge of the Circuit Court or any court of record in the city shall appoint a commission of three persons to establish corrected ward boundaries and that the report of the commission, filed within thirty days of appointment, shall constitute the legal boundaries of the city wards.

Mayor Ewing sent the following telegram to the Governor to-day:

"Please withhold your approval of a bill which passed the Senate yesterday entitled an act to secure equal representation in all cities and towns in this State, until City Counselor Bell can be heard before you in opposition to the same. The purpose of the bill is to change the ward lines of St. Louis and the matter is committed to three persons whose action is final. Mr. Bell will attend at Jefferson City at any time you may appoint to hear him."

It is understood that the School Board will also take action in the matter.

The Weather.

The cold wave came last night and passed, and the indications are for warmer weather. The readings to-day by Hernstein & Prince were as follows:

8 a. m.	27°
9 a. m.	29°
10 a. m.	32°
11 a. m.	35°
12 m.	37°
1 p. m.	39°
2 p. m.	40°
3 p. m.	42°
4 p. m.	43°

ABOUT TOWN.

ALL the attachment cases against W. H. Gumersell & Co. were dismissed to-day in the Circuit Court at defendant's costs.

FRED. CLARK was arrested on Seventh and Franklin avenue, this afternoon, for shooting and seriously wounding a negro named Ed. Greene, on March 8.

THE case of the Laflin Rand Powder Company against the St. Louis Ore Steel and Company was dismissed by plaintiff in the United States Circuit Court to-day.

THE Madison Social Circle give their annual reception and hop at the south St. Louis Turner Hall on Saturday evening, March 28. Good music will be in attendance.

THE petition of the assignee of Henry Lyon to sell the assets of his assignor was filed and granted by Judge Thayer to-day. The bond of the assignee was fixed at $7,000.

THE jury in the case of H. Floerke against the Teuscher Distilling Company returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $584 55. The suit was on a contract of wayage.

THE case of Augusta Grund against the St. Louis Exposition and Music Hall Association for $5,000 damages was on trial before a special jury in Judge Thayer's court to-day.

FRANK ESCHMAN, a little fellow 8 years of age, left his home in Barracks Row, Carondelet, and was missing all of yesterday. This morning the child was found drowned in the river.

ELIZABETH GUENTHER, aged 75 years, is at the Soulard Street Police Station. She was taken up on the street yesterday morning by a police officer, to whom she stated that she had lost her way.

THE Committee on Sanitary Affairs of the House of Delegates having failed to report the bill for the appointment of two senior assistants in the City Hospital it will probably become a dead letter.

JOHN SWEENEY, who was indicted for grand larceny, pleaded guilty to the charge of petit larceny in the Criminal Court to-day. On default of $100, which sum he was fined, he was sent to the Work House.

PATRICK MACKLIN, who was convicted of pension frauds at the last March Term of the United States Circuit Court and sentenced to one year's imprisonment and subjected to a fine of $100, was discharged to-day.

THIS evening, in the presence of a few personal friends, Rev. Dr. Robert officiating, Mrs. Kate Whitaker, a well-known lady in west End society circles, will be united in marriage to Mr. Charles Greebe, a rising young druggist of Robinson, Ill., at which place the happy couple will make their future home.

THE Pullman Base Ball Club has organized and would like to hear from all nine under 16 years of age. The players are: E. Simpson, c.; L. Simpson, p.; A. Carr, s. s.; H. Boewer, 1b.; J. Sweeney, 2b.; D. Murphy, r. f.; J. Burns, c. f.; Keesnan, l. f.; address challenges to J. T. Carr, captain, Pullman Car Shops, Twenty-first street and Scott avenue.

FINE T. Cart Harness at Sickles'.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mr. Alfred Connell has gone to Chicago on a brief visit.

Mr. Douglas Dallam, city editor of the Evansville, Indiana, Courier, has been in the city several days visiting friends.

A Day of Devotion.

This being the Feast of the Annunciation, the day has been observed by all Catholics with especial devotions. All the churches had appropriate exercises, of which those at the Church of the Annunciation, dedicated to that feast, were the most impressive. Very Rev. P. P. Brady, vicar-general, being celebrant of mass.

GREAT Western Rink combination open at the Star Rink, Nineteenth and Pine streets, to-night.

BELLEVILLE.

The Belleville News-Democrat enters on the third year of its existence to-day.

The meeting of the Board of Trade, which was called for last night, did not take place, a quorum not being present.

Jesse Parker, a resident of East Carondelet, who is supposed to be demented, was committed to the County Farm yesterday.

The appeal case of the City of Belleville vs. James Judd was dismissed yesterday upon the defendant paying the costs.

The case of John B. Bowman vs. the Great Western Railroad, which was a suit for $800 attorney's fees, was decided in the plaintiff's favor.

The case of Monroe Gray for the murder of Wm. T. Ditch is to be tried to-morrow at Waterloo. The case is attracting considerable attention here, and great interest is manifested as to the result.

Ben Pierson, the proprietor of the Relay Depot news-stand, appeared before Squire Guenzz today and swore out a warrant for the arrest of Michael Enright for assaulting Charles Hendrickson. Hendrickson is a newsboy in Pierson's employ.

Messrs. A. S. Welderman, John Weber and John Lorenzen are candidates for the vacancies in the Board of Education, caused by the expiration of the terms of three of the present directors. The election will be held at the Court House on Saturday, April 4.

Jeff Bredon, a former employe at Paddell's Livery Stable, followed up a team which belonged to Mr. Paddell on Monday, and started to drive to Reebs Station. On nearing of want had occurred, Mr. Paddell, who thought that Bredon might possibly intend stealing the horses and rig, followed him in a buggy and came up with him a short distance this side of Reebs. Bredon was blind drunk, and upon examination it was found that one of the animals had been horribly mutilated. Bredon was arrested on a warrant, charging him with maliciously wounding a domestic animal, and was bound over in the sum of $300, and failing to furnish bond for that amount, was committed to jail.

CITY HALL NOTES.

City Treasury receipts to-day: Licenses, $1,491 06; taxes, $2,497 74; weights and measures, $43 85.

The Mayor to-day approved the ordinance relative to the closing of wells in the city, and also the amended water rates to be given to large consumers.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

A defective flue caused a $15 fire this morning at 7109 Minnesota avenue.

James Gillick's team ran away with him yesterday, colliding with a fence. James was slightly scratched.

Frank Eschman, the 8-year-old son of George Eschman, was drowned yesterday evening in the river Des Peres. The body was not recovered until this morning.

Edward Penzler, clerk in Miller & Deffe's store, while driving north on Broadway in a delivery wagon, was run into by a street car, damaging the wagon $15 worth.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

The Broadway horse and mule dealers are having a brisk trade.

A grand complimentary ball will be given by the Twilight Social Circle, at St. Lawrence O'Toole's Hall, on Wednesday evening, April 8.

The lumber trade is increasing, and dealers are preparing for a heavy trade this season.

Business with the glass manufacturers has been very dull the past winter, and there is but little prospect for a change in the near future. The Mississippi Glass Works have been running steadily, but doing but little work, employing only eight or ten hands. The Lindell Glass Works are also running with a light force, while the St. Louis Glass Works have been idle for the last nine months.

Encounter With a Lion.

From the London Standard.

A very dramatic narrative of an encounter with a lion is published by an Algerian paper. It appears that for months past farmers residing near a forest in the African colony have been victimized by the lion, which carried off their cattle, and especially evinced a partiality for their sheep. Exasperated by the gaps made in their small flocks, it was determined to make war on the depredator, and seventeen settlers, with five or six Arabs, set out on what proved a very perilous adventure. They took up their position in parties of four and five, at certain spots in the forest which it was conjectured the animal would pass, and toward nightfall the enemy was seen coming leisurely along by one of these parties, numbering five men. After consulting together it was decided that they should fire simultaneously, and at a given signal they did so, the lion being seen to fall, utinal they did so, the lion being seen to fall, uttering a tremendous roar of pain. He was not dead, however, as the men too quickly imagined, and when they approached the animal he rose to his feet, crushed one of his assailants with a blow of his powerful paw, and seizing the head of his victim, smashed it at a bite. Turning from the mangled remains, the brute next attacked another man, biting off his arm and otherwise injuring him. Two other members of the party were also grievously torn and bitten by the enraged animal, and might have lost their lives in the terrible encounter had not their uninjured comrade leveled his gun at the lion's ear and been lucky enough to stretch him on the ground dead.

Soap That Grows on Trees.

From the Tallahassee Floridian.

There are a number of soap trees growing in Tallahassee. In the yards of Dr. C. W. Beeton and Mr. Philip Sullivan, the former on Javal street, fine specimens of this tree, in bearing, may be seen. They are prolific fruiters, the berries being about the size of an ordinary marble, having a yellowish soapy appearance, with a hard black seed, from which the trees are propagated. Parties here boil the fruit to make soap, but Judge Van Valkenburgh says in China, Japan and other tropical countries the berries are used as a substitute for soap just as they are taken from the trees.

A runaway horse in Stockton, Cal., knocked a baby carriage into splinters without doing the slightest injury to the child.

CONDUCTORS' PUNCHES

FOR SALE BY

LEVISON & BLYTHE STATIONERY CO.,

213 and 215 North Third St.

Maverick National Bank,

BOSTON, MASS.

Capital - - - -	$400,000
Surplus - - - -	$400,000

Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Mercantile firms received, and any business connected with Banking solicited.

London correspondent, City Bank, "Limited."

ASA P. POTTER, Pres. J. W. WORK, Cash.

MONEY.

WALL STREET, March 25.—Stocks opened irregular. On early dealings a stronger undertone was perceptible. At 11 the market was strong and fairly active.

NEW YORK, March 25.—Money easy at 1. Bar silver at 106 3-4. Stocks firm; from ½ to 1c above yesterday's closing. Three, 101 3-4; 4½s, 113¾; Pacific 6s of '95, 122.

WALL STREET, P. M., March 25.—Stocks were firm throughout the afternoon on European war news and the covering of shorts. The market closed strong.

BOSTON, March 25.—Mexican 7s 47, scrip 84¾, common 10¾.

Local Stocks.

Below will be found the latest buying and selling prices for local stocks in this market, corrected by James Camp & Co., 107 Pine street. Transactions light, however, and in some cases the price is nominal.

INSURANCE STOCKS.			
Citizens' Ins. Co.	120	Marine Ins. Co.	100 110

BANK STOCKS.	Bid.	Ask.
B'k of Commerce	430	440
Boatmen's Savings	100	110½
Bremen Savings	70	80
Commercial	610	615
Continental	127½	130
Fourth National	2.0	225
Fifth National	100	95
Franklin	140	
German Exchange	175	200
German National	240	
International	90	95
STREET RAILROAD STOCKS.		
Bellefontaine	110	
Citizens'	75	80
Lindell	140	
Missouri	16	17½
People's	41	50½
MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.		
Belcher S. Ref.	130	135
Carondelet Gas Co.	40	41
Fair Grounds	50	60
L. M. Co.	600	610
Laclede Gas Co.	95½	100
St. Louis Gas Co.	260	270
St. Louis Elevator.	80	90

Laclede Bank	80		90
Lafayette	110½		
Manufacturers'	111½		113½
Merchants' Nat'l	97½		
Mullanphy Sav.	125		130
Northwestern Sav.	135		
Provident Savings	100		
St. Louis Nat'l	122½		
St. Louis Savings	121½		125
Third National	97		99
Union Savings	90		100
Valley National	90		100
St. Louis	80		85
St. Louis City	102		107
Tower Grove	16		17½
Union	16		20
Wagner Depot	85		86
188 L. Cotton Com.	89		85
St. L. Ore & Steel Co.	40		41
St. L. Ore & Tr. Co.	35		40
St. L. Transfer Co.	70		80
St. L. W. & T. Co.	100		110
Union Depot Co.	108		110
Union Stock Yds.	110		115
Wiggins Fer. Co.	170		180

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, No. 121 N. Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Central New Jersey	89¾	89¾	89¼	89¾
Central Pacific	34¾	34¾	34¼	34¼
Chic., R. I. & Pacific	114¾	114¾	114¼	114¼
Chic. Bur. & Quincy	114¾	115¼	114¾	115¼
Chic. Mil. & St. P.	125¾	126¼	125¾	126¼
Chicago and Northwest	96¾	97¼	96¾	97¼
Delaware, Lackawanna & West.	135	135¾	135	135¾
Denver and Rio Grande	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
Erie, Com.	30¾	30¾	30¼	30¼
Lake Shore	106¾	107¼	106¾	107¼
Louisville & Nashville	73¾	73¾	73¼	73¼
Manhattan Consol.	81¾	81¾	81¼	81¼
Missouri Pacific	81¾	82¼	81¾	82¼
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Manhattan Elevated	127¾	127¾	127¼	127¼
New York Central	109¾	110¼	109¾	110¼
N. J., Chicago & St. Louis	80¾	81¼	80¾	81¼
do pfd	97¾	98¼	97¾	98¼
Northern Pacific pfd				
Oregon & Transcontinental	41¾	41¾	39½	40¾
Or. Nav. & Trans. Co.	129¾	129¾	128¾	129¾
Pacific Mail	65¾	65¾	65	65¾
Ft. Wayne & Pacific	130	130	130	130
Union Pacific	49¾	50¼	49¾	50
Western U. T. Co.	113¾	113¾	113¼	113¾
West Shore stands	113¾	113¾	113¼	113¾
English Consols cash	97¾	97¾	97¼	97¼

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Banker and Broker 107 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.	When due.	Interest payable.	Bid.	Ask.
5's cent bonds	1881	M. A. N. & F.	101	101¾
4½'s cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	112	113¼
4's cent bonds		J. A. J. & O.	122	122¼

RAILWAY BONDS.				
Mo. Pac. 1st m. 6's	1888	Feb. & Aug.	103¼	104
Mo. Pac. 2d m. 7's	1891	May & Nov.	99	94
Mo. Pac. 3d m. 7's	1892	Jan. & July	108¼	109¼
No. Mo. 1st m. 7's	1895	May & Nov.	110	111¼
K. C. 1st m. 6's	1890	Jan. & July	110¼	111¼
K. C. 2d m. 6's	1898	Feb. & Aug.	108	110
K. C. 1st m. 6's	1890	June & Dec.	108	109¼
K. C. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	104¼	105¼
St. L. & M. 1st 7's	1892	Feb. & Aug.	108¼	112¼

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.				
City's sterling, 10 yrs	1902	May & Nov.	103	103
City's sterling, 15 yrs	1903	Jan. & July	100	102
City's sterling, 20 yrs	1901	June & Dec.	102	104
City's gold	1890—97	Jan. & July	103¼	107¼
City's gold	1890—97	Various.	103¼	107¼
City's sterling	1908	Various.	103¼	107¼
City's water	1887	June & Dec.	103¼	104¼
City's water	1887	June & Dec.	103¼	104¼
City's water	1892	June & Dec.	103¼	105
City's bridge approach	1902	June & Dec.	103¼	103¼
County's gold	1895—96	Jan. & July	103¼	103¼
County Park	1905	April & Oct.	115	118

*Interest to seller.

Clearings	$	3,015,437
Balances		452,998

COMMERCE.

A SHARP ADVANCE.

Wheat Largely Higher on War and Crop News—All Else Firm.

Special by Telegraph From Pickering & Co., Chicago, to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, ILL., March 25.—Strong cables, lots of war rumors were the points in circulation before the market opened. When the bell struck, the wheat pit was wildly excited and some few sales were made at 80¾, but there was hardly any trading of consequence until 80¾ was paid. Lester, Driver, Love, Stauffer, Eldredge, Schwartz and Field-Lindsay were all prominent buyers, taking all that was offered. The price rapidly advanced a half cent, and then fell back under an attempt by the scalping crowd to turn the tide. It advanced again when consols were quoted down and finally, after many ups and downs, closed at 81¾ strong. Two classes of buyers are prominent, one basing their faith on war and the other on a crop failure. Both have plenty of support to-day from the news. War rumors take precedence of course, but crop news are equally startling and without the former, would justify speculation. Selling was done by local longs, some New York parties selling short saying the visible supply will overcome all bull arguments finally. The final strength seemed due to the supply of the local crowd being exhausted. Receipts at Western points were 345 cars. The export movement was more active. A good many bids were here were very close to the market, the whole tenor of private cables being stronger than Beerbaum. Oats were steady and firm. Sample lots were in better demand. The future market was firm, with good general buying.

Corn opened strong and a quarter cent higher, advancing on large purchases by Eldredge, Geddes, Field, Lindsey and Wallace, the selling being done by local longs. June corn was more active and relatively stronger than May. Provision men were the buyers of this option. Receipts were moderate and the sample demand good, taxing at off-rating prices. Receivers say the movement is to be light for the next ten days. Our receipts will be light for corn for Liverpool. The close was steady and firm.

Provisions were not active, but firm. Pork was stronger than yesterday, and the advance well sustained by the general demand. Lard and ribs were firmer on Eastern buying.

During recess Fremont securities were quoted lower, which the crowd interpreted as warlike. The market opened a half cent higher and was very strong, all classes buying freely; closed strong and excited. Corn and provisions soared in the advances. The whole list was bullish. Traders are impatiently waiting developments of to-morrow's cables. It is noticeable that English houses generally are not doing much.

St. Louis Afternoon Board.

Wheat higher and excited by a reported decline in consols, more war news and export purchases of 275,000 bu; feeling still nervous, but generally strong and buying active. Corn firm and higher. Oats strong.

Wheat—March 83 bid; April 83¼ bid; May 87⅞@87⅝ bid; June 89¼ and late 89⅝ b.d.; July 91 and late 91⅜ bid; Aprn 39; May 89½@89¼; June 89¾; July 91 bid.

Corn—March 38¾ bid; aprn 39; May 39½@39¼; June 39¾; July 41¾ bid.

Oats—May 32½; June 33¼ bid.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported Daily by Redmond Cleary & Co., No. 26 S Commercial street, St. Louis.

Grain—CHICAGO—Wheat—March 76⅞; April 77; May 81¾; June 83¾; July 85¾. Corn—March 38½; May 43¼ b.; June 43¾ b. Oats—March 29⅜; April 29⅝; May 31½@29¾; June 31½.

BALTIMORE—Wheat—March —; April 86 3-8@86; May 90½@90¾. Corn—March 49¼ b.; April 49⅝ b.; May 49 1-8@50.

TOLEDO—Wheat—March 80¾; April 80¾ b.; May 81 3-4; June 83¾ a. Corn—March 43 1-2 b.; April 43 3-4 b.; May 44 a.; June 44¼ b. Oats—March 29⅜ a.; June 29½ b.; July 30¼ a. Rye—March 57½ a.; April 57½ a.; May 57½ b.; June 57 b.

PROVISIONS—CHICAGO—Pork—March $11 95; April $12; May $12 10; June $12 20. July 12 35. Lard—March 6 77½; April 6 85; May 6 92½; June 7 02½; July 7 10.

SHORT RIBS—March 6; April 6 07½; May 6 10@6 10½; June 6 17½; July 6 22½.

Cotton—NEW YORK—Futures closed steady; March 11.18; April 11.13; May 11.28; June 11.38; July 11.44; August 11.52; September 11.17; October 10.68; November 10.52; December 10.52. Sales, 77,800 bales.

NEW ORLEANS—Futures at 1.49 p. m. quiet and steady; March 10.62; April 10.60; May 10.80; June 11.01; July 11.19; August 11.37; September 10.77; October 10.31; November 10.18; December 10.18. Sales, 22,100 bales.

On the Curb.

Wheat—May 85¾ sellers; puts 87½@87¼ and calls 88¾@88¾.

Chicago—81⅞ asked; puts 81, and calls 83½@83⅝.

Oil Market.

Reported daily by Barnes & Durbin, Brokers in Petroleum, No. 118 N. Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

On CITY MARKET, March 25.

Opened.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closed.
74½ bid.	74½	83¼	83¾ bid.

Pittsburg Quotations.

PITTSBURG, PA., March 25.—Oil was dull and trading light. It opened at 83¾, declined to 83⅜, and at 1 o'clock 83¾ was bid. The total production of the Thorn Creek field is 6,071 bris per day.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley.
To-day	2,111,523	412,271	20,330	6,331	15,118
Yesterday	2,228,200	4,9,385	60,300	5,330	18,118
		No. 2	No. 2		
To-day	Red.	Winter.	Red.		
Yesterday	1,388,122	272,500	45,942	4,324	
	1,265,052	274,175	47,673	3,530	

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
St. Louis	Wheat. 125,000	Corn. 4,000	Wheat 2,150	Corn. 41,062
Chicago	61,215	415,620	26,284	188,308
Baltimore	20,445		33,926	
Toledo	41,691	41,235		
New York	14,0 0	22,000		44,656
CHICAGO INSPECTIONS—21 cars winter wheat; 252 cars corn; 111 cars oats; 6 cars rye; 2 cars barley.	25,735	184,850	10,000	8,811

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS—Wheat—8 cars No. 2 red winter; 12 cars No. 3 do; 3 cars No. 4 winter; 3 cars rejected; 26 cars mixed; 6 cars rejected do; 10 cars No. 2 white; 16 cars No. 3 do; 2 cars rejected; total, 210 cars. Oats—4 cars No. 2 mixed; 9 cars rejected; total, 13 cars. Corn—2 cars No. 2; 1 car rejected; total, 3 cars. Rye—1 car No 2; 1 car rejected; total, 2 cars. Total in, 241 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—14 cars No. 2 red winter; 20 cars No. 3 do; 2 car No. 4 do; 3 cars reject ed do; total, 39 cars. Corn—7 cars No. 2 white-mixed; 2 cars and 75,000 bu. Total out, 57 cars and 75,000 bu.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles for the Past 24 Hours.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bris	2,202	8,581
Wheat, bu	11,671	2,150
Corn, bu	118,125	49,062
Oats, bu	6,320	5,340
Barley	6,050	720
Rye	2,450	
Pork, bris	324	103
Lard, lbs		146,700
Meats, lbs	103,410	289,411
Whisky, bris	4,300	3,988
Grease, lbs		7,420

Commercial Notes.

The stock of wheat in this market continues to decrease, having been reduced to 50,000 bushels since yesterday. Most of this reduction is in grades below No. 2, and as these low grades are growing scarce, it is expected that the No. 2 will so be freely used up and steadily decreased.——Grim-visaged war added several more pacifers to her wrinkled front this morning, according to the minds of speculators, and "war is inevitable!" was again the cry. George H. Small is still a skeptic, however. He——s positive there will be no ——ar.——New Orleans reports of corn to-day were 20,147 bus to Liverpool and 50,000 bus to Fredericksha ven.——Charley Buckley, who has been in Nebraska during the past three, but now it is spring-like and farmers have been plowing and seeding for a month past. There is plenty of corn in the State and it is of the best quality, but farmers' deliveries are small at present, as they are busy with their spring work.——Dalrymple's immense farm is celebrated, but Lit—s is known by the publishing about the details of its management. A nephew of the proprietor has been giving some information to a newspaper man, and this is the gist of it: "Dalrymple had last season 32,000 acres of wheat and 8,000 acres in oats for his stock. Nine successive crops have been raised from this land, and last year its wheat averaged 15 bu to the acre. This year he will begin to summer fallow, letting about 8,000 acres lie each season till all has had a rest. It is expected that the following will increase the yield to 20 or 25 bu an acre. The 54,000 acres are divided into three farms of nearly equal size, each having headquarters, with a superintendent, book-keeper, foreman, agent, and other officers. These farms are again divided into sections of 2,000 acres each, under a division foreman, who carries out the orders from headquarters, transmitted to him by telephone. Each division has its boarding-house with men cooks. In the spring, seeding about 900 men are employed, and during the harvest about 1,600. In the fall all the hands are discharged except enough to attend to 400 or 500 horses and mules during the winter. At each headquarters there is a store, where all the cooks make requisition for all provisions. Everything is systematized. All the wheat is shipped to Duluth and thence to Buffalo, where the market is preferred, because wheat sells there for 4c more, after shipping expenses, than at Duluth. It is claimed that competition on the lakes is needed more than legislation, and that Duluth regarding of wheat cooks is entirely arbitrary and unjust. There are nine different grades, and it is said to be impossible to distinguish that many in the wheat which goes to Duluth.——A private dispatch from an exporter in New York, states that cables are strong on reported complications in the European political situation, but that h s private cable says that war is improbable.

The Markets.

FOREIGN SESSION, CLOSING AT 1 P. M.

Wheat—With consols lower and the war clouds thought to be once more getting over Russia and England, this was a stampede among the shorts just as soon as the news was opened that rushed prices up and a 2c rise was made yesterday. The Chicago market was also strong as was New York. Cables were strong, with spot 1d higher. Crop reports were still bad and receipts small. The market, later influences helped strengthen the feeling, but it was the fear of war and a good many of the shorts covered early in the day, but the leaders were pleased to get out. The bulls did not buy to any extent, but gave all the assistance they could to the market in other ways—principally that they could to the shorts' apparent wish to run up on one "jump" and then weather the reaction. There was a good deal more strength than weakness shown, however, and the feeling was bullish most of the time, and the close was strong at 1¼@1½c above yesterday's close. May opened at 86¾, advanced irregularly to 87¾, fell back to 87¼, recovered and went up to 87¾, fell off to 87¼, from this improving to 88 and closing at 87¾. June sold at 89¾ to 89¾ and closing at 89¾. July sold at 89¾ and 90, respectively. March was salable at 86¾, April at 86¾ and August at 90¾. The cash market was higher and firm, but very quiet, as there was little for sale. No. 2 red 86¾@88¾ regular.

Corn—No. 2 is in No. 4. 74¾ bid for St. L., 75¾ in St. L. and 76¾ in Mediterranean, 84 in Valley; No. 2 60 bid and 62 for E. No. 3 mixed 59½ bid for C. 60 for St. L., 62 for E. No. 4 rejected 56½ bid for C. 60 for St. L., 62 for E. No. 2

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY
THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month	85
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed
POST-DISPATCH,
518 and 517 Market street.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25, 1885.

THE Soft-Place Brigade in Washington are panic-stricken; the Coburgers must go.

THE defeat of the Water Gas Company by the allied street car and monopoly gas companies in the Fifteenth Ward was terrific.

THE full vote at the primaries last night must be taken note of in any estimate of the result of the city election.

SECRETARY WHITNEY has grasped the situation in the Navy Department with a firm hand, and allows himself to be influenced neither by office seekers nor barnacles.

IT seems to be pretty well settled now that BELL will get something, and that SWITZLER will get something, and that COLMAN may get something, and that BROADHEAD is almost sure to get something, unless something else prevents.

ONE result of yesterday's primaries was the nomination of at least four candidates for the House of Delegates who are anxious to represent the St. Louis Gas Company in that assembly. How many more of the candidates are accessible to gaseous influence can be determined only by closer inspection.

A NOBLE noodle of the British peerage has given notice to the world that he will ask the question whether, in view of his recent failure at Suakim, Gen. MCNEILL still enjoys the confidence of H. R. H., the Duke of Cambridge. It would be more to the point if, in view of repeated failures extending over many years, he would ask whether the Duke of Cambridge enjoys the confidence of the country.

A FREE pass over the Washington and Georgetown street cars received by Senator VANCE the other day was returned with the indorsement: "I have one of the best pair of legs in the country, and will be willing to walk if you will give this pass to some poor washerwoman who has to pay five cents every time she rides on your cars." Nearly all office-holders and legislators in Missouri would call this demagogery, but it lays bare the pitifulness of the dead-head bribery in politics.

IN the list of candidates selected yesterday for the House of Delegates by the unterrified Democracy we notice the names of Messrs. GATES, SULLIVAN and COSSMAN. These gentlemen will be remembered as men who voted in favor of making the people pay $1 75 for gas when there was a proposition to furnish gas at $1 30. We also observe the name of a Mr. REILLY who aspires to represent ex-Delegate TERRY's back office in the House of Delegates, and who is eminently fitted to adorn private life at least until the gas question shall cease to be a burning issue.

THE St. Louis Democratic platform is closely identified with the platform of the horse car, and the course of the party is guided largely by the men who guide the fiery steeds of these useful corporations. The influence of the horse car in politics is a theme which has never been adequately treated by political philosophers, but at each recurring local election it receives striking illustration. It is curious to reflect that elsewhere the horse car driver is not held in honor; in New Orleans, for instance, he loses his personal identity, and is called by the generic name of "Gallagher"; but in St. Louis he controls the wavering fortunes of candidates and of factions, and his grasp of the situation has something of the firmness of his grasp on the brake of the front platform.

AS WE predicted yesterday, the masterly strategy and able tactics of Col. GRIP FRATHER in the Fifteenth Ward were crowned with success. Military genius is not confined alone to the bloody fields of battle. It can be displayed no less conspicuously in those peaceful contests of politics in which the weapons are friendly beer glasses and in which beer is split while blood is saved. It was the plan of Col. FRATHER to entertain the enemy with his skirmish line, and deceive him with a prospect of victory until 6 o'clock, when his solid columns from the car stables could be relied on to mass themselves at Schnaider's Garden and close the engagement by one crushing blow. This was done, and the genius which represents Missouri in the National Committee triumphantly carried RAINWATER's own ward for RAINWATER.

THE closing work of the Legislature was unexpectedly good. Substantial justice was done by the vote which seated DAVINSON, and probably nothing much has been lost by his absence during the session. The defeat of the attempt to repeal the old St. Louis Sunday law is to be ascribed to practical incompetence rather than to any good will or desire for the public good. The local liberties of St. Louis are saved for another two years, merely because the enemies of local liberty had put the bill into a hole where they could not reach it. The repeal of the "third parallel street" law was something of a surprise, considering the very strong influences that were arrayed against it. The readers of the POST-DISPATCH who are in favor of personal liberty and of municipal progress may congratulate themselves on several substantial victories in contests in which their views have been represented by their favorite paper. The adjournment of the Legislature calls for a general thanksgiving.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals are Saying To-day.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, March 25.—The WORLD says: "A number of newspapers explain the appointment of Mr. Pendleton as Minister to Germany upon the ground that a man was needed who could represent to the German Court the grandeur of the American pork trade. Nothing of the kind. If a representative of the hog business had been requisite, a pork packer would have been taken from Chicago."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "The country will thank Mr. Bayard if he peremptorily and promptly repudiates a general act to which our provisional assent was given under false pretenses, and which, among other mischievous provisions, 'reserves to us the right' of inforcing by arms the observations of the treaty's stipulations on the continent of Africa. Our people are perfectly aware that the Monroe doctrine has two sides, and they do not propose to be gulled into waiving its advantages by a foolish departure from the time-honored policy of non-interference with the concerns of the Old World, a policy to which the new Administration was unmistakably committed by the President's inaugural address."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "Eugene Higgins is, in himself, a man of very little consequence. Had he stuck to his calling in Maryland, he would have been known only to the citizens of that State, who might have run against him in their efforts to get a decent management of public affairs. Senator Gorman picked him out of the low surroundings to which he had been accustomed, and, by getting him appointed to an important position under Secretary Manning, drew the attention of the country upon him. The result has been that the country, greatly to its credit, has manifested a good deal of interest in him, and has come to so strong and firm a conclusion upon the facts that have been made known regarding him that he cannot be retained in the Treasury without serious discredit to the Secretary, and to the Administration of which the Secretary is the principal Cabinet officer."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "The real character of a good many professed civil service reformers crops out in their enthusiastic approbation of Mr. Pendleton's appointment as Minister to Germany. This they profess to regard as evidence that the President will carry into effect, in the conduct of departments generally, the principles of civil service reform. But Mr. Pendleton, as Minister to Berlin, has no more power in that direction than Mr. Pendleton, a private citizen of Cincinnati. He has no control over appointments."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

MRS. S.—The ticket admits you free of charge.

E. F.—For information on the Koumiss question go to your druggist.

ED. A.—George Washington was the son of Augustine Washington.

H. C.—You will have to apply to the office of the steamer for information.

S.—The gas companies require their customers to walk up to the captain's office and settle.

DEMOCRAT—Norman J. Colman is a Democrat, and he was Lieutenant-Governor under Hardin.

LADY READER—If you know nothing about the art of dyeing you had the work to do a dyer.

READER—In the case you mention, according to English laws the daughter of the eldest brother, as his representative, succeeds to the exclusion of the younger brother.

TAX SALES (Vincennes, Ind.)—Sales usually occur one year after taxes are delinquent. No certificates are issued now. The Sheriff gives deeds immediately after sale.

TWO DISSENTING SUBSCRIBERS—The European missions are not officially graded according to importance. The four first-class missions are those to Great Britain, France, Germany and Russia, the ministers of which $17,500 at these posts.

SPADE-UP—American Hoyle, page 239, rule 18, says: Should the same suit be turned until the cards run out then the cards must be bunched and dealt anew. Case—A B C and D are playing all-fours; A saving the deal turns up a club; he still continues and once more turns up a club. The question is, can B insist that the dealer turn up the last card for trump? Decision—No. If A elect to bunch the cards and deal anew, under these circumstances, he does so at his peril.

READER—The dealer must give each player three cards before turning up a new trump, and continue doing so until a trump is obtained. When he cannot comply with this condition, a new deal ensues.

VERY FEVERISH.

Warlike Rumors Cause Sharp Fluctuations in the Chicago Grain Market.

CHICAGO, March 25, 9:45 A. M.—Private foreign advices of a warlike tenor, accompanied by another drop in British consols, created a very feverish feeling in the wheat market at the opening this morning, and a rather sharp advance in prices of May wheat, which closed at 79¾ last night. It opened at 80¾, rapidly advanced to 80⅞, fell back to 80⅜, at which figure the market was more settled, but the general feeling is very nervous and unsettled. Corn advanced to 42 for May, but fell off ½c. Provisions are a shade stronger.

Didn't Know It Was Loaded.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

GALESBURG, ILL., March 25.—Charles Finney and his wife were examining a revolver last night when the weapon was accidentally discharged, killing Finney almost instantly. They didn't know it was loaded.

Voted for the Compromise.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

SELIGMAN, Mo., March 25.—The citizens of Eureka Springs have ratified the compromise as agreed upon between the Eureka Springs Improvement Company and the property holders by a vote of over eight to one.

General Grant Improving.

NEW YORK, March 25.—General Grant shows considerable improvement this morning. He slept well all night. At noon he went out driving.

Gen. McQuade Dead.

UTICA, N. Y., March 25.—Gen. James McQuade died at his brother's residence this morning, aged 56 years.

CITY NEWS.

Clyde Smith, a three-year-old child of J. B. Smith of 1817½ Franklin avenue, strayed from his home yesterday and has not since been found.

On complaint of Marthalle Grossman of 1002 N. Seventh street, Hattie Rowland, a colored woman, was arrested last night, charged with stealing.

A. A. Blasset of New York City writes to Chief Harrigan for information concerning Joseph Allport Andrews, who is supposed to be in this city.

The Philharmonic Quintette Club gave their fourth and last concert last night at the Pickwick. The concert was largely attended and the participants aquitted themselves admirably.

Francis Tiernan and Edward Brewster were arrested yesterday afternoon for maliciously destroying the property of Forest Park and Central Railroad. They gave bond and were released.

There was a row last evening in a house on S. Eighth street, and during the disturbance a young man snatched a diamond bangle from Fannie Coleman, one of the inmates, and succeeded in making his escape.

Fanny Young and Sue Davis had a dispute last night in Clabber Alley, and Fanny slashed Sue across the face with a razor, inflicting an ugly gash, which extended from her eye down to her chin. Fanny was arrested.

The Committee on Books and Donations of the Public Library met late yesterday afternoon. A number of new books have been purchased, and eighty-seven volumes and forty-four pamphlets presented to the library.

A large number of citizens opposed to the closing of wells held a meeting last night at Central Turner Hall. Speeches were made protesting against the ordinance lately passed, and a resolution was adopted to test the validity of the ordinance.

A. E. Watling, against whom a warrant for fraud was sworn out some time ago by the firm of Berger & Kurtz, 717 N. Third street, was arrested last night by Detective Tracey. It is alleged that Watling obtained $3 50 from the firm by false representation.

THE COAL STRIKE.

Reply of E. J. Crandall, President of Abbey Coal and Mining Company, to Charles Ridgley, President Ellsworth Coal Company.

DEAR SIR—I have to acknowledge the receipt of your "open letter" in the POST-DISPATCH of the 23d instant, and while in the main it makes a reasonably fair advertisement for the Abbey Coal Company, and was seemingly intended to be so fair and candid a statement of our position, on the theory that a strike among the miners of this district is impending, I would be content to let it go without reply but for a few trifling inaccuracies that might mislead our patrons—the public—when published over the name of a business man of your prominence. To begin with, let me assure you that "the interview" as published in the POST-DISPATCH of the 20th instant, which has called forth your letter, was unsought by myself, was not paid for as an advertisement by the Abbey, and an unexpected prominence was given to some parts of a conversation about coal matters generally that did not meet with my approval when the article appeared, but I thought it better to let it go unnoticed, and in a day or so be forgotten. The inference might be drawn from your letter, however, that from selfish motives I had made an unfair statement of the situation and dared not give my reasons. To entirely disabuse your mind on this point I will endeavor to make this letter so plain that my position can be no longer misunderstood. You say in your letter: "You are reported to have said that it is only a question of time till the miners of the Belleville district will strike; also, that they are not paid enough, and that your company would be glad to see wages advanced: you also think that the price demanded by the striking miners of the Ellsworth Coal Company is reasonable, etc."

This is my position—these my reasons: For many months the miners in this district have worked at the maximum price of 1¼ cents per bushel, many at 1¾ cents per bushel and some even less; but admitting that all have been paid 1¼ cents, the average miner will not make over eighty bushels per day. Owing to the overproduction of coal for this market, it is safe to say they will not average over four days per week after deducting the days the mines must be idle. You know it would make no difference to the company you represent, or any other company, for the consumers would have to pay the additional one cent per bushel, which no one would refuse to do if they understood it was necessary that the miner might have only a scanty living by increasing his price to 2½ cents per bushel.

You say: "Now, what I wish to say is that your mines are mainly worked by machines, and that but very little of your coal is produced by hand mining." This is true. In years past, as you are aware, the price of mining was never less than three cents per bushel, and ranged from that to four cents and upwards as the miners saw fit to demand, and, regardless of contracts with them, no operator was safe in taking large contracts. On a state of affairs forced certain operators in this district to introduce machinery, the Abbey among the number. As you are running one machine mine, it is needless to say to you that this was done at a comparatively small outlay of capital, and to commend with a price of mining the minimum of which was three cents per bushel. The machines proved a success, and enabled those operators using them to be in a manner independent of the miner, as a class of labor to operate them could be obtained that was not affected by miners' strikes. This was fully demonstrated in the strikes that occurred in 1883. On the 10th of April in that year our men came out, followed on the 1st of May by the entire district, who remained out until the 20th of June. The theory had been that machine mines could not strike, but when the strike occurred we discovered we had no more control of our machine men than operators, of employing miners in our machine mines, and the most of our men, sympathizing with the strikers, left us. These we replaced with common laborers, and a result during the entire strike there was but two days that we did not raise coal. The lesson was an expensive one, but we learned it. Since that time operators of hand-worked mines have encouraged miners to believe that if they would take low price, or 2½ cents per bushel, they could drive the machines out and again command their old wages. It is about time the miners were undeceived. The object of operators in introducing machinery was not so much to cheapen the cost of labor as to protect themselves from the frequently recurring strikes and to enable them to contract for delivery of coal at a price they knew they could depend on. The miners understood this, as they were given fair warning, which many of them will remember, at one of their public meetings. We have shown that we can compete with our machine mines with 1½ cents per bushel hand mining, but we confess that in so doing it is cutting it down to a point where the profit on the capital invested, and I am of the opinion that operators who have employed men in the past year at 1¼ cents per bushel or less have really made more money than those who have, beside our two machine mines, three hand mines from us, and prior to 1882, we annually mined 2,000,000 bushels of coal, but which have remained since then practically idle, as we preferred to depend upon machine mining, as stated in my interview. It was only a question of time when the strike must come. In our mach ne mines all our labor is paid by the day and not by the bushel, and as an evidence that we are not per converts to the belief that 2½ cents per bushel was a fair price for mining, I will here state that until December 1, last, we have paid our men at machine mines the same prices established when mining was 3 cents per bushel, and at our hand mines have paid our miners 2¾ cents per bushel, weighed on top before passing over the screens, but every one knows is equivalent to 2½ cents per bushel, and I thank our own miners will tell you they would have worked for 1¼ cents rather than remain idle. We fixed the price ourselves, knowing it to be as low as they could work and make an honest living. On December 1, the competition having forced us so to do, we reduced the day wages at our machine mines 15 per cent., thus giving the lowest price to our common labor in mine $1 50 per day, and decided to cease our hand-mines, but at the solicitation of our miners we kept a number of them employed, who are still at work, a trifle over 1½ cents per bushel. We are willing to increase the price and restore the former wages paid our men at machine mines, as soon as uniform price of 60 or 65¢ cents per ton is established at hand mines in this district, and we are willing to make selling price in this market at such figure as will justify paying hand miners 60 or 62½ cents per ton for mining, as may be agreed upon. Whatever may be said against Abbey or its management, will be difficult for you to find one of its employes who will not say that it has ever been as ready to do them full justice as it has been to resist any imposition they may have tried to carry out against it."

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The Champion Expresses Some More Views on Fighters.

The Base-Ball World—Diamond Chips—Sporting Gossip and Sundries—Notes and Personals.

A Philadelphia dispatch in the Enquirer of Monday says: The crowd of curious people who visited Renz's Hotel this afternoon was so great that John L. Sullivan could not get down stairs to take his customary walk; so he passed the afternoon in his rooms. Several times between noon and dark he sent his trainer, Patsey Sheppard, out on to the landing to take a look down stairs to see if the crowd had not thinned out enough to admit of his going out and getting away on a walk without being followed by a mob, but Sheppard came back every time from his point of observation and shook his head, invariably saying: "It's no use, John; we'll have to stay in." Sullivan is greatly averse to being followed by a crowd, and ever since he has been at his present training quarters has avoided notoriety as much as possible. This morning when he walked out the Belmont race track two dozen men followed him for miles. It annoyed him, and at last he broke into a smart run and left them far behind. He said to-night that when he was followed by a crowd his walks never did him as much good as when he went along quietly with his trainer. After he had finished a leg of boiled Southdown mutton at 6 o'clock last evening he drew his chair up to the blazing log fire and talked freely with an Enquirer reporter about himself and other noted figuters.

He spoke thoughtfully and dispassionately, and his conversation was free from sling or profanity. There was no air of braggadocio about him and he spoke of himself modestly. No one who could have listened to his talk would have considered him the brute that he is.

"In talking to you," he said, "I want to say in the beginning that on the subject of prominent fighters this is the first authorized interview I have ever submitted to, although a great many interviews alleged to have been had with me have been published, and the first I ever knew of them was when I saw them in print." His opinions regarding McCaffrey and Mitchell often followed and the same have been published. Sullivan continued: "Cleary is a smart fellow and as good as any of them. He is lacks to do his man up if he can hit him in the proper place with that right hand of his. He has a very powerful right arm," and Sullivan shot his right arm straight out by way of expressing his opinion of Cleary's strength. "Cleary has been foolish, like lots of big-hearted fellows. He did well enough to move to New York, but he would have been better off had he moved further up town. You see, in locating on the Bowery he became associated with an element that didn't suit him, while if he had moved further up town he would have had a better class of visitors, and there would have been less temptation for him."

"Jack Dempsey is a promising lad," went on the champion, "and he is a thorough fighter. The only trouble is he isn't heavy enough. Le Blanche, 'the Marine,' is another thorough fighter, and he'd make it warm for any body that would meet him. I don't know anything about Fryer, the new man that Arthur Chambers brought to this country, but I'm satisfied that he is a good man, or Chambers would not have had anything to do with him. Talking of Chambers, there's a clever fighter, a good manager, too, and a little man that has always acted squarely with every one he ever put up his fists with, as well as the general public."

"How about Pug Wilson?" was asked.

"Pug Wilson was a coward," answered Sullivan, "and he acted cowardly with me. He was not a figuter of any pretentious merit. Joe was a great man in his day. I never heard of a better figuter. He didn't see odds of any of them, and he was a game a figuter as ever took a shirt off his back. He was my trainer once at Scituate, Mass., about twenty-seven miles from Boston, and I got to know him probably as well as any man ever knew him. I made a march on him one day and got down into the cellar, where there was a barrel of ale, but he caught me."

Here the champion chuckled at the anecdote he had just related. "Speaking of trainers he went on, "Jersey Sheppard is the best trainer in America, and I guess in the world. I know he's the only man that can train me. He knows his business. He understands what to do; how to work a man that's going to fight, and how to feed him."

"I am going to England this summer," he continued, "and I shall probably visit every prominent place in Europe. Most of the time I will be in England. I may be gone a year or two. Paddy Sheppard is going with me. I am going over there to meet every man of note in England who can fight. I will spar anybody in England, never mind who, provided he is a man of some reputation, and I hope to come back not only the champion of America, but the champion of England, too. But before I go I want to meet every man in America, so that after I have gone nobody can say that I was afraid to meet them. I want to leave here as the champion."

Somebody may have been discovered that is just as good as I am. I can't be Sullivan all the time even in name. While in England I'm going in good society. I shall visit the clubs and become acquainted with club men. I shall put up at the best hotels in England; I shan't hang around any sporting taverns, nor shall I associate with Tom, Dick and Harry, who fancy they are fighters. I expect to make a good deal of money while I am away. I shall hang up a good, fat purse in England, and spar for big money if I can find enough men to spar with. When I say I'm going in good society I mean it. I mean first-class people.

"Before I go, if I meet all the prominent boxers, I'll have lots to do; besides I've lots of things to settle up in Boston before going, and I shall be pretty busy. I've made a barrel of money, and I've spent it. I've been foolish, like thousands of other men, but I've paid dearly for my experience, and I guess it will do me all the more good in the end. In the future I'm going to take care of my money. When I became prosperous I was just like many other men. I had money and didn't know what to do with it, but I know the value of a dollar better now. If a man spends his money foolishly he's called a 'sucker,' and if he's mean he's called a 'sucker,' I've come to the conclusion it's just as well and a little better to be called a mean 'sucker' than a foolish 'sucker.' Of course, I can never be mean; it's not my nature; but I will at least not be foolish. I've been wild, to be sure, but I've been misquoted, and the newspaper stories about my escapades have been greatly exaggerated. It is a common thing for me to lie in bed in the morning and read about how I kick over a peanut-stand at midnight, when in reality I was in bed an hour before that time. The result is that the public know me as a bad man, but I am not." At this juncture the boxer's lunch was brought in, and he said: "There, I guess I've told you all I know; at any rate, I'm tired."

The Base-Ball Outlook.

With good weather the present week the openings at both parks will take place next Sunday. In the meantime matters are getting shaped and both the St. Louis American and League teams are nearly completed. It was widely rumored yesterday that the veteran Cal McVey had signed with Mr. Lucas, and if he plays anything like in his former shape he will be a strong man. The meeting of the Arbitration Committee on Friday week is looked to with great interest, and the impression grows that the League has determined on some more tending towards the re-instatement of reserve-rule breakers. This idea gains strength from the fact that the Boston Herald, formerly a very blatant and outspoken organ against any reinstatements has taken a back-track, and advises the Arbitration Committee to aid Mr. Lucas in making his nine as strong as possible.

Billiard Games.

Tom Gallagher and Frank Maggioli had another friendly match at Monarch Hall last night for $25 a side. Gallagher won easily, making runs of 81, 34 and 40, going out at 300, leaving his opponent at 123, whose best run was 33. Gallagher's skill evinced in his big runs called out loud applause from his friends. The match between Gallagher and Billy Catton comes off at Mercantile Library Hall Friday night, and a good game is expected, as the former's hand has entirely recovered from its recent injury.

Diamond Chips.

The Bostons will play four college nines during the preliminary season.

Bushong will probably have the general management of the St. Louis team.

Twenty-two well-known professional base-ball men have died within a year.

It is said that Hines is weakening, and will sign with the Providence Club at the figures offered.

The League rules on scoring are now so clear that there can be no excuse for misunderstanding them.

The National League has been in existence for nine years, and during that time 3083 championship games have been played.

George Creamer, who was only recently signed to play second base for the Baltimore Club, is said to be sick with the consumption.

Ed Williamson will try and get Flint and Gore here to join his picked nine, who meet the Browns on Sunday at Sportsman's Park.

A base-ball reporter says: "Barrett, Pa's Morrison and Barr have been released by the Indianapolis Club." We are sorry for that, but we suppose base-ball players cannot be kept locked up all the time, however bad they may be.—[Norristown Herald.

League batsmen will have a 6x4 footbox to caper in this season, while the American Association men will have to keep within bounds of the old style 6x8 foot square. In the League the men can stand within six inches of the corner of the plate. American batsmen must keep a foot away.

Sporting Sundries.

Gallagher is playing in handsome form, and beat Maggioli again last night at balk line. His best run was 81.

A down-town office has been established for the St. Louis Bench Show at Albright's, 313 N. Third street. Entries can be made there.

The advices from the antipodes state that Hanlan beat Clifford with ease. In his race with Beach on Saturday he is the favorite, but not at long odds.

John S. Prince, the bicyclist, offers to give W. Donovan, the roller-skater, 300 miles start in a six-days race, bicycle vs. rollers. Each man to have a separate track.

W. O. France has purchased the bay mare Vesta Wilkes, foaled 1876 by George Wilkes, dam by Wagner Abdallah, for $1,000. She was bought of Dr. William Jarvis of Claremont, N. H.

The entries for the St. Louis Bench Show promise to fill all vacant space long before the time of closing. Promptness is therefore essential in making entries. Secretary Munson is overrun in the applications for prize lists and blanks, and yesterday's mail far exceeded any of any previous date.

Book-making has been declared to be illegal at Brussels, Belgium, the same as it is in France, and the police have lost no time in enforcing the new regulation. On Sunday, March 1, they made a raid on the race-course at Berchem, St. Agatha, and expelled the book-makers, warning them that should they show their faces again all the money in their possession would be confiscated.

The English racing season will be opened with the Lincolnshire handicap over the old course at Carholm to-day. St. Blaise, the Derby winner of 1883, is the favorite, the latest quotations being 100 to 9 about him. He has 129 pounds up, and Archer, who was due in England on the 8th, will ride him. Bendigo is second choice, at 15 to 1, with 117 pounds on his back. The others quoted are Sweetbread, 5 years, 128 pounds, at 100 to 6; Boulevard, 5 years, 114 pounds, at 100 to 6; Toxans (last season's winner), aged, 120 pounds, at 25 to 1; Prestonpans, aged, 108 pounds, 40 to 1, and the same against Blue Grass, 6 years, and Miss Waller, 4 years, 89 pounds. It is 33 to 1 against Despair, 6 years, 121 pounds, and Brocken, 6 years, 92 pounds, and Goldfield, 5 years, 113 pounds. On Friday, 27th, the Grand National Steeplechase will be run at Liverpool. Belmont, at 151 pounds, is the favorite at 6 to 1, while 100 to 15 is quoted against Roqueforn, 154 pounds. It is 9 to 1 against Zoedone, 14 to 1 against Caudahar, 15 to 1 against Frigate, 20 to 1 against Phantom and Downpatrick, and 22 to 1 against Albert Cecil and Kilworth.

For fine Carriage Harness go to Sickles.

ADVERTISE in the POST-DISPATCH if you want help of any kind—three lines for ten cents.

JUSTLY PUNISHED.

Julius K. Dillman, the Boston Forger, Sent to Prison for Five Years.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

BOSTON, March 25.—The wedding tour of Julius K. Dillman, aged 25, a resident of Detroit, has come to a sad ending. In the Superior Criminal Court on Monday he pleaded guilty to several charges of forgery, and was sentenced to the reformatory at Concord for five years. Dillman is the young man who recently victimized several Boston firms by rushing into their counting-rooms a few minutes after banking hours with a pen behind his ear and otherwise appearing like a man of business, with checks purporting to be signed by well-known firms, which, appearing to be genuine, were in many instances cashed. The defendant is the son of Col. Dillman,

A PROMINENT AND WELL-KNOWN CITIZEN

of Detroit, and was recently married to a young lady of good family. He came to Boston in February last on his wedding tour, and also for the purpose of obtaining business, and getting short of cash took this means of raising money. It was stated that just before coming to Boston Dillman bought an option in a silver mine which is now worth a bonus of $2,000. His young wife is broken-hearted over the evil course of her newly wedded husband. She got all their best friends from Detroit and tried to save him, and when it was known to him that her attempts had failed he ill-treated her shamefully in the Charles Street Jail. When his father was Park Commissioner in Detroit he was arrested for burglary, but was let go on account of his respectable connections.

For Turf Goods go to Sickle's.

THE best wedding gift is an etching or engraving artistically framed at Redheffer & Koch, 1000 Olive street, the leading art dealers.

The Municipal Assembly.

The Council met last evening, President Parker in the chair. The Committee on Municipal Affairs recommended the filing of the charter amendments bill, and a resolution requesting the St. Louis, Laclede and Carondelet Gas Companies to relinquish so much of their chartered rights as relates to the lighting and extinguishing of street lamps during moonlight nights. A complimentary resolution to the Board of Public Improvements was passed, which was followed by a number of complimentary speeches, directed in many directions. The Council then adjourned sine die.

THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

The House of Delegates met last evening, Speaker Walsh in the chair. The well-closing ordinance was signed. A vote of thanks to the officers of the House was passed, and after some general discussion the House adjourned sine die.

After the adjournment of the Council the members of that body went in a party to Tony Faust's, where a supper was had, and much good feeling prevailed.

FAIR Leather Village Cart Harness at Sickles' cheaper than anywhere in the city.

State Convention of Architects.

The architects of Missouri will meet in their First Annual State Convention on Friday morning next, at 10 o'clock, at the Public School Library Hall in this city. The delegates on their arrival will report at the Laclede Hotel, where they will be met by a reception committee of local architects. The convention has been called by Charles E. Illsley, president of the Western Association of Architects, and Charles K. Ramsey, chairman of the committee. There will be exhibits of architectural designs, materials, and other things of interest to the fraternity, and an invitation has been extended to the convention to attend the Art Department of Washington University.

ALL styles Buggy Harness at Sickles'.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Interesting Personal, Social and News Gossip From the Neighboring Towns.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

JERSEYVILLE, ILL., March 25.—A. W. Cross and wife leave Wednesday for New Orleans.——S. N. Spencer and family have moved to Pawnee, Kan.——Rev. Van Tree's son Willie is very sick and not expected to live.——The wheat crop in Jersey County is looking badly, and if the weather does not change favorably soon, wheat won't be half a crop here.

ST. CHARLES, Mo., March 24.—Miss Fannie Simpson returned home last Saturday.——The Progressive Euchre Club will meet at the residence of Mrs. Blackburn on Thursday evening.——Mr. Ed. Hayward of Hannibal is in town in the interest of the new railroad.——The family of Mr. W. W. Sherman of Wentzville removed to St. Charles to-day.——Mrs. Belva Lockwood will lecture here to-morrow evening.

TROY, Mo., March 24.—Lincoln County Circuit Court convenes next Monday. The docket, which is unusually long, contains eleven divorce suits.——There was a social hop at the residence of Mrs. V. M. Hutt last Friday evening.——Mrs. J. J. Shaw and Miss Bessie McKay spent last week with Bowling Green friends.——Cards are out for the marriage of Miss Berta Turner to Mr. Robert W. Ogden of Pike County at the residence of Capt. J. J. Ogden, in this city, next Tuesday evening.——One day last week a cutting affray occurred at Brevator, this county, in which a German was badly carved by a negro.

JACKSONVILLE, ILL., March 24.—The Democrats of this county will hold their primaries next Saturday to select delegates to the county convention, which meets on 30th inst.——The Centenary Church sociable meets at the house of Mrs. D. C. McCoy on State street this evening.——Mr. John W. Springer, nephew of the Hon. Wm. P. Springer, has just returned from Washington, where he spent the winter.——The best musical talent of the city will give a concert next Friday evening for the benefit of the City Hospital.——There are six applicants for the Post Office in this city, and the contest is getting pretty warm.——The Republicans have called their city convention to nominate a city ticket for Tuesday, the 31st inst.

SURPRISED PARTIES.

A Number of Gentlemen Who Were Looking for Office.

Results of the Democratic Primary Elections Yesterday—Harry Keevil "Weakens" in the Second Ward—The Make-Up of To-Day's Convention—A Hard Fight.

The POST-DISPATCH did not overstate the case yesterday when it said that the Democratic primaries were exciting more interest and calling out a larger vote than any other in the history of the city. The result shows that in all of the wards an extraordinary vote was polled, while in some of them the totals approximated the figures of the vote cast for Cleveland. In the Second Ward, for instance, where the Cleveland electors received 634 votes, the four contesting delegations yesterday scored a total of 620. The excitement in all of the wards where the sentiment was so divided as to make the result doubtful was intense, and in the Second, Fourth, Tenth, Twelfth, Fifteenth, Eighteenth and Twentieth the crowds at the polls obstructed the sidewalks and the streets as well. Long lines had to be formed, under directions of the police, and men had to take their places therein and wait sometimes an hour before they reached the ballot box. In the Western Precinct, Eighteenth Ward, at 7 o'clock last night, the line was half a block long, and forty or fifty silk hats could be counted among the patient waiting ones. The business element turned out in greater force in that and the Fifteenth Wards than on any such occasion within the memory of the oldest inhabitants. At each polling place, too, the roadway was crowded with vehicles of all descriptions, many of them covered with white muslin, on which was inscribed earnest and gratuitous advice to the voters as to the exercise of their franchise, while inside of an occasional wagon sat a fife and drum band or a trombone artist with a bass drum assistant. The saloons in the vicinity of the polls everywhere reaped a harvest which insures for the future a greater scramble than ever on the part of saloon-keepers to secure the location of voting places in their neighborhood.

The fight of the combination against Maj. Rainwater in his own ward, the Fifteenth, was a fierce one. The men at the car stables of the People's and Lindell Railways were marched to the poll at Schnaider's Garden, and the first 103 votes cast there were, almost without exception, for the combination ticket. The employes of Schnaider's Brewery also voted that way, and during the earlier hours of the afternoon it appeared as though the Rainwater forces were completely overwhelmed. Later in the day, however, the tide turned, and when 6 o'clock came the Rainwater men heaved a sign of great relief at the welcome announcement that the totals showed them to be about eighty ahead. Mr. Given Campbell had a very sad experience. Refusing to believe that the men who had agreed to put himself and Mr. Hoster upon the combination ticket had gone back on their bargain, he had some very imposing placards printed, on which the word "Fraud" stood out in letters of startling dimensions. The placard announced that the tickets which did not bear the names of Campbell and Hoster were bogus, but the populace evidently refused to believe it, for the tickets on which those names appeared were slighted most shamefully at each of the polls.

The result in the Eighteenth Ward was a surprise to the Rainwater, Noonan and Brown men, because the Rainwater men had confidently claimed the ward, the Noonan men had conceded it to Rainwater, and Brown was sure it would give him (Brown) a solid delegation.

The Second Ward result was not so great a surprise, but still the Rainwater men had expected to carry it, and were, of course, sorely disappointed. The immense vote was beyond the estimates of all parties.

In the Fourth Ward an accident happened to the ballot-box during the count, the ballots being spilled all over the floor. When they were swept up it was found that the tide which had seemingly set in against the Noonan delegation before the box tipped over had turned, and the count thereafter showed a steady gain for that ticket. When the tickets were all counted, Frank Mahon was conceded to be the boss of the Ward for the next two years.

In the Twelfth Ward, John Carroll, the Central Committeeman, received a blow from a set of brass knuckles in the hands of a young man whose father had not been allowed a representation inside the polls, but some sticking plaster served to repair the damage done to his facial beauty, and he will not prosecute.

In view, however, of the intense excitement that prevailed, and of the immense crowds that assembled, the day was remarkably free from personal collisions. In each poll each delegation was allowed to have a representative to watch the judges, but notwithstanding this fact the polls were hardly closed before it was announced that there would be half a dozen contests. Following is a list of the delegates elected, the preferences of many of them for Mayor being in such doubt as to occasion a deal of controversy:

THE DELEGATES.

First Ward—Delegates: W. H. Martin, Thomas Griffin, Ben B. Davenport, Henry Howard, James Bannerman, Thomas McLeavey, J. M. Whitman. Alternates: James J. Butler, Edward J. Murphy, Dan Carey, Frank Riley, Thomas Walker, John Fitzgerald. House of Delegates: Peter R. Morrissey.

Second Ward—Delegates: Richard Purcell, James Manley, H. M. Smit, J. P. Shults, John E. Hagerty. House of Delegates: Patrick Monahan.

Third Ward—Delegates: Ed Grimley, Joseph Klaren, Charles C. Yeackel, Joseph Kramer, James Magner, Charles Wasmer. House of Delegates: Thomas F. Fitzpatrick.

Fourth Ward—Delegates: Thomas Fitzmorris, Edward Gallagher, Martin Maloney, Charles W. O. Horn, Michael Callahan, Patrick B. Byrnes, Francis Devine, John Demeretti, Thomas Paterson, James Magovern. House of Delegates: Charles D. Keenan.

Fifth Ward—Delegates: Frank Varreiman, Wm. Sobreder, John H. Heidacker, Frank Kemper, Peter Kress, John B. Judd. House of Delegates: Joseph Stech.

Sixth Ward—Delegates: Michael Keary, Daniel Meyers, George Truesdale, James Farrell.

Seventh Ward—Delegates: Elvis P. Helmbacher, Frank Boehm, John Trimberger, Frank Witter, Herman Schneliker. House of Delegates: Frank G. Crossman.

Eighth Ward—Delegates: Charles Ischer, Timothy Dinen, J. Green Case, Frank X. Zimmerman.

Ninth Ward—Delegates: John Fundi, T. P. Culkin, John O'Rourke, Richard Walsh, Gustave Silberman.

Tenth Ward—Delegates: Charles C. Maffitt, P. J. McNamara, Andrew Blong, Joseph Habersroh, Charles McDonald, William Towle, James Eagan, Mathew Keating, Patrick O'Connell. Alternates: M. J. Kenefick, Thos. Masterson, Alex. Cudmore, M. J. Lynch, Dr. J. C. Nidelet, Jeremiah Murphy, Thadieus Harris, John Boyd, Bernard Dounler. House of Delegates: John Waters.

Eleventh Ward—Delegates: John C. Lohrum, Andrew J. Hennerich, Albert Schwind, Jacob L. Reinhardt.

Twelfth Ward—Delegates: Thomas J. Hennessy Thomas J. Finnegan, John J. Burk, H. E. Ahlbrandt, Jas. J. Hagerty, Thomas Whalen, Patrick Kealy, Jas. T. O'Malley, Jas. Sweeney, Edward E. Meagher, John Caulil, Richard Halloran. House of Delegates: J. M. Sullivan.

Thirteenth Ward—Delegates: Frank Suda, Peter A. Stein, Jos. F. McHose, Matt. Kossanjans. Alternates: Louis J. Tichacek, George Werner, John H. Tenbusch, Thomas Phillips.

Fourteenth Ward—Delegates: John B. O'Mera, John H. Wilke, Daniel Broderick, Thomas Wand. Richard Carey, Edward McGroarty, Joseph Stoltenbenn.

Fifteenth Ward—Delegates: John G. Prather, Charles F. Orthwein, James Cavanaugh, William Decker, Patrick C. Cassidy, Simon Meyer, Frank M. Kleiber. House of Delegates: Louis W. Bianke.

Sixteenth Ward—Delegates: John Nienaus, Henry Perkins, Geo. Sander, James Sweeney, Anton Schmidt. House of Delegates: Charles A. Schrage.

Seventeenth Ward—Delegates: John Clark, Patrick McGrath, John Rude, F. J. Curran, Dan Linahan, Wm. Grace, Richard Nagle, James Carroll. House of Delegates: Jerry Coakley.

Eighteenth Ward—Delegates: Frank P. Blair, George Weaver, Garrard Strode, Henry Ameiung, John Gukst, John M. Gilkerson, John H. Overall, Patrick Reilley, Edward Sheehy, Patrick Kirby, John Wagers, Thomas Masterson. House of Delegates: M. R. Collins, Jr.

Nineteenth Ward—Delegates: F. H. Bierman, Patrick Bersey, Henry S. Banks, Robert Fox, John A. Lynch. House of Delegates: Wm. V. M. Reilly.

Twentieth Ward—Delegates: P. S. Griffin, James Byrom, Edward White, John J. King, Florence McAuliffe, Luke McLaughlin, John Egan. House of Delegates: P. H. O'Reilly.

Twenty-first Ward—Delegates: John J. Ganahl, Chas. H. Arnew, Con. Linnenkohl.

Twenty-second Ward—Delegates: Thos. J. Walsh, John McAuliffe, Harry Baldwin. House of Delegates: John B. Rolfes.

Twenty-third Ward—Delegates: Owen Finnegan, Fred Young, Dennis Godfrey, Wm. Huber.

Twenty-fourth Ward—Delegates: Joseph Murphy, Louis Lattimont, John Weland, Pat Matthews, Daniel Glosk, John Rourcely. House of Delegates: Henry T. J. Hoock.

Twenty-fifth Ward—Delegates: Theodore Schenlan, Patrick Karney.

Twenty-sixth Ward—Delegates: Lawrence Carey, T. F. Bell, T. J. Brow. House of Delegates: Dr. Barbee.

Twenty-seventh Ward—Delegates: L. F. Mitchell, Peter Humes, E. C. Buchanan. House of Delegates: Thomas G. Kaye.

Twenty-eighth Ward—Delegates: Maurice Prendiville, Daniel McCarthy, John Fowers, Henry Flood, James S. Dowling, Patrick Leahy. House of Delegates: E. F. Stone.

Too Deep for Sponges.

"Yes, sponges are certainly a very curious form of life. They seem to stand on the boundary between the animal and the vegetable kingdoms, partaking in some degree of the nature of each."

The speaker was Mr. A. Blume, of Mansel, Blume & Co., sponge dealers of New York, and the scene was a wholesale drug house in Providence, R. I. Time, the summer of 1884. Surroundings, bales and barrels of sponges—which suggested his remark.

"With a damp sponge," he continued, "you can wipe a chalk mark from a board, but it takes one of these (handing down an elegant box from the shelf) to drive the lumbago from a man's back."

"What are they?" said I.

"The best plasters on this planet," answered Mr. Blume; "they relieved me of lumbago after the other alleged remedies had proved useless; they are Benson's Capcine Plasters, and when you need anything of the sort you know what to ask for."

Mr. Blume's opinion is echoed from elsewhere, as follows:

"I have never been troubled with lumbago since using Benson's plasters." James Byrne, Chicago, Ill.

"I would say to all sufferers from lumbago, Try what Benson's plasters will do for you." George E. Hunt, 8 Eldridge Court, Chicago.

"I suffered from lumbago for eighteen months. At the end of that time I was led to try a Benson's plaster. Mark the result. *In twelve hours I felt better, and inside of a day and a half I was entirely free from all of the symptoms.*" Gratefully yours, Frank G. Pearson, 525 Wabash avenue, Chicago, Ill.

"I had a very severe attack of lumbago, in which I found Benson's plasters very effectual." M. A. Burbank, 181 Kinzie street, Chicago.

Ask to see the Three Red Seals. Imitations of Benson's plaster are sold under similar names. When buying Benson's examine the plaster yourself before it is wrapped up. The genuine has the Three Red Seals trade mark on its face. Look for the Three Red Seals.

Cuticura

Infantile Blood Purifiers and Skin Beautifiers.

Absolutely Pure and Safe From the Moment of Birth.

INFANTILE and Birth Humors, Milk Crust, Scalled Head, Eczemas and every form of Itching, Scaly, Pimply, Scrofulous and Inherited Diseases of the Blood, Skin and Scalp, with loss of Hair, from Infancy to Age, cured by the CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new blood purifier, internally, and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP, the great skin cures, externally. *Absolutely pure and safe, and may be used from the moment of birth.*

"OUR LITTLE BOY."

Mr. and Mrs. Everett Stebbins, Belchertown, Mass., write: "Our little boy was terribly afflicted with Scrofula, Salt Rheum and Erysipelas ever since he was born, and nothing we could give him helped him, until we tried CUTICURA REMEDIES, which gradually cured him, until he is now as fair as any child."

"WORKS TO A CHARM."

J. S. Weeks, esq., Town Treasurer, St. Albans, Vt., says in a letter dated May 28: "It works to a charm on my baby's face and head. Cured the head entirely and has nearly cleaned the face of sores. I have recommended it to several, and Dr. Plant has ordered it for them."

"A TERRIBLE CASE."

Charles Eayre Hinkle, Jersey City Heights, N. J., writes: "My son, a lad of 12 years, was completely cured of a terrible case of Eczema by the CUTICURA REMEDIES. From the top of his head to the soles of his feet was one mass of scabs." Every other remedy and physicians had been tried in vain.

FOR PALE, LANGUID,

Emaciated children, with pimply, sallow skin, the CUTICURA REMEDIES will prove a perfect blessing, cleansing the blood and skin of inherited impurities and expelling the germs of scrofula, rheumatism, consumption and severe skin diseases.

Sold everywhere. Price: CUTICURA, 50 cents; RESOLVENT, $1; SOAP, 25 cents. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

BABY Use Cuticura Soap, an exquisitely perfumed Skin Beautifier, and Toilet, Bath and Nursery Sanative.

GARMENTS

FOR LITTLE FOLKS.

We are now stocked to overflowing with the latest Spring Novelties in Clothing, suitable for very small people, and the little toddlers, from 2 years up to 8, can be dressed in pleasing and attractive

KILT SUITS!

In such pleasing variety that no further looking around will be necessary. We have placed on our counters this season the most elegant assortment of these goods we have ever handled, showing hundreds of beautiful designs in English and scotch Plaids, Fancy Cassimeres, Flannels, etc., and at prices that leave no room for competition.

Over 200 styles in Spring Kilts, single and double piece garments.

$15.00.....$10.....$12.50

☞ Ladies are specially invited to call and look through our elegant assortment in Children's Clothing, representing the latest novelties for spring wear.

FAMOUS,

Leading Retailers of Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Furnishing Goods, Parasols, Millinery, Novelties, Chinaware, Books and House Furnishings.

DIED.

Marriage and death notices will be inserted at the rate of twenty-five cents for three lines.

MCAULIFFE—Tuesday, March 24, at 7 p. m., BRIDGET, beloved wife of Daniel McAuliffe.

The funeral will take place from the family residence, No. 1217 O'Fallon street, at 9 a. m., Thursday, March 26, to St. Bridget's Church, and thence to Calvary Cemetery.

MCKECHNIE—March 24, 1885, Mrs. JANE L. MCKECHNIE, widow of Archibald McKechnie, late of Pollokshaw, Scotland, aged 79 years and 10 months.

Funeral from the residence of her son, 4060 Fairfax avenue, Thursday, at 2 p. m. ALEX. MCKETCHNIE.

FUETTERER—HERMAN, Wednesday, March 25, 2 a. m., after a short illness, aged 65 years, 11 months and 26 days.

Funeral will take place Friday, March 27, 2 p. m., from No. 621 N. Eighth street. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS!

The above Rattan Carriage, Creton Lining and Brussels Carpet, only $8 25; sold elsewhere $12 00.

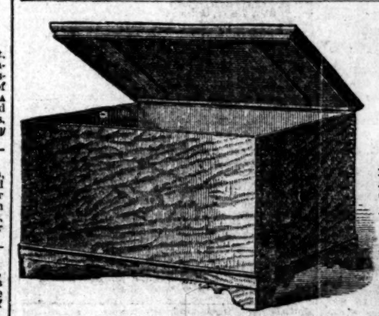
Baby Carriages!

See our Styles before purchasing. You can save from $3 to $5 on a Carriage by buying at the

St. Bernard Dollar Store,

414, 416 and 418 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

Send Stamp for Illustrated Catalogue.



CEDAR CHESTS!

"TAKE TIME BY THE FORELOCK,"

And save your Furs and Woolen Clothes from the Moths by packing them in these Moth-Proof Chests. They will save their cost in one season. They are well made, nicely finished; have good lock and key.

Simmons Hardware Co.

FENTON'S EXPERT ROLLER SKATES

Celebrated

The Lightest Running and Most Durable Skate Made.

C. & W. McCLEAN,

Agents, 410 and 412 N. Fifth Street, St. Louis.

TYLER DESK CO.
500 N. Fourth St.,
ST. LOUIS, - - MO.
Fine Desks, Bookcases, Office Chairs, Tables, Letter Presses, &c.
Forty-page Illustrated Catalogue sent on receipt of 6 cents postage.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

GOULD DIRECTORY CO., No. 813 Locust st., St. Louis, Mo., March 23, 1885.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the above company will be held at their office on Monday, April 13, 1885, for the election of directors for the ensuing year. Polls open from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. DAVID B. GOULD, President.
EDWIN POTTER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF CAMP SPRING MILL CO., St. Louis, March 23, 1885.—The annual meeting of the stockholders for the purpose of electing seven directors to serve for the ensuing year, will be held on Thursday the 2d day of April, 1885, at the office of this company, at the northeast corner of Twentieth and Walnut streets.
Polls open from 9 a. m. to 12 m.
H. H. CORES, Secretary. J. B. WOESTMAN, President.

POLITICAL.

WM. A. HOBBS
IS A CANDIDATE FOR
CITY REGISTER,
Subject to the Republican Nomination.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

WE WARN THE PUBLIC AGAINST IMPOSITION

By a number of unknown persons who are peddling combs at private residences and elsewhere, representing themselves as our agents.

The combs which are represented as our

"Goodyear Rubber Co.'s"
AND
"Goodyear Rubber Co.'s Superior Combs"

are base imitations and are not our make.

We warn all parties engaged in this traffic that if the sale is continued as above, we will prosecute them to the full extent of the law.

GOODYEAR RUBBER CO.,
GEO. B. THOMSON, Agent.

AMUSEMENTS.

7th ANNUAL
ELKS' BENEFIT
FOR THE
BENEVOLENT FUND!
Will Take Place at the
Olympic Theater
Thursday Matinee,
APRIL 9.
Combined Attractions of all the Theaters.
The Great Dramatic Event
OF THE SEASON.
Auction sale of seats at Box Office Monday Next, at noon.

PALACE THEATER.
Seventh and Elm Streets.
ADMISSION, 10, 15 and 25 Cents.
☞ The best show in the city.

Star Roller Skating Rink,
CORNER OF NINETEENTH AND PINE STS. | TO-NIGHT.
Great Western Rink Combination. The finest Rink Combination in the World.
ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.
— Grand — Carnival — Thursday —

ANDREWS' Parlor Folding Bed, 30 Styles
Elegant, Convenient, Portable
Prices $12 to $40 upward.
1116 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.
Send for Illust'd Catalogue.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC.
To-night and during the week, the Comedians,
Robson & Crane,
In a new Comedy by Joseph Bradford, author of Our Bachelors, called
THE CHERUBS,
SATURDAY NIGHT—CHAMPAGNE AND OYSTERS.
Sunday, March 29—Bunch of Keys.

CASINO
EVERY EVENING.
OYER'S ENGLISH NOVELTY CO. Ladies' and Children's Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 2½.
March 29—"A COLD DAY WHEN WE GET DEPT" CO.

STANDARD THEATER.
THIS WEEK, EGBERT'S COMEDY CO, Supporting
MISS KATE GLASSFORD.
Prices---10, 20 and 30c.
Wednesday matinee, East Lynne; Wednesday night, Our Boys; Thursday night, Banker's Daughter; Friday night, Pinafore; Saturday matinee, Camille; Saturday night, Ticket of Leave; Sunday matinee, Queen's Evidence.
Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. (Prices then—20 and 25c.) NEXT WEEK—Castle's Celebrities.

POPE'S.
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2. | TO-NIGHT AT 8.
Wallack's Theatre Company in
VICTOR DURAND!
With its Great Cast.
Sunday, March 29—Grace Hawthorne in Queens.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.
THIS (WEDNESDAY) AFTERNOON AT 2.
GRAND BARREL OF FUN MATINEE.
25c.—50c. 25c.—50c.
Next Week—Linda Evans, "The Little Electric Battery." Benefit of Dick Sylvis, Assistant Treasurer, Thursday, April 2.

BROADWAY & TREYSER'S
NEW DIME MUSEUM,
North Sixth Street, near Franklin avenue.
JAMES A. BARNES.....Sole Manager.
First time in this city, The Famous
HUMAN LEOPARD FAMILY.
Last Week of the
ENGLISH MIDGET.
HOP O' MY THUMB.
ADMISSION TO SEE EVERYTHING.....10 CENTS.
THE PICKWICK---PROF. HENRY,
The Eminent
Psychologist, Mind-Reader and Mesmerist,
Will give a course of lectures, commencing Wednesday, the 25th. Experiments with subjects from the audience. Admission, 25c; children, 15c.

EXPOSITION
ROLLER SKATING RINK.
Three Sessions Daily.
Morning, 9 to 12. Afternoon, 2 to 5.
Evening, 7 to 10:30.
This week, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, at 8.
PROF. W. R. ASH,
Giving exhibitions of Fancy and Trick Skating.
Next week, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, April 2, 3 and 4.
LIVINGSTON BROTHERS,
The Greatest Bicycle Combination, will give their unique and refined exhibition of Fancy and Trick Riding every evening at 8.
Don't forget the date, April 14—AGOSTON.

EXCELSIOR MFG. COMPANY.
WOODWARD & TIERNAN,
212 Locust Street, St. Louis.
Printers, Book Binders, ENGRAVERS, AND Manufacturing Stationers.
AGENTS FOR "KOSMIAN SAFETY INK."

CHARTER OAK STOVES
Unrivalled in Appearance.
Unparalleled in Simplicity.
Unsurpassed in Construction.
Unprecedented in Durability.
Unexcelled in Economy of Fuel.

BRANCH OFFICES.

1800 CHOUTEAU AV.—H. F. A. Spiller 2700 CHOUTEAU AV.—W. E. Krueger. 2901 MARKET ST.—B. L. Pharmacy Co. 1515 OLIVE ST.—Exposition Pharmacy. 3340 OLIVE ST.—H. Mahoney. 1016 GARRISON AV.—Blachly's Pharmacy. 2631 GAMBLE ST.—Braun's Pharmacy. 1106 N. SIXTEENTH ST.—John P. Howe. 1854 CASS AV.—Benj. Parent's. 1639 JEFFERSON AV., cor. Lafayette—Harris & Smith. 1836 PARK AV.—J. Callachan. 2100 SIDNEY ST.—Ed. Dufour. 1501 BENTON ST.—Otto Sutte. 2625 N. BROADWAY.—Bremen Drug Store. 3119 S. BROADWAY.—Otto A. Karnatz. EAST ST. LOUIS, op. Post Office—Oscar F. Kresse. BELLEVILLE, ILL., (Chandler Building)—Kaercher & Stolberg.

Parties advertising in these Columns and having the answers addressed in care of POST-DISPATCH, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes. Parties answering advertisements must have their replies directed to their own POST OFFICE address.

LODGE NOTICES.

MEMBERS of the Order of Chosen Friends are cordially invited to meet at Council Hall of St. Louis Council No. 2, O. C. F., corner Jefferson and Lucas avs., Thursday evening, March 26, 1885. A distinguished brother of Manhattan Council of New York is expected to be present. G. CHAPMANSON, C. C.
J. C. WILSTTE, Sec'y. a35

HALL OF LAMBSKIN LODGE, No. 460, A. F. & A. M., Chouteau av. and Manchester Road. Regular communication this Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Exemplification of work in the F. C. Degree. Members particularly requested to be present. Visiting brethren cordially invited. By order of W. M. R. F. ROBERTSON, Sec'y. ALEX. GRAHAM, W. M. w33

SCANDIA LODGE, No. 67, K. OF P., will confer the Third Rank on two Esquires Wednesday evening, March 25, 1885. All members are requested to be present. G. JOHNSON, C. C.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

MONEY to loan on all personal property from $1 to $10,000, at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 36

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—A situation as traveling salesman through Southern and Illinois; good trade, well acquainted, can handle most any kind of goods and can give unexceptional references. Ad. B 10, this office. 27

WANTED—Situation by two young men in wholesale house collecting or office work; good penmen; wages no object; can furnish good ref. G. W. C., 960 Chouteau ave. w27

WANTED—Situation as salesman by an A No. 1 hat or gents' furnishing man; best of reference. Address B. N., No. 13 N. Broadway. w37

WANTED—Situation by a young man as city salesman with a good trade. J. Lys, 907 Carr st. w37

WANTED—Situation by a young man in hardware store; long experience and not afraid of work. 2104 Carr st. w37

WANTED—Situation by an experienced dry goods clerk; city ref. given. A 80, this office. 37

The Trades.

WANTED—Situation by a first-class licensed engineer. Jos. Morrison, 7th and Morgan sts. w38

WANTED—Situation as carpenter by an experienced man. 1422 Morgan st. w38

WANTED—Situation by a boy 17 years of age to learn a good trade; first-class reference given; wages not looked after. Ad. B 28, this office. 28

WANTED—A young man of 19 wishes to learn the whitening trade. Ad. Jos. Boshek, 905 Allen av.

WANTED—Situation as custom cutter. Address J. Treas, 810 N. 9th st. a38

Coachmen and Drivers.

WANTED—Situation as coachman by one who understands doing business; best of ref. Ad. H. E., 507 S. 2d st. w39

WANTED—Situation by a young man with fair education, to drive delivery wagon. Ad. or apply at 1306 Clark av. a39

WANTED—A young man, 26 years old, speaking German and English, well acquainted with the streets in the city, wishes a situation to drive delivery wagon. Ad. 27 S. 18th st. w39

Cooks.

WANTED—Situation by a young German man as cook; best of refs. given. L. Kirsch, 1104 Pine st. w40

WANTED—Situation by a young man as second cook or broiler; hotel or restaurant. J. Smith, 1529 Franklin av. w40

WANTED—Situation by a young man as cook in a small family or to work around the house. David Brown, 1020 Clark av. w40

WANTED—Situation by a young German man as cook; best of refs. given. Ad. 1004 Pine st. a40

WANTED—Situation by a good man cook. 1201 N. 7th st., 2d floor. a40

Boys.

WANTED—Situation by a boy 16 years old, strong and healthy; knows the city thoroughly and has good references. W 97, this office. w42

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 16 to learn a good trade. Address J. H., 917 Madison st. w42

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 16 to learn a good trade. Address L. Starr, 1108 St. Louis av. w42

WANTED—By a boy of 14, situation to carry bundles or work around store. J., 704 N. 4th st. w42

WANTED—Situation of any kind by a boy 16 years old. Joe Neff, 926 Shenandoah st. w42

WANTED—A boy 17 years old would like to learn shoemaker's trade. Ad. Fred Heil, 317 N. 22d st. w42

WANTED—A respectable colored boy wants a situation; will be willing to do any kind of work. Apply at 1715 Lucas av. a42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation by a single young man, of 25, as bestler, porter or houseman; small wages; references. Address or call on Harry Holmes, No. 19 N. Leven. a42

WANTED—By a respectable married man, situation as porter; is a good packer; well acquainted with dry goods stock. Address C. Thomet, 17 S. 19th st. a42

WANTED—Situation by a good gardener; understands garden, trees and flowers. Elmie P. Lewis, 2d and Elm sts. a42

WANTED—Situation by a young man as copyist, from 4 to 6 p. m. Ad. M. Well' 1824 S. Broadway. a42

WANTED—Situation by a colored man, as porter in a store or drive a wagon. 1317 Morgan st. a43

WANTED—A young man wants a situation as porter in a wholesale grocery. Ad. Andrew Ruka, 4104 S. Third st. a42

WANTED—By a competent French head waiter, a situation in a hotel, restaurant or club, city or country; No. 1 references from the best hotels in New York. Address J. Urguette, 718 Market st. w43

WANTED—By a young man, speaking English and German, a situation of any kind. Address E. Hoppe, 3726 Franklin av. w43

WANTED—By young man, situation of any kind. Ad. E. Littlewood, 813 N. 4th st. w43

WANTED—A situation by a young man with first-class references. M. Brown, 9th and Carr sts. w43

WANTED—Situation by a Christian and temperance young man; fair penman; best of references. R. L. H., East St. Louis, Ill. w43

WANTED—By practical business man, position in any kind of mercantile business; first-class reference. Address No. 2311 S. 2d st. w43

WANTED—Situation by a man who can speak French, German and English. Address 226 Almond st. w43

WANTED—Young man of 20 years wishes a situation on a farm or in a grocery store. N 99, this office.

MONEY to loan on all personal property from $1 to $10,000, at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 42

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

WANTED—An experienced book-keeper; ref. required. Ad. B 98, this office. w43

Clerks and Salesmen.

MONEY to loan on all personal property from $1 to $10,000, at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 34

Bryant & Stratton's Business

SHORTHAND AND ENGLISH TRAINING SCHOOL, corner Broadway and Market streets. This institution has a larger attendance than all other commercial schools in the city combined, and offers the best facilities for giving thorough instruction in the commercial and English branches and shorthand. We are the St. Louis agents for teaching the Stenograph or machine system of Shorthand, and we have introduced the shortest method of teaching pencil shorthand. For circulars, address Dr. W. M. Carpenter, President.

MERCANTILE Employment Agency, 314 Olive st., are placing people of all nationalities in all manner of positions; those in quest of permanent, well-paying situations can by greatly benefited by applying directly to them. fri

PRACTICAL book-keeping, arithmetic, writing, etc.; best and cheapest instructions in the city. Barnes & Hayward's Business College, 308 Olive st., open day and night. f24

Laborers.

WANTED—100 coal miners; good wages; steady employment to good miners. Apply to Bevier Coal and Manufacturing Company, 515 Fisk st. w39

The Trades.

WANTED—Carpenter to give one or two days' work in exchange for laundry work. Apply at Philadelphia Laundry, 1310 Pine st. w38

WANTED—6 common painters for inside work. Apply at office of the St. Louis Refrigerator and Wooden Gutter Company, Main st. and Park av.

WANTED—Stonemasons at Jefferson av. and Victor st. w38

Boys.

WANTED—Boy for housework. Apply at 2632 Olive st. w61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Steam lithograph press feeder. Stephens Lithographing and Engraving Company, 211 Washington av. w52

WANTED—Everybody to know that we make the best $7 pants in this city. Bauer & Lewis, 213 N. 4th st

WANTED—Experienced stitchers on ladies' fineshoes. Pearce, 1128 N. 3d st. a52

WANTED—Two gentlemen, energetic and willing to work; we can give permanent and profitable employment as salesmen, city or country. Call 10 a. m. Baird & Dillon, room 8, McLean Building, 4th and Market

WANTED—Man and wife, Germans preferred; woman to cook, man to care for horses and work on fruit farm. Ad. Box 483, Louisiana, Mo. w62

100 PERSONS wanted at the Gault House, 409-410 Bronze st.; sing a beds, 25c; single rooms, 50c for two per night; shave, 5c; hair cut, 15c. a52

DRAWING for shops, or for patents; also, drawing and its application to the trades taught, night or day. Geo. Crehore, 314 Vine st. 62

MONEY to loan on guns and pistols from $1 to $10,000 at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—Situation in office as assistant to bookkeeper, copyist, cashier or assistant cashier, or housekeeper, by young lady, highly educated and good hand-writer; ref. req. and given. Address M 100, this office. 44

WANTED—By a girl 18 years old, situation to do writing in an office; has a knowledge of bookkeeping. Call at or address 1028 Seiby place (old 10th st.) w44

WANTED—Lady writing a plain, nice hand, quick as the stenographer, desires a place in an office as correspondent, copyist or anything else. N 1, this office. a44

Stenographers.

WANTED—Situation by young lady of long experience to operate type-writer; good references. Address S 2, this office. a45

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Situation by seamstress, 620 Argyle av., first floor. w46

WANTED—French lady wants to do sewing and light housework. 1423 N. 16th st. a46

WANTED—A good fitter and draper would like dress making in families. Ad. S 2, 16th st. w46

Housekeepers.

WANTED—Widow lady of good address, without encumbrance, wishes position as housekeeper. Mrs. House, city Post Office. w47

WANTED—By an experienced housekeeper 34 years of age a situation, as overseeing housekeeper; home more of an object than wages. Ad. A 98, this office. 168

WANTED—Situation by a respectable lady as housekeeper in hotel in El Paso or Albuquerque, N. M. Ad. T 1, this office. a47

General Housework.

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States, to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

WANTED—Two girls want situations to do general work or washing. Sisters, 1234 N. 18th st. w48

WANTED—A girl wants a place to assist in general housework. Call at 814 N. 20th st., 3d floor, entrance in the rear. w48

WANTED—Situation by a German girl to do general housework in small family; first-class reference given. Ad. 1304½ Gay st., up stairs. w48

WANTED—By an experienced girl, a place for housework or assist with general housework; reference given. Apply or ad. 1616 N. 22d st. w48

WANTED—Situation by a first-class housemaid to do housework or nurse, or assist in housework; best of refs. 309 N. 5th st., up st. 1st. w48

WANTED—By a German girl, housework and sewing or dining-room work. Call at 211 S. 16th st. w48

WANTED—Situation by a young girl in small family. 810 N. 20th st. w49

WANTED—By an American girl, a situation at house and dining-room work or nursing and plain sewing. Call at 2632 Olive st. 148

WANTED—A girl wants a situation for housework and to help with nursing. Please call at 110 Channing av. a49

WANTED—A German girl wishes a situation to assist in housework. 1009 Biddle st. a48

WANTED—A well recommended girl wishes a situation in a private family for general housework. Call at 2656 Rutger st., up-stairs. a49

WANTED—Two good German girls want situations in private family. Parlor 5, 704 Olive st. w48

Cooks.

WANTED—First-class cook wants situation; city or country. Sisters, 1234 N. 18th st. w49

WANTED—A middle-aged woman wants a situation as cook in a small family. Call or address 3265 Olive st. w49

WANTED—Situation by a first-class cook, without washing or ironing. Call at 1838 Benton st., upstairs. w49

WANTED—Situation as a cook or to do housework. Apply at 818 Market st. w49

WANTED—Situation by a German girl to cook, wash and iron in a small family. Address, by mail, 1246 Franklin av. w49

WANTED—Situation by an experienced cook; will assist with washing and ironing; best city reference given. 923 N. 20th st. w49

WANTED—Situation by a middle-aged woman as cook and to assist with washing and ironing; best of city reference. 2632 Olive st. w49

WANTED—A situation by an experienced cook to assist with washing; also a good house girl; good ref. 2220 Franklin av. w49

WANTED—Situation by two good girls, one a good cook, other house girl. J 2, this office. w49

WANTED—Good cook wishes a situation to cook and assist in washing and ironing. Call at 1718 Franklin av., up stairs. No postal. a49

Nurses.

WANTED—A situation by responsible person to care a baby and sew. 1920 Morgan st. w50

WANTED—A good girl as nurse and to assist with light housework; also a girl for general housework in small family. 346 N. 16th st. w50

WANTED—Situation by a girl 13 years old to do nursing. Call or address 2116 N. Broadway, in rear, down stairs. w50

WANTED—Situation by a young lady as nurse, in family going to Europe this spring. 703 Lafayette av. w50

WANTED—Situation by a young woman as wet nurse. Call on Mrs. Mahoney, 1211 Biddle st. w50

WANTED—By a woman, a child one or two months old to take home and nurse; can give the best of references. Please call or address Mrs. Cannaday, 3129 Hickory st. w50

WANTED—By a girl of 16, place to nurse 2 or 3 children in a first-class family; ref. given. 3629 McNair av. w50

WANTED—Situation by a young girl 15 years old as nurse. 1414 O'Fallon st. a50

WANTED—By a respectable girl, a situation to take care of children, sew and help with housework; best ref. Call at 2359 Hickory st. a50

WANTED—Situation as nurse or housework in a nice family. Call at 1711 Franklin av. a50

Laundresses.

WANTED—Situation by a lady as laundress by the week or month. Address A. T., 709 N. 4th st. w51

Miscellaneous.

GO TO LYDIK, 4th and Morgan, for Easter cards; picture frames at a bargain. 132

WANTED—Ladies can procure good German girls by calling at 704 Olive st., parlor 3. w52

WANTED—A woman would like to clean offices for lawyers or doctors. Ad. 1436 Morgan st. w52

WANTED—Lady, educated, refined, good at figures and mathematics, writing plain business hand, bess ref. Address, for three days, D 2, this office. 152

WANTED—By a colored lady, a situation to go out two or three days in the week to do work of any kind. Appy at 1827 Gay st. a52

WANTED—A situation to do dining room and upstairs work; no postals answered. Ad. K. B., 1721 Franklin av. a52

WANTED—Parties in need of good German girls, and girls wanting situations, call at 2921 Geyer av. a52

WANTED—Situation by middle-aged woman with 9-year old child to work in city or country preferred. 806 Tyler st. w52

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Stenorraphers.

WANTED—A young lady to do type-writing in an office on place work terms. Ad. C 3, this office.

Housekeepers.

WANTED—Widower, middle-aged, no children, wants a respectable housekeeper, who can loan him a little money on security. Dr. S. Dewey, city. w63

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Good seamstress or dressmaker at 618 Spruce st. w63

WANTED—A hand sewer on coats. Call at 2109 Howard st. w63

WANTED—Good dressmakers with machines for cloth and silk suits; none but first-class hands need apply. T. F. Mooney, 615 and 617 N. Broadway. w63

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

General Housework.

LYDIK, 4th and Morgan, is slaughtering prices on picture frames, frames, albums, and entire stock; pictures framed to order lower than ever. 166

WANTED—Good girl or middle-aged woman to do general housework; no one that will quit good wages and steady home. Inquire of Mrs. P. D. Sage, cor. Vandeventer and St. Ferdinand avs. w66

WANTED—A girl to do general housework; only three in family; must be a first-class cook and come well recommended; wages no object for a neat, competent and reliable girl. Apply at 2731 Adams st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply at 2705 St. Charles. w66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework in small family; German pref. 1936 Missouri av. w66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Please call at 1016 Pine st. w66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2926 Easton av. w66

WANTED—At once, a good girl for general housework at 1157 N. 19th st. w66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Apply at 3505 N. 9th st. w66

WANTED—A German girl for general housework; no washing. Apply 1026 Leonard av. a66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 4066 Delmar av. w66

WANTED—Two good German girls for housework; $16 per month. 704 Olive st., room 4. w66

WANTED—Competent girl, with refs. for general housework; small family. 3518 Laclede av. w66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; no washing; immediately, with refs., at 2710 Locust st.

Laundresses.

WANTED—A laundress; three days in week; refs. req. 3554 Washington av. w67

Cooks.

WANTED—A strong, healthy colored woman to cook, wash and iron; good wages and treatment to a good woman. Apply at 2959 Glasgow place. 68

WANTED—Experienced cook for private family. Apply with refs., at 3d Carriage av. w69

WANTED—A good cook. Call at 412 Morgan st. w69

Nurses.

WANTED—Girl about 13 years old to assist in taking care of a baby. Call at 3145 Finney av. w70

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Five good German girls from the country; good wages; private family. 704 Olive st., rooms 3 and 4. w71

WANTED—A good girl, immediately, to work in kitchen. 2139 Olive st. a71

WANTED—Woman about 28 years old and willing to work at 16 S. 5th st.; no other need apply. w71

WANTED—Experienced hands on overalls; also, women to press jeans pants. 107 Locust st. w71

WANTED—Head scrub at Laclede Hotel. w71

WANTED—Milliners at 2106 Franklin av. Mrs. M. Bobards. 171

WANTED—Good girl at 10 N. 7th, up stairs. w71

WANTED—A girl between 16 and 16 years old, to learn the millinery trade. In return will receive a good home and board. Mrs. S. M. Griffin, 1505 Franklin av. w71

WANTED—Ten more girls from 12 to 18 years of age to learn paper trade. 909 Ash. 72

WANTED—Ladies or young men in the city or country wishing to earn $5 to $8 a day at their homes by canvassing; work furnished and sent by mail any distance. For particulars address with stamp, Crystallized Photo Co., 53 West 7th st., Cincinnati, Ohio. a71

WANTED—First-class shirt makers; plenty of work; good pay; we furnish steam power to run all machines. Ad. T. H. Boyd & Co., 209 N. 4th st. 71

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen at once in city, town, or village, to take light, pleasant work at their own house; distance no objection. Work sent by mail; can be done during leisure hours or as steady employment; $2 to $5 a day can be quickly made; no canvassing. For full information please address Globe Manuf'g. Co., 158 Milk st., Boston, Mass., box 5,844. 71

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—Canvassers for an article needed in every house; salary and commission. Call from 9 to 11 at 107 N. 8th st. w73

WANTED—Three men of energy to introduce in the city for a few days and can be counted on as staple; will out; will guarantee a live man over $5 a day. Inquire of L. Perry, 1107 Chestnut st. w73

WANTED—Street man for a quick selling patent medicine; first-rate chance for the right man. L 1, this office. a73

WANTED—Lady with $50 to take charge of a business that is paying $10 a day; this is a rare chance for the right party. Call or address Mrs. G. & Son, 1117 Pine st. a73

STAR BREAD RAISER—Next to the stove, the most useful of household articles. Send for descriptive circular. E. W. PULLMAN, 2311 N. 12th st.

Lady agents wanted. Call this week from 4 to 6 p. m. 73

EMPLOYMENT to active men or women to solicit for the Chronicle in the city; good pay to good workers. The Chronicle, 410½ Market st. w73

WANTED—Canvassers to introduce our remedies in the West; small capital required; business permanent and profitable. Cura Medicine Company, St. Louis, Mo. w73

DRESSMAKING.

LADIES will find it to their interest to call upon MISS LONG, 2631 Lucas av., be ore ordering their spring wardrobe; special attention given to ladies' tailor-made garments; satisfaction guaranteed both in style, fit and finish.

LYDIK, 4th and Morgan, for only $25 gives a life size crayon; the very best, elegantly framed; other sizes reduced in proportion. 172

LADIES, remove your pimples, freckles or sunburn by using Bloom of Beauty. Price 25c. Ask your druggist.

MRS. M. A. DUDLEY, 2644 Olive st.; artistic dress making; evening dresses, street costumes, wedding and mourning outfits; special attention given to purchasing dress goods and trimmings; prices reduced. 72

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—Board, near the Water Tower, by young man; state terms. K 2, this office. w73

WANTED—To sell furniture, stoves and carpets at the lowest cash price on easy payments. Geo. W. Jones, 22 and 24 S. 14th st. 19

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Furnished room with board, west of 14th st. T 2, this office. w20

WANTED—Room and board in suburbs of city by married lady; no children. R 2, this office. w20

WANTED—Gentleman wishes room and board in nice private family. Ad. S 1, this office. w20

WANTED—By gentleman and wife, cheerful, cool room and board within 20 minutes walk of 4th and Pine, where there are no children; must be boarding house; prompt pay; price not above $45. Ad. G 99, this office. w20

WANTED—Room and board by intelligent, genteel young man of highest character; location between 14th, Jefferson, Washington and Pine; no objection to congenial roommate; references given and required. Address, stating price, Post Office Box 379. w20

74 GASOLINE for stove purposes at Klute Bros., 7th and Rutger sts. 20

MONEY to loan on jewelry from $1 to $10,000, at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 20

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—For transient use, a furnished room; prefer west of Jefferson av., and between Chestnut st. and Cass av. Address T 95, this office. w21

WANTED—April 1, first floor, complete for housekeeping, with bath room, closet, etc., by a respectable gentleman and wife, no children; south side preferred; particulars and lowest terms. L 99, this office. w21

WANTED—To sell stoves, carpets and furniture on easy time payments, 10 per cent cheaper than the cheapest. Geo. W. Jones, 22 and 24 S. 14th st. 21

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—City lots or improved property, for cash and farm. Ad. A 4, this office. w22

WANTED—To buy, a small house; state price and street number. Address G 2, this office. a22

WANTED—Small brick house and lot; must be cheap for cash. Ad. W 1, this office. a22

WANTED—To purchase small place; 5 to 10 acres; on Price Line; accessible to depot; within 40 minutes' speeds. Address, giving location, description of place, in detail, and terms, P 95, this office. w22

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—A partner with $4,500 to $6,500 to take a half interest in a good paying saloon, situated in the best paying locality in the city. Ad. F 8, this office. w28

WANTED—Partner, with $500, to take half interest in good paying business. 901 Olive st., room 38. 29

WANTED—Partner with $1,000 to $3,000 cash to take share in proportion to capital and help push novelty which will pay $20,000 or probably more this summer; fine chance for active young man; principals only treated with. Ad. R 99, this office. w29

WANTED—An unusually good opportunity for man with $700 capital to take one-half interest in a well paper store; business rushing. Address P 96, this office.

WANTED—A partner with $5,000 to take one-half in terest in a well established manufacturing business; will bear the closest investigation; ref. ex. Ad. A 56, this office. w29

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—$100 for three months; will pay five per cent per month, secured by a $1,000 life insurance policy in a solid company. O 1, this office. w29

WANTED—$300 for 3 years, on real estate worth $1,500; 8 per cent; no commission. B 97, this office. w29

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to a revision or rejection entirely. The received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be returned; funded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature five cents a line.

PERSONAL—Young gent desires to become acquainted with young working girl; brunette preferred; one who would appreciate a true friend. Ad. N 97, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Will the young lady that visited the stores in the western part of city taking orders please grant young gent an interview Thursday evening? object, fun. Ad. S 1, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Young man of good standing desires the acquaintance of good looking and respectable young lady 19 to 22 years of age; object, social amusement. Ad. W 99, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Will some kind brother of the Masonic fraternity please assist a forsaking wife who is in need of a friend? If so address P 11, this office. w1

PERSONAL—S: Thursday eve; letter in Post Office for you. W. w1

PERSONAL—Will a kind gentleman of means assist a plain young working woman in need of a true friend? F 2, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Wanted—A prepossessing young lady to travel with gentleman this summer. C 2, this office.

PERSONAL—St. Charles: Can not possibly keep engagement to-morrow; must leave town for a few days; use P. O. for communications. E w1

PERSONAL—"Zoe": What is the matter? Meet me on 4th and Pine sts. to-morrow at 12 o'clock. "Frank."

PERSONAL—May: Letter in P. O. C. "Sadie." w1

PERSONAL—Feed store to-morrow evening without fail at 5. w1

PERSONAL—H. Pope: Northeast corner 5th and Olive sts., Thursday, 4 o'clock p. m. w1

PERSONAL—Information wanted of John Mulvaney, by his daughter Alice. Ad. Doyle's, 7th and Biddle sts.

PERSONAL—Lone W: Will be on southeast corner, Sunday evening, 8:3 ; put handkerchief to your face; I was there Tuesday; write if you are coming. C 92. w1

PERSONAL—Will young lady with little boy getting on 14th st. car yesterday about 5 p. m., give gentleman who went on Pine st. an opportunity for a private meeting? If desirous to form a pleasant acquaintance, ad. D 3, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Yes, "Revenge" has succeeded in that diabolical outrage, and now I say, yes, and will help you. Go to old place for instructions. Dynamite. w1

PERSONAL—A good looking, educated young man of small capital (6 ires to form the acquaintance and marry) of some young lady or widow with some capital and engage in a profitable business in the West. Any one meaning business can address, for one week only, K 2, this office. w1

PERSONAL—If lady who rode on 11th st. car going north at 11:30 Monday eve wishes to make the acquaintance of dark gentleman who sat in corner, please address, in confidence, F 3, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Burdis: D 96 will meet you at place suggested by you at 2:30 p. m.; don't fail; I will be standing on corner. w1

PERSONAL—A girl 17 years of age, stranger in this city, desires the acquaintance and companionship of a young lady in the ordinary walk of life; must be accomplished and good looking; correspondence confidential. E 2, this office. w1

MARTIN'S Shorthand and Type-writing College, 418 and 420 Olive st. Estab ished 1868. Trial free.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED—To exchange, a fine piano for a good horse. Ad. R 88, this office. w24

WANTED—Pair white or brown Lechorns, games or bantams to trade for Newfoundland pups. Fanciers' Agency, 4102 Fairfax av. w24

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—Lecaise Crayon Portraits, first-class every way, for $100. Address H 98, this office. w24

WANTED—Will exchange store-room, No. 1 location, for city or suburban property. Address S 90, this office. w24

STORAGE.

FURNITURE, pianos etc., stored; money advanced when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. P. J. Betts, 209 N. 6th st. 86

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. Broissart & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 84

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL—Miss McCaffrey has removed from 718 N 4th st. to 708 N. Broadway, opposite Union Market

PROFESSIONAL

JOHN LITTLE,

Natural-born Clairvoyant and Psychometrist, will be in the city for a few days and can be consulted on all affairs of life; advice on business matters a specialty; satisfaction guaranteed or no pay. Hours, 10 to 5 daily. Evening circle meetings Wednesday and Friday. Those who are skeptical are invited to attend and investigate.

Rooms, No. 1300 Washington Ave.

DR. L. K. PALMER has removed his office to No. 4543 Easton av., opposite the Police Station. Office hours from 9 to 11 a. m. and from 3 to 5 p. m.; residence, cor. of Papin and Mafil av. 3654

DR. J. L. FITZPORTER—Offices Nos. 305 S. 14th st. and 327 S. 7th st. Female and chronic diseases specialties

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A small sorrel horse, about 14½ hands high, small lump on breast, small star in forehead, lately shod. Suitable reward will be given for his return to 3130 Brantner place. w39

LOST—White poodle, with collar and bell; finder will be suitably rewarded by returning to 1106½ Madison st.

LOST OR STOLEN—$10 reward will be paid for the return of my black and tan Gordon setter, or for information leading to his recovery. The dog is large, 18 months old, has a white spot on his breast and is untrained. Aug. Anheuser-Busch, at Anheuser-Busch Brewery. w30

LOST—$25 REWARD—Lost last Sunday, a diamond horseshoe scarf pin. Finder will receive $25 reward and no questions asked by returning to this office. f29

LOST—A lady's lace pin made with diamonds and pearls; liberal reward for same if returned to 6.9 Garrison av. w30

LOST—One pair of gold eye-glasses from Union Depot to 14th and Olive sts. cars to 23d st., thence south to 2685 Pine st. Suitable reward if returned to R. W. Crutenden, 1102 Washington av. w30

LOST—Pin for small house, between 6th and 3d sts., on Olive; finder return same to O'Connor & Harden, 615 Olive st. w30

LOST—A red Irish setter about nine months old, with Steedman on collar. 2801 Pine st.; reward if returned. w30

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

MADAME BLANK of New Orleans can be consulted at 1515 Pine st. in three different languages; reveals the deepest secrets, unveils the future, brings separated together, causes speedy marriages, stolen articles recovered; above guaranteed; only ladies admitted. s74

PERMANENTLY located, scalp and hair growing doctor. Dr. S. J. Williams, dermatologist; special Indian herb remedies for the growth of hair from the roots; dry, harsh hair and dandruff; a special remedy for cultivating hair to grow long and smooth; trial bottle 50c; Rheumatism Syrup $1. Agent, Mrs. S. Denham, 619 Lucas av., St. Louis, Mo. s74

MRS. ROSINE SABINE, the great fortune teller of New Orleans, is unsurpassed in telling the future, giving advice on matters of love, friendship, business and matrimony. Separated friends and lovers united. Hours, 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. 813 N. 16th st. m74

MRS. WILCUS, trance fortune-teller, 503 N. 13th st., bet. St. Charles and Washington avs., can be consulted on matters of love, business and matrimony; separated lovers brought together in nine days; ladies received only. s74

MRS. LANKTON, Indian fortune teller, 108 N. 13th st., between Chestnut and Pine sts. 74

CAST-OFF clothing bought by S. Barnett, 819 Locust st. Send postal card. 74

SELL your cast-off clothing to N. Jacobs. Address postal card, 918 Locust st. 74

BOARDING.

LYDIK, 4th and Morgan, frames pictures to order and recuts frames; prices the lowest. 118

711 N. JEFFERSON AV.—Nicely furnished room, with board; parties living in the neighborhood accommodated with good day board. w18

932 HICKORY ST.—One or 2 fur. rooms adjoining, 2d floor, with first-class board, for four; ref. ex. s18

1112 OLIVE ST.—Second-story front room nicely furnished; 3 single rooms with board at $4 per week; day board at $2 50; transients accommodated. w18

1114 PINE ST.—Ford House—Handsome front room; transients accommodated; day board $2 50 a week. f18

1511 CHESTNUT ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with good board, at $4 per week. s18

1700 CHESTNUT ST.—Furnished rooms with board; also a lady room-mate. w18

1705 PARK AV.—An elegant furnished room with or without board. 18

1714 CARR PLACE—Large, nicely furnished second-story front room with or without board, optional; no other boarders. w18

3003 CLARK AV.—Room and board, or rooms for light housekeeping. w18

3119 CHESTNUT ST.—One room nicely furnished with board. s18

A WIDOW of 30 has house nicely furnished, Stoddard Addition; would like to rent and take board, or would board gent and lady; reference. Ad. W 98, this office. w18

A YOUNG widow, with pretty home in West End, would like four gents to take two rooms and board at $20 each, where the pleasure of home and good table can be enjoyed. Ad. W 2, this office. w18

WANTED—A lady boarder at 3108 St. Charles st. w18

FOR RENT—Handsomely furnished or unfurnished second-story front room with first-class board; private family; near Grand and Easton avs.; $30 per month. Ad. M 1, this office. w18

FOR RENT—Four young men can get two nicely furnished rooms and board convenient to Union Depot; bath and all conveniences in house; references exchanged. Also stable for rent. Address P 4, this office. a18

MONEY to loan on clothing from $1 to $10,000, at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 18

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

LYDIK, 4th and Morgan, is selling pictures, frames, toilet cases, albums, etc., at greatly reduced prices.

5 N. EIGHTH ST.—Carleton House: furnished rooms $3 to $4 per week. w18

12 N. FOURTH ST.—People's House, opposite Court House, rooms elegantly furnished and well ventilated, $6 to $1 per day. Special rates by the week. J. Leland & Co. 14

21 S. SIXTEENTH ST.—2 fur. rooms for gents; southern exposure; bath and $10. s18

111 S. FIFTEENTH ST.—Two rooms completely furnished for housekeeping; also hall sleeping room. s18

112 S. FOURTEENTH ST.—Three rooms, suitable for light housekeeping. f18

205 CENTER ST.—Two rooms, kitchen and cellar. Apply as above, from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. f13

214 S. TWELFTH ST.—Newly furnished front room, convenient to cars, for man and lady or two gents; cheap to good party. w18

303 N. TWELFTH ST.—Nice front room; also one small room. w18

411 S. FOURTH ST.—Two furnished rooms for rent to gentlemen only. w18

611 N. TWENTY-THIRD ST.—Splendid suite of parlors, handsomely fur. and decorated; also, nicely fur. rooms on 2d and 3d floors. f13

808 S. EIGHTH ST.—Part or whole of 2d floor, for small family; water and bath. w18

900 PINE ST.—Southwest corner 9th—Furnished rooms for rent by day, week or month; terms moderate; also room for gents. s18

913 N. HIGH ST.—(old 18th)—One large furnished room, suitable for 2 or 3 gentlemen, or gentleman and wife; rent very reasonable. f13

1012 OLIVE ST.—Well furnished 3d story front; nor. and so. exposure very desirable room for two gents; private family. s18

1026 S. EIGHTH ST.—Four rooms on first floor; suitable for housekeeping; bath and laundry, with all conveniences. w18

1113 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished 3d story front and hall rooms; terms reasonable. a18

1205 WASHINGTON AV.—Furnished rooms; also rooms suitable for doctor or dentist. w18

1217 WASHINGTON AV.—Good rooms, furnished or unfurnished, for rooms or light house keeping in first-class shape; very reasonable. w18

1225 N. THIRTEENTH ST.—A nice person having one large hall-room furnished or unfurnished; very cheap; 2d floor. w18

1309 CARR ST.—Nicely fur. back parlor; suitable for 1 or 2 gents. a18

1322 GLASGOW AV.—A neatly furnished room, with fire and light, to gent and wife or two gentlemen; refs. req. w18

1421 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished 3d and 3d floor front rooms; so. exp.; all conveniences; private family. w18

1427 DODIER ST.—4 nice rooms, 1st floor, water in kitchen; $14 per month; no children. w18

1500 PINE ST.—Two handsome parlors, unfurnished; also 2 handsome 2d-story front rooms, elegantly furnished, with or without board. s18

1509 WASHINGTON AV.—Very desirable furnished rooms for rent at moderate rates; small room for single occupant; very choice for summer. s18

1512 WALNUT ST.—Furnished 3d-story front room and hall-room, and 4 unfurnished rooms on the first floor. a18

1512 LAFAYETTE AV.—Unfurnished lower half of house; all in perfect order; newly papered; laundry and bath. s18

1513 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely fur. 2d-story room for gent and wife or 2 gents; terms moderate. a18

1513 WALNUT ST.—Two very desirable rooms, unfurnished, for light housekeeping; bath and all conveniences; ref. ex. w13

1606 OLIVE ST.—Third-floor front room, furnished or unfurnished; also single room on 2d floor. f18

1618 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished front room; two exposures; all conveniences; private family; to gentlemen. s18

1622 PINE ST.—For rent, one furnished front parlor, first floor, with bath, and one small room. s18

1627 WASHINGTON AV.—Pleasant, well-furnished rooms; all conveniences; reasonable terms. s13

1627 WASHINGTON AV.—Very ple

PROPERTY OUT OF CITY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Or exchange, 360 acres timber land on railroad in Arkansas; cheap. Apply to Richards, 614 Pine st. s6

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Combined business and residence property, in one of the best towns in Kansas, or would trade for farm. Ad., S 97, this office. w4

BENTON STATION LOTS.

2,560 front feet in lots to suit, all ornamented with natural trees; streets dedicated; only 4 minutes, by plank walk from station; fare from Union Depot only 4 cents; 14 trains daily; 3 railroads; good schools, stores and churches; neighborhood unexcelled. In order to close out these lots by May 1, they will be sold at the extremely low price at from $2 to $5 per foot. For early selection apply to George W. Campbell, Benton, or 619 Chestnut street. s6

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At South Kirkwood, on the new 'Frisco Railway, a two-story frame house with store and six rooms; 1 acre ground fronting on east side of Denny Road; a splendid opportunity for a live business man to start a store, saloon or hotel; a bargain at the Land Title office of H. N. Sternberg, No. 6 N. 7th st. w3

FARMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—23-acre farm 100 yards from Glendale Station, on Missouri Pacific Railroad, 11 miles from city; 8-room house, stable, orchard, etc. Apply at Land Title Office, No. 6 N. 7th st. w33

EDUCATIONAL.

A LADY teacher with spare time desires one or two private scholars; English branches taught. Ad., E 5, this office. f29

PRIVATE lessons in French and German will be given by Miss Emma Hertz at 2612 S. Broadway; charges very reasonable. w29

MARTIN'S Shorthand and Type-writing College, 618 and 620 Olive st., established 1876. Trial free.

BARNES & HAYWARD'S Shorthand, Telegraph and Business College, 506 Olive st. 29

Dr. CLARKE

NO CURE! NO FEE!

811 Locust St., St. Louis, Mo. DR. CLARKE continues to treat with great skill all private, chronic, nervous, difficult and delicate diseases, both sexes. DR. CLARKE is the only physician in the city that cures or no fee. Consult DR. CLARKE before confiding your case elsewhere. Consultation free and strictly confidential, personally or by letter. CELEBRATED WORKS by mail two stamps; free office. Hours 9 to 8. Sundays 9 to 2. CALL or WRITE.

(Established 1851.)

F. D. CLARKE, M.D.,
811 Locust St., St. Louis, Mo.

DOCTOR WHITTIER

617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer located in this city than any other Physician of the kind, and those diseases than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all will vouch for.

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness; Mercurial and other Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones, Blood Poisoning, old Sores and Ulcers, are treated with unparalleled success, on latest scientific principles. Strictly private.

Diseases Arising from Indiscretion, Exposure or Indulgence, which produce some of the following effects: nervousness, debility, dimness of sight and defective memory, pimples on the face, aversion to society, self-distrust, loss of confidence, dullness of ideas, etc., rendering Marriage improper or unhappy, are permanently cured. Medicines for sale by mail or express, free to any address. Consultation at office or by mail free, and invited. A friendly call or his opinion costs nothing. Office hours, 9 a.m. to 8 p.m.

A Positive Written Guarantee

given in every curable case; where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicine can be sent by mail or express everywhere.

Pamphlets, English or German, 94 pages, describing above diseases, in sealed envelope, 10c.

Complications, difficult and severe cases, not cured elsewhere, especially invited to call.

MARRIAGE GUIDE,

260 Pages, Fine Plates.

Magnificent work and gifts binding, sealed for 50c. in postage or currency. A fifty cent book and picture. Nothing like it ever issued. Contains a full and complete medical history, true to life; articles on the following subjects: who may marry, who may not, and why; manhood, womanhood, physiology of sexual life and causes, how life and happiness may be increased, the physiology of reproduction, and many other matters of importance and valuable information. Should be read by all adult persons, then kept under lock and key. Popular edition, same, paper cover, 25c.

WYMAN'S TRANS-ATLANTIC

PARCEL DELIVERY.

The only organization that provides for the transportation of minor packages of every description from all parts of Europe to St. Louis and the West, without detention, examination or expense at the Sea Port. For full particulars and directions inquire of, or address

CHAS. H. WYMAN, 904 Olive st., St. Louis, Mo

THIS IS THE GENUINE!

SOLD ONLY IN BOTTLES WITH BUFF WRAPPERS. SEE THAT STRIP OVER CORK IS UNBROKEN.

Cut this out and send it to your druggist. Refuse any adulterated substitute as you would counterfeit money. For 40 years its healing fame has spread over Europe and America. Doctors prescribe it. All respectable druggists keep it, and recommend it. Thousands of families use it, and would not be without it.

Our trade-mark around every bottle. In sickness

Every Drop is Worth its Weight in Gold!

It subdues and heals all kinds of inflammation. CATARRH, COLDS, DIARRHŒA, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, has cured more cases than anything ever prescribed. DIPHTHERIA, SORE THROAT, use it promptly, delay is dangerous. PILES, BLIND, BLEEDING OR ITCHING, ULCERS, OLD OR NEW WOUNDS, BRUISES, BURNS, TOOTHACHE, EARACHE, SORE EYES, SCALDS, SPRAINS, the greatest known remedy.

Contains HEMORRHAGES, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, BLEEDING Nose, Mouth, Stomach, Lungs, or from any cause, stopped as by a charm. It is called the WONDER OF HEALING. Used EXTERNALLY & INTERNALLY. We have an avalanche of testimonials. Send for our book (Mailed free), it will tell you all about it.

IT IS UNSAFE TO USE ANY PREPARATION EXCEPT THE Genuine WITH OUR DIRECTIONS. Prices 50c, $1, $1 75.

POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Av., New York

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, lost manhood, etc. I will send you a valuable treatise upon the above disease, also directions for self-cure, free of charge. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

NEW LAWS.

Bills Passed by Both Branches of the State Legislature

And Signed by the Governor—The Legislative Work of the Session of the Missouri Assembly—What Our State Solons Have Done.

The following bills have passed both branches of the General Assembly and been signed by the Governor:

An act amending section 1,150, article 4, chapter 23, changing term of Circuit Court in Fifteenth Judicial Circuit.

Act providing for organization of Kansas City Court of Appeals.

Act amending sections 4,190, 4,191, 4,192 and 4,193, chapter 79, of banking, permitting loaning of foreign capital.

Act amending section 7,150, chapter 150, changing date of settlement of treasurer Board of Education from April 20 to July 15.

Act amending section 7,132, chapter 150, changing date of settlement of county or township treasurers from April 20 to July 15.

Act amending chapter 140, relating to duties of superintendent of poor houses; bond, etc.

Act changing the time of holding Circuit Court of Scotland County.

Act amending section 650, relating to summary proceedings against constables and service of process by sheriff.

Act changing the term of the Circuit Court of the Tenth Judicial Circuit.

Act amending section 1,227, article 7, chapter 34. Disturbing peace of family.

Act amending act prescribing selection of grand jurors in cities of over 300,000 inhabitants.

Act changing the term of the Circuit Court in the Twenty-third Judicial Circuit.

Act providing for the holding of four terms of the Randolph County Probate Court at Moberly.

Acts of like tenor relating to Circuit and County Courts.

Act limiting the use of oleomargarine by innkeepers.

Act repealing section 1 of act of March 16, 1883, amending section 7,046 "of schools," and enacting a new section in lieu thereof. Prohibits a member of the school board from being teacher.

Act amending section 5,968, article 2, relating to valuation of life insurance policies.

Act amending section 3,176, relating to mechanics' liens, fixing sixty days as period within which to file with Circuit Clerk.

Act amending sections 7,122 and 7,123, relating to apportionment of school funds.

Act repealing section 7,073, article 1, chapter 150, relating to school money; how applied.

Act providing for the certification and transfer of cause pending in St. Louis Court of Appeals to Supreme Court.

Act amending section 229, article 10, of administrations. Commissions of surviving partner as administrator fixed at 2 per cent.

Act amending article 11, chapter 1, relating to distribution of estate.

Act amending section 354, relating to voluntary assignments; preferred debts void and all debts payable pro rata.

Act changing time of Nineteenth Judicial Circuit.

Act amending section 1,219, authorizing County Courts to loan money; restrictions and limitations.

Act amending section 2,330, relating to garnishments; answers of corporation.

Act construing section 3,126 as amended by act of March 15, 1883.

Act amending chapter 59, article 8, relating to abatement and revival of suits.

Act amending sections 5,838, 5,839, 5,845, 5,851 and 5,852, relating to inspections of petroleum.

Act amending section 7,085, relating to newly created districts; children to attend school in original district.

Act amending sections 7,087, 7,088, 7,089, relating to text books.

Act providing for seating of females by employers.

Act authorizing cities and towns over 20,000 and under 250,000 to extend limits, create roads and take census.

Act relating to cities of second class; limits may may be extended by ordinance.

Act adding Crawford County to Twenty-second Senatorial District.

Act amending article 5, chapter 80, relating to police regulations of cities of fourth class.

Act changing term of Twenty-fifth Circuit Court.

Act repealing section 6,693, chapter 149, requiring Assessors to enter upon discharge of duties June 1, after election.

Act amending act March 26, section 4,175, chapter 78, relating to sale of property at auction.

Act repealing act of March 10 and authorizing erection of County Courts and jails elsewhere than at county seats.

Act relating to assessment of railroads for erection of public buildings; taxes to be ascertained and levied by County Court

CITY ITEMS.

D. CRAWFORD & Co. are yet daily in receipt of large lines of new spring silks in all the new makes, and in all the latest novelties, the purchases of their silk buyer still in the East. D. C. & Co. guarantee their prices on silks to be much the lowest in the city.

DR. HENRY FISHER, Dentist, has removed his office to Hotel Beers, Grand avenue and Olive street.

'TIS vain to seek a powder that defies detection; but use Pozzoni's to improve the complexion.

DR. E. C. Chase,
522 Olive street. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles street, cures diseases of indiscretion, excesses, indulgencies. Call or write

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Wm. H. McCann, Fort Smith; James W. Livingston, Windsor, Mo.; J. G. Atwood, New York; Virgil Wise, Denver, Col.; B. Unsell, Colorado, Kansas, and Mrs. Stafford and party, Virden, Ill., are at Hurst's.

W. M. Watkins, Searcy, Ark.; D. D. Carnell, Boonville, Mo.; C. C. Perkins, Wesson, Miss.; V. L. Polson, Fredonia, Kan.; J. T. Fowler, Russellville, Ark., and James Dodson, Imboden, Ark., are at the Hotel Barnum.

Louis H. Gracesle and wife, Cape Girardeau, Mo.; J. O. Sloan, Cincinnati, Ohio; J. O. Kirkpatrick, Murphysboro, Tenn.; M. E. Henke, Milwaukee, Wis.; Wm. Gaguey, Bay City, Mich., and D. A. Sharp, Silver City, are at the Everett.

A. Fisher, Evanston; O. P. Adams and Richard Metcalfe, Poplar Bluff; E. R. Lampkin, Rich Hill, Mo.; M. S. Tatum, Greenwood, Ark.; R. H. Rose, Carthage; John Cross, Little Rock; C. C. Ellison, Terre Haute, and L. G. Evans, Milwaukee, are at the Laclede.

J. B. Chopline, Texarkana; F. W. Wilson, Columbus; Mrs. T. J. Henderson, Muncie, Ind.; T. D. and H. T. Morris, Portland, Me.; W. T. Hunter, Potosi; Wm. H. Hartman, Chicago; Gen. L. Hector, Nashville; H. Jennings, and M. D. Johnson, Malvern, are at Barnum's.

Henry Strother, Marshall, Mo.; S. Bagman, Omaha, Neb.; O. M. Wallace and wife, Newport, Ark.; O. E. Richardson, Quincy, Ill.; M. A. Hayward, Kansas City, Mo.; H. S. Dickinson, Rockford, Ill., and G. A. Lewis, Leavenworth, Kansas, are at the Planters'.

W. C. Brockman, Tipton, Mo.; John T. Harrison, O. G. Townsend and Robert Cunningham, Davenport, Iowa.; James Sheppard and wife and George Shepard, Racine, Wis.; M. Myers, New York; A. H. Kessler, Parsons, Kan.; G. A. Bailey and F. Farrell, New York, are at the St. James.

D. F. Kemp, Buffalo, N. Y.; C. F. Weller, Quincy, Ill.; T. H. Winterbower, Overton, Mo.; W. B. Wilson, Philadelphia; Sam L. Mather, Cleveland, Ohio; J. H. Andrews and family, Chicago; F. L. Carrow and A. D. Gramin, New York; Ben Liebes, San Francisco, and S. W. Morgan, Indianapolis, are at the Southern.

J. D. Beardsley, Arkansas; G. B. Edwards, San Francisco; G. W. Waters, Albert Lewis, S. Irwin, New York; U. F. Van Winkle and S. Herschfelden, Chicago; Geo. G. Cruikenden, New Haven; E. Leger, Paris; L. P. Stone, Philadelphia, and A. Fuller, Fort Smith, Ark., are at the Lindell.

E. Scott and S. H. Wade, Burdett, Mo.; V. C. Strickland, Appleton City, Mo.; F. W. Hill and party, Bonne Terre, Mo.; E. H. Ashworth, Jackson, Tenn.; Mrs. A. H. Meredith, Philadelphia; D. A. and H. Burgett, Lewiston, Ill.; Geo. H. Wilson and wife, New York, and Dr. M. J. Young and J. H. Bartle, St. Clair, Mo., are at Hotel Hunt.

"Shoot Polly as she Flies," —*Pop.*

was the way it appeared in the proof-slip. The argus-eyed proof-reader, however, knew the quotation intended and changed it to read: "Shoot Polly as she flies."—*Pops.* Of course it was an error, yet how many are daily committing much graver errors by allowing the first symptoms of consumption to go unheeded. If afflicted with loss of appetite, chilly sensations, or hacking cough, it is suicidal to delay a single moment the use of Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery."—he great and only reliable remedy yet known for this terribly fatal malady. Send two letter stamps for Dr. Pierce's complete treatise on this disease. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Pure Water.

Absolutely pure water can be obtained by the use of Stevens' Filter. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

SIMMONS HARDWARE COMPANY,
Sole Agents.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Boers seized a British surveying party sent to Bechuanaland.

April 1, Bismarck's birthday, will be observed as a holiday in Germany.

The scrutin de liste election bill was adopted by the French Parliament.

Prussia has restored the family estates to the Duke of Augustenburg.

A bill is in the British Commons providing for compulsory education in Ireland.

Amos Bittner of Farming, Minn., shot and killed his half-brother during a quarrel.

A professorship in Oxford is suggested for Minister Lowell by his English friends.

The Egyptian loan of $45,000,000 will be issued in London, Paris and Berlin at 3 per cent.

The recall of Gen. McNeil from the Suakim expedition is demanded by dissatisfied Tories.

The steamer City of Para is held in quarantine at New York, with two cases of yellow fever aboard.

Osman Digna devotes considerable attention to cutting off provisions and water from the British army.

Gen. Gordon's diaries have arrived in London. He desires them to be carefully pruned before publication.

Gen. Graham will not attack Osman Digna until Friday, the advance being delayed by the scarcity of camels.

The feeling for and against the Prince of Wales is waxing warmer in Ireland as the date of his visit draws near.

The announcement of the forfeiture of the Texas Pacific lands in Arizona caused a wild rush to the Land Offices.

The Indians in the Winnebago Reservation near Pierre, Dakota, have commenced hostilities on the natives, and trouble is anticipated.

John Lapham, a farmer, living near Leavenworth, Kan., drank a solution of cyanide of potassium by mistake and died in forty minutes.

Deputy-Sheriff John A. Culp and Rush Meadows of Gainesville, Texas, were shot and killed in the Indian Nation by a negro named Glass, whom they attempted to capture.

On Tuesday's session of the Vienna Parliament anti-semites raised the cry, "Down with the Jews," which precipitated a disturbance that ended the session in wild disorder.

The Kansas Conference of the Evangelical Association met near Atchison, Kan., issued a number of orders, and passed resolutions against obscene literature and skating rinks.

As a result of the conference between Earl Dufferin, Viceroy, and Gen. Stewart, commander-in-chief of the forces in India, two army corps of 25,000 men will be mobilized and sent to Pahan. Dufferin and Stewart go at once to Rawal Pindi.

Taxes—Important.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, ST. LOUIS, March 21, 1885.—Delinquent taxes can now be paid. Additional penalty, April 1.

N. C. HUDSON, Collector.

IMPORTED and "Our Own" make saddles.
J. B. SICKLES SADDLERY Co.,
1102 Washington avenue.

Alton Atoms.

ALTON, ILL., March 25.—A large element in the Democratic party here is in favor of party nominations for township officers, while an equally large one is opposed to any convention.

Sanitary measures are now being enforced in various parts of the city owing to the presence of small-pox in the State and the fear of a cholera visitation.

Mayor Herb will issue a call for an extra meeting of the City Council to-meet one day this week to wind up the business of the current fiscal year.

After an extension of fifteen days of grace the Alton tax-books are to be taken to the County Treasurer's office to-day.

The Spread Eagle is being repainted and refitted for the season's navigation. The Bald Eagle has temporarily taken her place in the St. Louis, Alton and Grafton trade.

CLEANLINESS and purity make Parker's Hair Balsam the favorite for restoring color to gray hair. If you are sick and would get well use Parker's Tonic.

We have received our spring stock of suitings and still make a specialty of $5 pants to order.

J. H. DEPREZ & CO.,
817 Locust, opposite Custom House.

AN IRON EYE-SOCKET.

The Section of a Bomb Shell Taken from Charles Commendera's Head.

A communication in the POST-DISPATCH of Monday, referring to the proposed plan of having assistant superintendents at the City Hospital to oversee the work of the young graduates selected as aids at the institution, stated that the case of blundering which has been charged against an assistant physician was misrepresented in that the piece of iron described as being "as large a common, sized ink-stand," had been left in a wound made by the bursting of a bomb-shell. He stated that the piece of iron was a "little bit of metal" so deeply imbedded in the man's eye that it defied the search of one of the ablest physicians in the city. The case mentioned was that of Charles Commendera, the engineer of the Pulsifer Lead and Oil Works, the full particulars of whose injury have already been published, and a POST-DISPATCH reporter started out for the purpose of investigating the truth or falsity of the charge. The physician who succeeded in taking the piece of iron from the wound was Dr. A. C. Bernays, who had been called in to treat the case by the family after Commendera had been removed from the Hospital to his home at 3313 Second Carondelet avenue. The accident occurred twenty-six days ago, and the wounded man lay at the Hospital for twelve days hovering between life and death before he was removed. Dr. Bernays had in his possession the little bit of metal which he had taken from the wound, and, at the request of the reporter, described how it was situated. The following cut is a full-sized sketch of the piece of iron which has caused the discussion:

It is a section of an ordinary bomb-shell three-eighths of an inch in thickness, and by actual measurement 2¼ inches long by 1⅝ inches wide. It had evidently passed into the eye-socket edgewise and had turned, and when found was lying nearly parallel with the plane of the face, with the concavity toward the front, so that when the surgeon's finger was thrust into the wound it was stopped by the metal, and might easily have been mistaken by an inexperienced person for the rear wall of the orbit. The eyeball had been forced in back of the metal and an extremity of the piece was situated in the frontal sinus, while the farthest extremity had entered the head of the pharynx; one side was in the nose and the other had broken away the cheek bone to the point of the jawbone. Over seventy-five bits of broken bone were picked out of the wound after the removal of the piece of iron. One singular feature of the case is that now, when a stream of water is injected into the eye cavity, it penetrates through to the throat, one of the first instances, Dr. Bernays says, that has come within his knowledge or experience. In speaking of the measure now before the Municipal Assembly to have assistants appointed at the City Hospital, Dr. Bernays said he was in favor of it, but he also favored a further change, which is to hold each physician responsible for his treatment of his own cases, and reserve Dr. Dean of the responsibility for other physicians' work. He thought Dr. Dean had plenty to attend to in the management of the institution.

OUR "Challenge" Buggy Harness, price $16.
J. B. SICKLES SADDLERY Co.,
1102 Washington avenue.

WE are selling fine mantel clocks for little money.
HESS & CULBERTSON,
22 N. Fourth st.

KILLED BY A DRUNKARD.

Striking Coal Heavers—Cattlemen Called in Convention—Missouri Matters.

JAMESPORT, March 25.—John Massingill was fatally stabbed yesterday evening by Noah Coy, who had been drinking somewhat. Coy was promptly arrested.

MONTGOMERY, March 25.—The coal heavers of the Wabash Railway have struck for an increase of wages from $1 15 to $1·25 per day.

LOUISIANA, March 25.—The wheat prospects in this vicinity are quite gloomy and a great many fields will be turned over and planted in corn.

FULTON, March 25.—A committee has issued a circular to cattlemen throughout the State calling a convention to be held here the 31st inst., to institute means for the prompt suppression of pleuro-pneumonia wherever found.

RICHMOND, March 25.—Alonzo Meyers, about 24 years old, is under arrest for horse stealing.

BOONEVILLE, March 25.—Ben. E. Nance, a wealthy stock-dealer was shot yesterday, and seriously wounded by Bea Swinney, an employe. Swinney has fled the country.

POPLAR BLUFF, March 25.—The residence of John Porter burned last night. Loss, $1,300; no insurance.

TAILOR-MADE CLOTHING FOR SALE.

Not made in Eastern factories, but by custom tailors during the dull season of the year.

MILLS & AVERILL,
S. E. Cor. Broadway and Pine.

A SCHOOL GIRL'S SUICIDE.

The Winter Wheat Crop Killed—A Villainous Tramp—Illinois Items.

CHICAGO, March 25.—Carter H. Harrison has been unanimously nominated for Mayor. Miss Ellison, a school girl 16 years of age, took strychnine yesterday because she could not keep up in her studies.

BUNKER HILL, March 25.—Farmers report that from one-half to two-thirds of the wheat crop is winter killed. Many of the fields will be turned under for corn lands.

ROCKFORD, March 25.—Herbert Tesker, a tramp, has been arrested for setting fire to the barn of R. S. Doolittle. The loss in building, cattle and grain amounts to $3,500; no insurance.

PULASKI, March 25.—The negro Dawson, who whipped his step-son to death, was captured yesterday at DuQuoin, Ill.

CAIRO, March 25.—At Wolf Island last night G. W. Mayo, alias Williams, entered the house of Robert Calhoun and, with drawn revolver, robbed him of $150 cash. He escaped arrest.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall st., N. Y.

OPENING OF THE SPRING CAMPAIGN

AT

"FAMOUS!"

FIRST GUN OF THE SEASON!

A solid acre of Clothing for Men and Boys, exhibited in the Largest Single Salesroom, unbroken by wall or partition, in the World--room enough for the three largest clothing concerns in the city, and something left to spare; but every inch of this enormous space is filled up with a magnificent stock of

FAMOUS' SPRING SUITS

And General Clothing Supplies for GENTS, YOUTHS, BOYS and CHILDREN. Every Garment Guaranteed the BEST VALUE for the Money Obtainable! We offer you, apart from Our Regular Stock, a Spring Leader from each one of

OUR 6 GREAT STORES

AS A SAMPLE OF WHAT WE CAN DO AT

HEADQUARTERS!

GENTS' & YOUTHS' SUITS.

In our Men's and Youth's Clothing Department we place on Sale **2,500 STYLISH SPRING SUITS,** comprising some Fifty Distinct Lines, manufactured from handsomely selected All-wool Cassimeres and Cheviots, including all the popular shades and mixtures of the Season. Among them 300 Middlesex Full Indigo Dye Blue Flannel Suits. This magnificent assortment of Suits, which are superior to any $10 Suits in the market, will be offered as OUR FIRST GREAT BARGAIN IN CLOTHING, for - - - - - - - - - - **$7.65**

We will display a full sample line of each style of our great $7 65 Suits in one of our large show-windows; in two other windows will be shown a complete assortment of Stylish Spring Suits for Gents and Youths, ranging from $10 to $35 per suit, and embracing all the elegant and desirable styles of the season, and in still another window will be exhibited a magnificent assortment of Boys and Children's Suits, exposing all the latest and most approved novelties.

CHILDREN'S SUITS, 4 to 12 Years: Our Opening Specimen Bargains for Children will be 1,200 All-Wool Assorted Cheviot and Cassimere Suits, in nobby Spring Styles and Patterns, pleated, plain and all desirable styles. These are $5 Suits, on which our opening spring price will be - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - **$3.50**

THE BOSS! Our next item for children will be 1,000 Strictly All-Wool Cheviot and Cassimere Suits in a striking variety of handome and attractive styles and mixtures. On these Suits we claim unusual good value and will place them against any $7 Suit offered in the West. They fit Boys 4 to 12 years, and our opening spring price will be - - - - **$4.85**

STILL ANOTHER GOOD ONE! BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS (Long Pants, 10 to 12 years): We will open the season with 1,300 Boys' School Suits, in handsome Union Cheviots and Cassimeres, desirable, well made and strong, and made up with a special view to durability and lasting qualities. These are the suits that competing houses will offer for $5 as a bargain; our opening price will be - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - **$3.35**
We show over one hundred styles in School Suits alone.

ANOTHER STRAW ON THE CAMEL'S BACK! For Boys, aged 13 to 17 years, we will offer two special lines of Union and All-Wool Cassimere and Cheviot Suits in a variety of attractive spring styles and patterns, upon which we claim a valuation of $7 50 per suit. They are made from selected woolens, and will be offered as a Grand Spring Opening Bargain at - - - - - - - - - - - - - - **$5.00**

IN ADDITION to the above we will place on sale 500 substantial Union Cassimere and Cheviot Suits for Boys 13 to 17 years, of an extra good quality and well worth $6. We will offer these prime Suits at - - - - - - - - - - **$3.65**
We are Pioneer Dealers and acknowledged Headquarters in Boys' Suits and General Furnishing Supplies Competition has never yet reached "FAMOUS" prices.

OPENING SPRING BARGAINS IN SHOES!

FOR LADIES, GENTS, BOYS AND CHILDREN.

- Ladies' fine Curacoa Kid Button Boots, mat kid tops and elegantly finished, five different styles of last and any shape of heel and toe desired; widths A, B, C, D, E and F. This shoe will cost you $3 50 outside of "Famous;" our opening spring price **$2.45**
- Ladies' best Oil grain city-made Button Boots, English toe and worked button holes, regular sizes. This shoe is worth $2; our opening spring price **$1.55**
- Misses' best city-made Oil Goat Button Boots, worked button holes, nicely finished and equal to any $2 shoe in the market, sizes regular; our opening spring price .. **$1.45**
- 16 STYLES in GENTS' SHOES for $2 85, being an exact reproduction in shape and finish to the finest made. These goods are American Calf and best buff work, and equal to any $5 shoe in the market. They will be sold by retailers at $4; our opening spring price **$2.85**
- Gents' Embroidered Slippers—We will offer 20 cases Gents' handsome Embroidered Slippers, regular sizes, on Monday morning. These goods are opera cut and worth $1 50; our opening spring price **75c**
- SPRING STYLES AND SHAPES—Gents, don't fail to see our new line of fine French Calf sewed Shoes at $4. We have just opened an entirely new assortment in Button, Bals. and Congress, showing ten different styles. These choice goods are equal in all respects to Shoes sold elsewhere at $5 and $6; our opening spring price **$4.00**
- Youths' Best Oil Grain and Calf Button city-made Shoes, solid leather and splendid wear, sizes 11 to 13½; a guaranteed $2.00 Shoe which we will sell at **$1.45**
- 22 cases Children's best Oil Pebble School Shoes, solid leather throughout, have wide extension soles, with or without tips; sizes running 4, 5, 6 and 7; would be a cheap shoe at $1 25; our opening spring price **65c**
- SPECIAL SPRING DRIVE—Will offer a few cases Children's Kid Button Spring-heel Shoes, sizes 4 to 8, which would be cheap at $1 00; our spring opening price **50c**
- We are the largest handlers of fashionable Footwear at retail in the West, and guarantee at all times the greatest variety and lowest prices.

A SPRING EYE-OPENER IN HATS

- 60 doz. Gents' and Young Men's Black Stiff Hats, the best styles of the season, in four different shapes of crown and rim. These goods will cost you $2 50 to $2 75 anywhere outside of Famous; our opening spring price **$1 95**
- We have recently closed a sample lot of 70 dozen fine Soft Fur Hats, in medium, high and low crown, all nobby shapes and the latest styles; they are regular $3 50 and $3 goods; our opening spring price **$1 85**
- A CHANCE FOR THE BOYS—We will offer 50 doz. Boys' Polo Caps, in over 100 different patterns, at an extremely low figure. These are 50c goods; our opening spring price **25c**
- 49 dozen Boys' Low Crown Turban-shape Soft Hats; a 75c Hat for **50c**
- LADIES AND GENTS—We are showing an elegant line of Roller Skating Caps in Corded Silks and Cassimeres, at ..... **50c, 75c and $1 00**

The above are only "sample blocks" from our Immense Spring Stock of Modern Headwear.

SPRING STARTERS IN FURNISHING GOODS.

We are the Jumbo Dealers in these goods in the City, and undersell all competition. The following four lines are staples which we would like to have you price elsewhere and then examine at "Famous."

- 1,500 doz. Gents' Unlaundered Shirts; made up of Utica Nonpareil Cotton, 1,900 fine, re-enforced linen bosom, splendidly made and a perfect fit, worth $1 all over the world; our opening spring price **65c**
- 1,000 doz. Gents' New Silk Scarfs, latest spring styles, at **35c**
- 500 dozen Gents' Genuine Jacquard web fancy embroidered Suspenders, in new styles, fresh from the factory and worth 50c to 75c a pair; our opening spring price **25c**
- MOTHERS, ATTENTION! 400 dozen celebrated Star Shirt Waists, new spring styles, in all the latest French patterns of 1885; our opening spring price will be **95c**

Our stock in all Departments is now complete, and is the largest we have ever opened a season with. We are showing thousands of styles in CLOTHING, SHOES, HATS and FURNISHINGS of our own exclusive designs, which we offer the public at a saving price under any similar lines of goods offered by competing houses. We are strictly WESTERN HEADQUARTERS for everything in our line. Our roof covering six complete stores, which, taken as a whole, make the largest Outfitting Establishment in the World.

We are now ready for Spring Business, and invite your attention to our Magnificent Stock of Outfittings.

"FAMOUS," BROADWAY AND MORGAN.